Troubleshoot COS APs

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Introduction

This document describes some of the troubleshooting tools available for Cheatah OS APs (aka COS APs).

Prerequisites

Requirements

There are no specific requirements for this document.

Components Used

This document focuses on COS APs like APs models of the series 2800, 3800, 1560 and 4800, as well as new 11ax APs Catalyst 91xx.

This document focuses on many features available in AireOS 8.8 and later. And also Cisco IOS® XE 16.2.2s and later.

There can be comments about availability of certain features in prior releases.

The information in this document was created from the devices in a specific lab environment. All of the devices used in this document started with a cleared (default) configuration. If your network is live, ensure that you understand the potential impact of any command.

Capture Packet Traces (Sniffer Traces)

Wired PCAP on AP Port

It is possible (as of 8.7 with the filter available in 8.8) to take a pcap on the AP ethernet port. You can either display the result live on the CLI (with only summarized packet details) or save it as a full pcap in the AP flash.

The wired pcap captures everything on the ethernet side (both Rx/Tx) and the tap point inside the AP is imediately before the packet is put on wire.

However, it only captures AP CPU-plane traffic, which means traffic to and from the AP (AP DHCP, AP capwap control tunnel, ...) and does not show client traffic.

Note that the size is very limited (Max size limit of 5MB), so it can be required to configure filters to capture only the traffic you are interested in.

Ensure to stop the traffic capture with "no debug traffic wired ip capture" or simply "undebug all" before you try to copy it (otherwise the copy does not end as packets are still written).

Procedure

Step 1. Start the pcap; select the traffic type with "debug traffic wired ip captureâ�:

<#root>

AP70DB.98E1.3DEC#debug traffic wired ip capture
% Writing packets to "/tmp/pcap/

AP70DB.98E1.3DEC_capture.pcap0"

AP70DB.98E1.3DEC#reading from file /dev/click_wired_log, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet)

Step 2. Wait for the traffic to flow and then Stop the capture with the command "no debug traffic wired ip capture" or simply "undebug all":

AP70DB.98E1.3DEC#no debug traffic wired ip capture

Step 3. Copy the file to tftp/scp server:

Step 4. Now you can open the file in wireshark. The file is pcap0. Change to pcap so that it automatically associates with wireshark.

Command Options

The debug traffic wired command has several options that can help you to capture specific traffic:

```
APC4F7.D54C.E77C#debug traffic wired
<0-3> wired debug interface number
filter filter packets with tcpdump filter string
ip Enable wired ip traffic dump
tcp Enable wired tcp traffic dump
udp Enable wired udp traffic dum
```

You can add "verbose" at the end of the debug command to see the hex dump of the packet. Be aware that this can overwhelm your CLI session very quickly if your filter is not narrow enough.

Wired PCAP through the use of Filter

The filter format corresponds with tcpdump capture filter format.

	Filter Example	Description
	"host 192.168.2.5â €	This filters the packet capture to only gather packets which go to or come from the host 192.168.2.5.
Host	"src host 192.168.2.5â €€	This filters the packet capture to only gather packets that come from 192.168.2.5.
â€	"dst host 192.168.2.5"	This filters the packet capture to only gather packets which go to 192.168.2.5.

Port	"port 443â €©	This filters the packet capture to only gather packets with a source or destination of port 443.
	"src port 1055â €∳	This captures traffic which is sourced from port 1055.
	"dst port 443â €	This captures traffic destined for port 443.

Here is an example where the output displays on the console but also filtered to only see CAPWAP data packets:

```
APC4F7.D54C.E77C#debug traffic wired filter "port 5246"
APC4F7.D54C.E77C#reading from file /dev/click_wired_log, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet)
12:20:50.483125 IP APC4F7-D54C-E77C.lan.5264 > 192.168.1.15.5246: UDP, length 81
12:20:50.484361 IP 192.168.1.15.5246 > APC4F7-D54C-E77C.lan.5264: UDP, length 97
APC4F7.D54C.E77C#no debug traffic wired filter "port 5246"
APC4F7.D54C.E77C#Killed
APC4F7.D54C.E77C#
```

Example of output on File:

To open the capture on wireshark:

APC4F	7.D54C.E77C_capture.pcap0		
File Edit	View Go Capture Apalure Statist	ics Telephony Wireless Tools Help	
rife cuit	view do capture Analyze statist	to reephony mineress roots mep	
▲ ■ 近	◎ ☐ ☐ X ⊆ Q ⊕ ⊕ ≅	🤋 🕭 📑 વે વે લે 📅	
Apply a d	isplay filter <ctrl-></ctrl->		
No. D	Velta Source	Destination	Lengt Info
- 1	0.000000 192.168.1.82	192.168.1.15	651 Application Data
2	0.001525 192.168.1.15	192.168.1.82	123 Application Data
3	0.601152 192.168.1.4	255.255.255.255	305 CAPWAP-Control - Primary Discovery Request[Malformed Packet]
4	9.638243 192.168.1.82	192.168.1.15	987 Application Data
5	0.001627 192.168.1.15	192.168.1.82	123 Application Data
6	0.010493 192.168.1.82	192.168.1.15	171 Application Data
7	0.001007 192.168.1.15	192.168.1.82	123 Application Data
8	0.000287 192.168.1.82	192.168.1.15	187 Application Data
9	0.000810 192.168.1.15	192.168.1.82	123 Application Data
10 2	8.344341 192.168.1.82	192.168.1.15	123 Application Data
11	0.001214 192.168.1.15	192.168.1.82	139 Application Data
12 2	1.065522 192.168.1.82	192.168.1.15	651 Application Data
- 13	0.001215 192.168.1.15	192.168.1.82	123 Application Data
> Frame	1: 651 bytes on wire (5208 bits),	651 bytes captured (5208 bits)	
> Ethern	et II, Src: Cisco_4c:e7:7c (c4:f7	:d5:4c:e7:7c), Dst: Cisco_1c:d2:ff	(00:1e:bd:1c:d2:ff)
> Intern	et Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.1	58.1.82, Dst: 192.168.1.15	
> User D	atagram Protocol, Src Port: 5264,	Dst Port: 5246	
Contro	1 And Provisioning of Wireless Ac	cess Points - Control	
Datagr	am Transport Layer Security		

Radio Capture

It is possible to enable the capture of packets on the control-plane of the radio. Due to performance impact, it is not possible to capture on the radio dataplane.

This means that the client association flow (probes, authentication, association, eap, arp, dhcp packets as well as ipv6 control packets, icmp and ndp) is visible but not the data the client passes after the move to the connected state.

Procedure

Step 1. Add the tracked client mac address. Several mac addresses can be added. It is also possible to run the command for all clients but this is not recommended.

```
config ap client-trace address add < client-mac> --- Per client debugging. Allows multiple macs.
config ap client-trace all-clients <enable | disable> -- All clients debugging. Not recommended.
```

Step 2. Set a filter to only log specific protocols or all supported protocols:

config ap client-trace filter <all|arp|assoc|auth|dhcp|eap|icmp|ipv6|ndp|probe> <enable|disable>

Step 3. Chose to display the output on console (asynchronously):

Step 4. Start the trace.

config ap client-trace start

Example:

<#root> AP0CD0.F894.46E4#show dot11 clients Total dot11 clients: 1 Client MAC Slot ID WLAN ID AID WLAN Name RSSI Maxrate WGB A8:DB:03:08:4C:4A 0 1 1 testewlcwlan -41 MCS92SS No AP0CD0.F894.46E4#config ap client-trace address add A8:DB:03:08:4C:4A AP0CD0.F894.46E4#config ap client-trace filter all Trace ALL filters Trace arp Packets arp assoc Trace assoc Packets Trace auth Packets auth dhcp Trace dhcp Packets Trace eap Packets eap icmp Trace icmp Packets Trace IPv6 Packets ipv6 Trace ndp Packets ndp probe Trace probe Packets AP0CD0.F894.46E4#config ap client-trace filter all enable AP0CD0.F894.46E4#configure ap client-trace output console-log enable AP0CD0.F894.46E4#configure ap client-trace start AP0CD0.F894.46E4#term mon

To stop the capture:

```
configure ap client-trace stop
configure ap client-trace clear
configure ap client-trace address clear
```

Verify

Verify Client Trace:

<#root>

AP70DB.98E1.3DEC#

show ap client-trace status

Client Trace Status : Started Client Trace ALL Clients : disable Client Trace Address : a8:db:03:08:4c:4a Remote/Dump Client Trace Address : a8:db:03:08:4c:4a Client Trace Filter : probe Client Trace Filter : auth Client Trace Filter : assoc Client Trace Filter : eap Client Trace Filter : dhcp Client Trace Filter : dhcp Client Trace Filter : icmpv6 Client Trace Filter : icmpv6 Client Trace Filter : arp Client Trace Filter : arp Client Trace Output : eventbuf Client Trace Output : eventbuf Client Trace Output : dump Client Trace Output : remote Remote trace IP : 192.168.1.100 Remote trace dest port : 5688 NOTE - Only VIP packets are seen on remote if VIP is enabled Dump packet length : 10 Client Trace Inline Monitor pkt-attach : disable

Example of a successful client connection:



The letters between brackets help you understand where that frame was seen (E for Ethernet, W for Wireless, C for the Click module when it is internal to the AP) and in which direction (Upload or Download).

Here is a small table of the meaning of those letters:

- U uplink packet(from client)
- D downlink packet(to click)
- W module wireless driver
- E module Ethernet driver
- C module Click

Other Options

View Log asyncronously:

The logs can then be consulted with the command: "**show ap client-trace events mac xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:**" (or replace the mac with "all")

<#root>

AP0CD0.F894.46E4#

show ap client-trace events mac a8:db:03:08:4c:4a

[*04/06/2020 1	10:11:54.287675]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr1v1></apr1v1>	[U:W]	DOT11_AUTHENTICATION
[*04/06/2020 1	10:11:54.288144]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr1v0></apr1v0>	[D:W]	DOT11_AUTHENTICATION
[*04/06/2020 1	10:11:54.289870]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr1v0></apr1v0>	[U:W]	DOT11_ASSOC_REQUEST
[*04/06/2020 1	10:11:54.317341]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr1v0></apr1v0>	[D:W]	DOT11_ASSOC_RESPONSE
[*04/06/2020 1	10:11:54.341370]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr1v0></apr1v0>	[D:W]	EAPOL_KEY.M1 : Desc
[*04/06/2020 1	10:11:54.374500]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr1v0></apr1v0>	[U:W]	EAPOL_KEY.M2 : Desc
[*04/06/2020 1	10:11:54.377237]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr1v0></apr1v0>	[D:W]	EAPOL_KEY.M3 : Desc
[*04/06/2020 1	10:11:54.390255]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr1v0></apr1v0>	[U:W]	EAPOL_KEY.M4 : Desc
[*04/06/2020 1	10:11:54.396855]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr1v0></apr1v0>	[U:W]	DOT11_ACTION : (.)
[*04/06/2020 1	10:11:54.416650]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr1v0></apr1v0>	[D:W]	DOT11_ACTION : (.)
[*04/06/2020 1	10:11:54.469089]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr1v0></apr1v0>	[U:W]	DOT11_ACTION : (.)
[*04/06/2020 1	10:11:54.469157]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr1v0></apr1v0>	[D:W]	DOT11_ACTION : (.)
[*04/06/2020 1	10:11:57.921877]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr1v0></apr1v0>	[U:W]	DOT11_ACTION : (.)
[*04/06/2020 1	10:11:57.921942]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr1v0></apr1v0>	[D:W]	DOT11_ACTION : (.)
[*04/06/2020 1	10:15:36.123119]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr1v0></apr1v0>	[D:W]	DOT11_DEAUTHENTICAT
[*04/06/2020 1	10:15:36.127731]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr1v0></apr1v0>	[D:W]	DOT11_DISASSOC : (.)
[*04/06/2020 1	10:17:24.128751]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v0></apr0v0>	[U:W]	DOT11_AUTHENTICATION
[*04/06/2020 1	10:17:24.128870]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v1></apr0v1>	[U:W]	DOT11_AUTHENTICATION
[*04/06/2020 1	10:17:24.129303]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v0></apr0v0>	[D:W]	DOT11_AUTHENTICATION
[*04/06/2020 1	10:17:24.133026]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v0></apr0v0>	[U:W]	DOT11_ASSOC_REQUEST
[*04/06/2020 1	10:17:24.136095]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v0></apr0v0>	[D:W]	DOT11_ASSOC_RESPONSE
[*04/06/2020 1	10:17:24.138732]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v0></apr0v0>	[D:W]	EAPOL_KEY.M1 : Desc
[*04/06/2020 1	10:17:24.257295]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v0></apr0v0>	[U:W]	EAPOL_KEY.M2 : Desc
[*04/06/2020 1	10:17:24.258105]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v0></apr0v0>	[D:W]	EAPOL_KEY.M3 : Desc
[*04/06/2020 1	10:17:24.278937]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v0></apr0v0>	[U:W]	EAPOL_KEY.M4 : Desc
[*04/06/2020 1	10:17:24.287459]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v0></apr0v0>	[U:W]	DOT11_ACTION : (.)
[*04/06/2020 1	10:17:24.301344]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v0></apr0v0>	[D:W]	DOT11_ACTION : (.)
[*04/06/2020 1	10:17:24.327482]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v0></apr0v0>	[U:W]	DOT11_ACTION : (.)
[*04/06/2020 1	10:17:24.327517]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v0></apr0v0>	[D:W]	DOT11_ACTION : (.)
[*04/06/2020 1	10:17:24.430136]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v0></apr0v0>	[U:W]	DOT11_ACTION : (.)
[*04/06/2020 1	10:17:24.430202]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v0></apr0v0>	[D:W]	DOT11_ACTION : (.)
[*04/06/2020 1	10:19:08.075326]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v0></apr0v0>	[U:W]	DOT11_PROBE_REQUEST
[*04/06/2020 1	10:19:08.075392]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v0></apr0v0>	[D:W]	DOT11_PROBE_RESPONSE
[*04/06/2020 1	10:19:08.075437]	[AP0CD0.F894.46E4]	[a8:db:03:08:4c:4a]	<apr0v1></apr0v1>	[U:W]	DOT11_PROBE_REQUEST

Dump the packets in hex format

You can dump the packets in hex format in the CLI:

configure ap client-trace output dump address add xx:xx:xx:xx:xx:xx configure ap client-trace output dump enable x -> Enter the packet dump length value

AP70DB.90E1.3DEC\$configure ap client-trace star Warning: To recover WLC pushed config, need CAP AP70B.90EX.3DEC\$APF 6 13:20:53 kernel: [*04/0 Apr 6 13:20:53 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:20:53.3 configure ap client-trace output dump address a AP70DB.90E1.3DEC\$Apr 6 13:29:02 kernel: [*04/0 configure ap client-trace output dump address Remote/Local dump Client Addresses enable Enable Trace output for local dump AP70DB.92E1.3DECconfigure ap client-trace output configure the trace output for local dump AP70DB.92E1.3DECconfigure ap client-trace output configure ap client-trace output for local dump AP70DB.92E1.3DECconfigure ap client-trace output AP70DB.92E1.3DECconfigure ap client-trace output configure ap client-trace output for local dump AP70DB.92E1.3DECconfigure ap client-trace output AP70DB.92E1.3DECconfigure ap client-trace output configure ap client-trace output	AP restart or reload to re-apply the config from MLC /2020 13:20:63.2037] systemd[1]: Starting Lighttpd Watcher 63] systemd[1]: Started Lighttpd Watcher. d a8:db:03:00:46:4a /2020 13:29:02.6997] MAC already exists: index 0 it dump enable it dump enable
<er></er>	
AP70DB.90E1.3DEC#configure ap client-trace outp	t dump enable 100
Apr 6 13:29:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:29:27.4	48) Time:464976us Dir:Rx Rate:m7.2-2 Resi:-43 Ch:1 Fo:108 Dur:30 00:27:e3:36:4d:a0 a0:db:03:08:4c:4a 54:7c:69:b7:3f:42 Seq:
Apr 6 13:29:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:29:27.4	49] 0000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Apr 6 13:25:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:25:27.4	451 0010 00 00 00 00 00 00 11 00 00 00 00
Apr 6 13:29:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:29:27.4	491 0020 00 00 13 00 15 b3 FF FF 00 00 00 FF Ab Cd 02 00
Apr 6 13:29:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:29:27.4	(45) 0040 00 01 2c 00 00 45 31 21 0f d5 a0 00 00 00 00 00
Apr 6 13:29:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:29:27.4	(45] 0050 00 00 00 3e 00 3e 00 00 5e 8b 2e b6 00 07 30
Apr 6 13:29:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:29:27.4	(49] 0060 ed 88 01 30 00 00 27 e3 36 4d a0 a8 db 03 08 4c
Apr 6 13:29:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:29:27.4	49] 0070 4a 54 7c 69 b7 3f 42 60 12 00 c0 aa aa 03 00 00
Apr 6 13:29:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:29:27.4	
Apr 6 13:29:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:29:27.4	401
Apr 6 13:29:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:29:27.4	40] Time:474003us Dir:Tx Rate:1 Rss::-95 Ch:1 Fc:200 Dur:13a a0:db:03:00:4c:4a 00:27:e3:36:4d:a0 54:7c:69:b7:3f:42 Seq:6(6)
Apr 6 13:29:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:29:27.4	491 0000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Apr 6 13:29:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:29:27.4	451 0010 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 11 00 00 00
Apr 6 13:29:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:29:27.4	451 0010 00 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 01 01
Apr 6 13:29:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:29:27.4	(45) 0040 3a 01 a0 db 03 00 4c 4a 00 27 e3 36 4d a0 54 7c
Apr 6 13:29:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:29:27.4	49] 0050 69 b7 3f 42 60 00 00 00 am am 03 00 00 00 06
Apr 6 13:25:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:25:27.4	49] 0060 00 01 08 00 06 04 00 02 54 7c 69 b7 3£ 42 c0 a8
Apr 6 13:29:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:29:27.4	49] 0070 65 01 #8 dB 03 08 4c 4# c0 #8 65 04 00 00 00 00
Apr 6 13:25:27 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:25:27.4	
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.1	001
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.1	00] Time:100019us Dir:Rx Rate:5 Resi:-36 Ch:1 Fc:40 Dur:0 ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:df:db:03:00:4c:4a ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:61 Seq:277(631)
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.1	001 0000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.1	00] 0010 00 00 00 00 00 00 11 00 00 00 00 0
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.1	001 0020 00 00 13 00 16 15 15 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.1	000 0040 00 00 ff ff ff ff ff ff a0 db 03 00 4c 4a ff ff
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.1	01] 0050 ff ff ff 70 27 00 00 01 04 02 04 06 16 32 08
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.1	01] 0060 0e 12 18 24 30 48 60 6e 03 01 01 2d 1m 2d 00 1b
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.1	011 0070 ## ## 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.1	011 0080 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 72 00 00 00 48 00 00 40 00
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.2	001
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.2	00] Time:200019us Dir:Tn Rate:1 Rati:-55 Ch:1 Pc:50 Dur:13a a0:db:03:00:4c:4a 00:27:e3:36:4d:a0 00:27:e3:36:4d:a0 Seq:65e(16
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.2	001 0000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.2	00] 0010 00 00 00 00 00 00 11 00 00 00 00 0
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.2	001 0020 00 00 13 00 16 03 16 00 07 23 06 00 AL AL 00 02 00 00
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.2	00] 0040 3a 01 a0 db 03 00 4c 4a 00 27 e3 36 4d a0 00 27
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.2	00] 0050 e3 36 4d m0 e0 65 96 0c 12 10 24 03 01 0d 64 00
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.2	01] 0060 11 11 00 0c 74 65 73 74 65 77 6c 63 77 6c 61 6e
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.2	011 0070 01 08 82 84 85 96 00 12 18 24 03 01 01 07 06 49
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.2	011 0000 40 20 01 00 12 20 01 00 32 01 00 32 04 30 40 60
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.2	01
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.2	01] Time:20016lus Dir:Tx Rate:1 Rssi:-95 Ch:1 Fc:50 Dur:13a a8:db:03:08:4c:4a 00:27:e3:36:4d:a1 00:27:e3:36:4d:a1 5eq:65f(16
Apr 6 13:31:03 kernel: [*04/06/2020 13:31:03.2	011 0000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0

Then, you can clean the hex dump and save in txt format and import into wireshark:

Time 0000 0010 0020 0030 0040 0050 0050 0060 0070	:20 00 00 00 3a e3 18 6b	010 00 00 00 01 36 02	00 00 13 5e 00 4d 00	00 00 88 8b 27 a0 00	Rx 00 15 2f e3 10 10	Rat 00 b3 1f 36 00 00	00 00 ff 00 4d 00	1 R 00 11 ff 00 a0 00	00 00 00 57 a8 01 00	-37 00 00 36 db 00 00	00 00 db 02 03 00 00	00 00 08 01 08 00 6b	Fc: 08 00 13 4c dd 6b	b0 00 29 00 4a 09 6b	Dur:13e 45 00 00 00 00 29 b0 00 00 27 00 10 6b 6b	a	00:27:e3:36:4d:a0	a8:db:03:08:4c:4a	00:27:e3:36:4d:a0	Seq:1(1)	Infor	DOT11_AUT
Time 0000 0010 0020 0030 0040 0050 0060	:43 00 00 00 3a e3 6b	054 00 00 00 01 36 6b	00 00 13 5e 4d 6b	Dir: 00 00 88 8b db a0 6b	Tx 00 00 15 2f 03 c0 6b	Rat 00 b3 1f 66 6b	00 00 ff 00 4c 03	1 R 00 11 ff 00 4a 02	881 00 00 00 57 00 00	-95 00 00 b2 27 08	00 00 02 e3 01	1:1 00 00 a1 01 36 00	Fc: 08 00 00 4d 00	d0 00 1e 00 a0 00	Dur:13a 45 00 00 00 00 1e d0 00 00 27 00 00	a	a8:db:03:08:4c:4a	00:27:e3:36:4d:a0	00:27:e3:36:4d:a0	Seq:66c(1644)	Info:DOT1
Time 0000 0010 0020 0030 0040 0050 0050 0060 0070	:43 00 00 00 3a e3 18 6b	155 00 00 00 01 36 02	00 00 13 5e 4d 00	00 00 88 8b db a0 00	Tx 00 00 15 2f 03 d0 10	Rat 00 b3 1f 08 66 00	00 00 ff 00 4c 00	1 R 00 11 ff 00 4a 00 00	931 00 00 5d 00 02 00	-95 00 00 00 06 27 00 00	00 00 al 02 e3 00 00	100 00 al 01 36 00 6b	Fc: 08 00 00 4d 6b	b0 00 29 00 a0 09 6b	Dur:13a 45 00 00 00 00 29 b0 00 00 27 00 10 6b 6b	a	a8:db:03:08:4c:4a	00:27:e3:36:4d:a0	00:27:e3:36:4d:a0	Seq: 66d (1645)	Info:DOT1
Time 0000 0010 0020 0030 0040 0050 0060 0070 0080 0090	: 43 00 00 00 3a e3 65 48 30 00	261 00 00 00 01 36 77 6c 14 0f	00 00 13 5e 00 4d 6c 32 01 ac	Dir: 00 88 8b 27 a0 63 04 00 04	Rx 00 15 2f 20 77 0c 00	Rat 00 b3 1f 36 00 6c 12 0f	00 00 ff 00 4d 31 61 18 ac	1 R 00 11 ff 00 a0 15 6e 60 04	00 00 00 8a 00 01 21 01	-34 00 00 00 al db 00 00 00 00 00	00 00 de 02 03 00 82 05 00	1:1 00 00 01 08 00 84 13 0f	Fc: 08 00 12 4c 74 8b 24 ac	800 00 c4 00 4a 65 96 02 04	Dur:13 45 00 00 00 00 c4 00 08 00 27 73 74 24 30 01 0d 01 00	3a	00:27:e3:36:4d:a	0 a8:db:03:08:4c:4	a 00:27:e3:36:4d:a	0 Seq:2(2) Info	DOT11_AS

Open Open Recent Merge	Ctrl+O		■ Q, Q, Q, II	
mport from Hex Dump				
Close	Ctrl+W		Wireshark - Import From Hex Dump ?	×
Save	Ctrl+S		Import From	_
Save As	Ctrl+Shift+S	Data\Local\Temp	File: C://secc/tantunes/CISCO/11av training/dumo example tyt	וה
File Set	•	234744 HelpDesk	Offsets: Hexadecimal	
Export Specified Packets		0\00-SRs\SR 688		10
Export Packet Dissections	•	O\11ax training\1	() Octal	
Export Packet Bytes	Ctrl+Shift+X	O\11ax training\1	O None	
Export PDUs to File		O\11ax training\1	Timestamp format: (No format will be applied)	1
Export TLS Session Keys		Data\Local\Temp	Direction indication:	3
Export Objects	•	nloads\AP trace		F
Print	Ctrl+P	O\IOS-Images\A	Encapsulation	
		-	Encapsulation Type: Ethernet	
Quit	Ctrl+Q		No dummy header	
usir	va this filter:	inter a canture filter	O Ethernet Ethertype (hex):	-
			O IPv4 Protocol (dec):	-
	Local Area Co	nnection* 10	O UDP Source port:	
	Npcap Loopb	ack Adapter	O TCP Destination port:	
	Local Area Co	nnection* 3	O SCTP Tag:	
	Local Area Co	nnection* 9	O SCTP (Data) PPI:	
	Ethernet 4		O ExportPDU Payload	
	ThinkpadEthe Local Area Co Adapter for Io	rnetBlue nnection* 11 opback traffic captu	Maximum frame length:	

Because the output can be very large and to consider that the output only mentions what frame type is seen and not any of the inner detail, it can be more efficient to redirect the packet capture to a laptop that run a a capture application (such as wireshark).

Enable the remote capture feature to send the packets to external device with wireshark:

```
config ap client-trace output remote enable
```

The command means the AP forwards every frame captured by the client-trace filter towards the laptop at 192.168.68.68 and uses PEEKREMOTE encapsulation (just like APs in sniffer mode) on port 5000.

One limitation is that the target laptop has to be in the same subnet as the AP where you run this command on. You can change the port number to accomodate any security policies in place in your network.

Once you received all the packets on the laptop that runs Wireshark, you can right click on the udp 5000 header and chose **decode as** and pick PEEKREMOTE as illustrated in this figure:



💮 🍼 wireshark_Ethernet_yellowCable_20200406150701_a16344.pcapng

Packets: 299 · Displayed

List of bugs and enhancements around this feature :

Cisco bug ID CSCvm09020 DNS not seen by client trace anymore on 8.8

Cisco bug ID CSCvm09015 client trace shows many ICMP_other with null sequence number

Cisco bug ID CSCvm02676 AP COS client-trace does not capture webauth packets

Cisco Bug ID <u>CSCvm02613</u> AP COS client-trace remote output does not work

Cisco Bug ID <u>CSCvm00855</u> lient-trace SEQ numbers inconsistent

Control the AP Client trace from the 9800 WLC

You can configure several APs to do a radio client trace and trigger it from the

Step 1. Configure an AP trace profile that defines which traffic to capture

```
config term
wireless profile ap trace <TRACE-NAME>
    filter all
    no filter probe
    output console-log
```

Step 2. Add the AP trace profile to an AP join profile that is used by the APs that you target.

```
ap profile < ap join profile name>
    trace <TRACE-NAME>
```

Ensure that this ap join profile is applied to a site tag that is used by your target APs

Step 4 Trigger start/stop

ap trace client start ap <ap name> client all/<mac> ap trace client stop ap <ap name> client all/<mac> ap trace client start site <site tag> client all/<mac> ap trace client stop site <site tag> client all/<mac>

Verification commands :

```
show wireless profile ap trace summary
show wireless profile ap trace detailed PROF_NAME detail
sh ap trace client summary
show ap trace unsupported-ap summary
```

APs Catalyst 91xx in Sniffer Mode

The new Catalyst 9115, 9117, 9120 and 9130 can be configured in sniffer mode. The procedure is simular to previous AP models.

Q. Search Menu Items		Configuration * > Wi	ireless* > Ac	cess Poin	ts		Edit AP		
Deathered							General Interfaces	High Availability	Inventory
Dashooard		 All Access Po 	pints				General		Versi
Monitoring	>	Number of AP(s): 4					AP Name*	APC4F7.D54C.E77C	Primar
	>	AP Name v	AP Model ~	Slots ~	Admin Status	Address	Location*	default location	Predo
O Administration	>	AP70DB.98E1.3DEC	AIR-AP38021- 1-K9	2	•	192.168.1.83	Base Radio MAC	c064.e422.1780	Predo
Y Troubleshooting		APOCD0.F894.46E4	C9117AXI-B	2	0	192.168.1.95	Ethernet MAC	c417 d54c e77c	Next F
		APb4de.318b.fee0	AIR- CAP3702I-I-K9	2	0	192.168.1.79	Admin Status		Boot \
		APC4F7.054C.E77C	C9120AXI-B	2	0	192.168.1.82	AD Marte	Solfer	IOS V
		4 4 1 ≽	10 • items	per page			Ar mode		Mini K
							Operation Status	Registered	10.04
		> 5 GHz Radios	3				Fabric Status	Disabled	IP Co
		> 2 A GHz Dadi	00				LED State		CAPW
		2.4 GH2 Rau	03				LED Brightness Level	8	• DHCP
		> Dual-Band Ra	adios				CleanAir <u>NSLKey</u>		Static
		> Country					Tags		Time
		LSC Provision	n				Policy	FlexPolicy	Up Tir
			21				Site	TiagoOfficeSite .	

Q. Search Menu Items	Configuration * > V	Vireless * > Ac	cess Points		Edit Radios 2.4 GHz B	land			
					Configure Detail				
Dashboard	V All Access P	oints			Admin Status	ENABLED	Assignm		
	Number of AP(s): 4				CleanAir Admin Status		Tx Power		
🖏 Configuration	AP Name	AP Model ~	Admin Slots v Status	n v IP v Address	Antenna Parameters		Current		
	AP70DB.98E1.3DEC	AIR-AP3802I- 1-K9	2 📀	192.168.1.83	Antenna Type	Intercal +	Assignm		
Y Troubleshooting	AP0CD0 F894.46E4	C9117AXI-B	2	192.168.1.95	Antenna A				
	APb4de.318b.fee0	AIR- CAP3702I-I-	2 📀	192.168.1.79	Antenna B				
	APC4F7.D54C.E77C	K9 C9120AXI-B	2	192.168.1.82	Antenna C				
	4 4 5 F	10 y items	per page		Antenna D				
					Anterina Gain	10			
	> 5 GHz Radio	S		Sniffer Channel Assign	Sniffer Channel Assignment				
	V 2.4 GHz Rad	lios			Enable Sniffing				
	Number of AP(s): 4				Sniff Channel	6 •	1		
Kon (kai)	AP Name	- Slot No	- Base Radio MA	C - Admin St	Sniffer IP*	192.168.1.100			
	AP70DB.98E1.3DEC	0	0027.e336.4da	0 0	1010400-04047105.0c	1000000			
	AP0CD0.F894.46E4	0	0cd0.f897.03e0	• •	Sniffer IP Status	Valid			
	A POL A ALL TRADE ALL TRADE	0	b4de.31a4.e03	0 0					
	AP04de.3180.tee0		-0.5						

ThinkpadEthernetBlue



Note: Data frames sent at WIFI 6 data rates are captured but, because peekremote is not up to date on Wireshark, they show as 802.11ax phy type as of now. The fix is in Wireshark 3.2.4 where Wireshark displays the proper wifi6 phy rate.

Note: Cisco APs canâ€TMt capture MU-OFDMA frames at this time but can capture the trigger frames (sent at management data rate) that announce a MU-OFDMA window. You can already infer that MU-OFDMA happens (or not) and with which client.

Troubleshooting Tips

Path MTU

Although Path MTU discovery finds the optimal MTU for the AP, it is possible to override this settings manually.

On AireOS 8.10.130 WLC, the command **config ap pmtu disable** <**ap/all**> sets a static MTU for one or all APs rather than to rely on the dynamic discovery mechanism.

To enable debugs at boot time

You can run config boot debug capwap to enable capwap,DTLS and DHCP debugs at the next boot time, even before the OS has booted and the prompt is shown.

You also have "config boot debug memory xxxx" for several memory debugs.

You can see if boot debugs are enabled or not at next reboot with "show boot".

They can be disabled with the addition of the disable keyword at the end such as "config boot debug capwap disable".

Power save mechanism

The power save of a given client can be troubleshot by running

debug client trace <mac address>

Clients QoS

To verify that QoS tags are applied, you can run "debug capwap client qos".

It displays the UP value of packets for wireless clients.

It is not mac filterable as of 8.8 (enhancement request Cisco bug ID<u>CSCvm08899</u>).

labAP#debug capwap client qos

```
[*08/20/2018 09:43:36.3171] chatter: set_qos_up :: SetQosPriority: bridged packet dst: 00:AE:FA:78:36:89
[*08/20/2018 09:43:45.0051] chatter: set_qos_up :: SetQosPriority: bridged packet dst: 00:AE:FA:78:36:89
[*08/20/2018 09:43:45.5463] chatter: set_qos_up :: SetQosPriority: bridged packet dst: 00:AE:FA:78:36:89
[*08/20/2018 09:43:46.5687] chatter: set_qos_up :: SetQosPriority: bridged packet dst: AC:81:12:C7:CD:39
[*08/20/2018 09:43:47.0982] chatter: set_qos_up :: SetQosPriority: bridged packet dst: AC:81:12:C7:CD:39
```

You can also verify the Qos UP to DSCP table on the AP as well as total amount of packets marked, shaped and dropped by Qos:

LabAP#show dot11 qos Qos Policy Maps (UPSTREAM)

```
no policymap
Qos Stats (UPSTREAM)
total packets:
                  0
dropped packets: 0
marked packets:
                  0
shaped packets: 0
policed packets: 0
copied packets: 0
DSCP TO DOT1P (UPSTREAM)
Default dscp2dot1p Table Value:
[0]->0 [1]->2 [2]->10 [3]->18 [4]->26 [5]->34 [6]->46 [7]->48
Active dscp2dot1p Table Value:
[0]->0 [1]->2 [2]->10 [3]->18 [4]->26 [5]->34 [6]->46 [7]->48
Qos Policy Maps (DOWNSTREAM)
no policymap
Qos Stats (DOWNSTREAM)
total packets:
                  0
dropped packets: 0
marked packets:
                  0
shaped packets:
                  0
policed packets: 0
copied packets: 0
DSCP TO DOT1P (DOWNSTREAM)
Default dscp2dot1p Table Value:
[0]->0 [1]->-1 [2]->1 [3]->-1 [4]->1 [5]->-1 [6]->1 [7]->-1
[8]->-1 [9]->-1 [10]->2 [11]->-1 [12]->2 [13]->-1 [14]->2 [15]->-1
[16]->-1 [17]->-1 [18]->3 [19]->-1 [20]->3 [21]->-1 [22]->3 [23]->-1
[24]->-1 [25]->-1 [26]->4 [27]->-1 [28]->-1 [29]->-1 [30]->-1 [31]->-1
[32]->-1 [33]->-1 [34]->5 [35]->-1 [36]->-1 [37]->-1 [38]->-1 [39]->-1
[40]->-1 [41]->-1 [42]->-1 [43]->-1 [44]->-1 [45]->-1 [46]->6 [47]->-1
[48]->7 [49]->-1 [50]->-1 [51]->-1 [52]->-1 [53]->-1 [54]->-1 [55]->-1
[56]->7 [57]->-1 [58]->-1 [59]->-1 [60]->-1 [61]->-1 [62]->-1 [63]->-1
Active dscp2dot1p Table Value:
[0] \rightarrow 0 \ [1] \rightarrow -1 \ [2] \rightarrow 1 \ [3] \rightarrow -1 \ [4] \rightarrow 1 \ [5] \rightarrow -1 \ [6] \rightarrow 1 \ [7] \rightarrow -1
[8]->-1 [9]->-1 [10]->2 [11]->-1 [12]->2 [13]->-1 [14]->2 [15]->-1
[16]->-1 [17]->-1 [18]->3 [19]->-1 [20]->3 [21]->-1 [22]->3 [23]->-1
[24]->-1 [25]->-1 [26]->4 [27]->-1 [28]->-1 [29]->-1 [30]->-1 [31]->-1
[32]->-1 [33]->-1 [34]->5 [35]->-1 [36]->-1 [37]->-1 [38]->-1 [39]->-1
[40]->-1 [41]->-1 [42]->-1 [43]->-1 [44]->-1 [45]->-1 [46]->6 [47]->-1
[48]->7 [49]->-1 [50]->-1 [51]->-1 [52]->-1 [53]->-1 [54]->-1 [55]->-1
[56]->7 [57]->-1 [58]->-1 [59]->-1 [60]->-1 [61]->-1 [62]->-1 [63]->-1
LabAP#
```

When Qos policies are defined on the WLC and downloaded on the Flexconnect AP, you can verify them with :

```
AP780C-F085-49E6#show policy-map
2 policymaps
Policy Map BWLimitAAAClients type:qos client:default
Class BWLimitAAAClients_AVC_UI_CLASS
```

```
Class BWLimitAAAClients_ADV_UI_CLASS
      set dscp af41 (34)
   Class class-default
      police rate 5000000 bps (625000Bytes/s)
        conform-action
        exceed-action
Policy Map platinum-up
                                type:qos client:default
   Class cm-dscp-set1-for-up-4
      set dscp af41 (34)
   Class cm-dscp-set2-for-up-4
      set dscp af41 (34)
   Class cm-dscp-for-up-5
      set dscp af41 (34)
   Class cm-dscp-for-up-6
      set dscp ef (46)
   Class cm-dscp-for-up-7
     set dscp ef (46)
   Class class-default
      no actions
```

In case of Qos rate-limiting :

drop

```
AP780C-F085-49E6#show rate-limit client
Config:
            mac vap rt_rate_out rt_rate_in rt_burst_out rt_burst_in nrt_rate_out nrt_rate_in nrt_burst
A8:DB:03:6F:7A:46 2
                             0
                                       0
                                                              0
                                                  0
                                                                          0
                                                                                     0
Statistics:
                up down
          name
       Unshaped
                 0
                        0
                 0
 Client RT pass
                        0
Client NRT pass
                  0
                        0
Client RT drops
                  0
                        0
Client NRT drops 0 38621
             9 54922 0
```

Off-Channel scan

Debugging the off-channel scan of the AP can be useful when troubleshooting rogue detection (to validate if

and when the AP goes on a specific channel to scan), but can also be useful in video troubleshoot where a sensitive real-time stream gets constant interruptions if the "off channel scan defer" feature is not used.

debug rrm off-channel defer debug rrm off-channel dbg (starting 17.8.1) debug rrm off-channel schedule debug rrm off-channel voice (starting 17.8.1) debug rrm schedule (starting 17.8.1, debug NDP packet tx) show trace dot_11 channel enable [*06/11/2020 09:45:38.9530] wcp/rrm_userspace_0/rrm_schedule :: RRMSchedule process_int_duration_timer_1 [*06/11/2020 09:45:39.0550] noise measurement channel 5 noise 89 [*06/11/2020 09:45:43.5490] wcp/rrm_userspace_1/rrm_schedule :: RRMSchedule process_int_duration_timer_1 [*06/11/2020 09:45:43.5490] mcp/rrm_userspace_1/rrm_schedule :: RRMSchedule process_int_duration_timer_1

Client Connectivity

It is possible to list clients that have been deauthenticated by the access point with the last event timestamp:

Lab/	\P#sh	NON	dot11 cl	ients	deauth		
			time	stamp	mac	vap	reason_code
Mon	Aug	20	09:50:59	2018	AC:BC:32:A4:2C:D3	9	4
Mon	Aug	20	09:52:14	2018	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	9	4
Mon	Aug	20	10:31:54	2018	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	9	4

In the previous output, the reason code is the deauthentication reason code as detailed in this link :

https://community.cisco.com:443/t5/wireless-mobility-knowledge-base/802-11-association-status-802-11deauth-reason-codes/ta-p/3148055

The vap refers to the identifier of the WLAN inside the AP (which is different from the WLAN ID on the WLC !!!).

You can cross-relate it with other outputs detailed subsequently which always mentions the vap of associated clients.

You can see the list of VAP ids with "show controllers Dot11Radio 0/1 wlan".

When clients are still associated, you can get details on their connection with:

LabAP#show dot11 clients

```
Total dot11 clients: 1

Client MAC Slot ID WLAN ID AID WLAN Name RSSI Maxrate WGB

00:AE:FA:78:36:89 1 10 1 TestSSID -25 MCS82SS No
```

A lot more details can be obtained about the client entry with:

LabAP#show client summ Radio Driver client Summary: ----wifi0 [*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5340] [*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5340] Total STA List Count 0 [*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5340] | NO| MAC|STATE| [*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5340] ----wifi1 [*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5357] [*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5357] Total STA List Count 1 [*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5357] | NO| MAC|STATE| [*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5357] ------[*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5357] | 1| 0:ffffffae:ffffffa:78:36:fffffff89| 8| Radio Driver Client AID List: _____ wifi0 [*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5415] [*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5415] Total STA-ID List Count 0 [*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5415] | NO| MAC|STA-ID| [*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5415] ----wifi1 [*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5431] [*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5431] Total STA-ID List Count 1 [*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5431] | NO| MAC|STA-ID| [*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5432] -----[*08/20/2018 11:54:59.5432] | 1| 0:ffffffae:ffffffa:78:36:ffffff89| 6| WCP client Summary: _____ mac radio vap aid state encr Maxrate is_wgb_wired wgb_mac_addr 00:AE:FA:78:36:89 1 9 1 FWD AES_CCM128 MCS82SS false 00:00:00:00:00:00 NSS client Summary: _____ Current Count: 3 MAC | OPAQUE |PRI POL|VLAN|BR|TN|QCF|BSS|RADID|MYMAC|

 |F8:0B:CB:E4:7F:41|0000000|
 3|
 0|
 1|
 1|
 0|
 2|
 3|
 1|

 |F8:0B:CB:E4:7F:40|00000000|
 3|
 0|
 1|
 1|
 0|
 2|
 3|
 1|

 |F8:0B:CB:E4:7F:40|00000000|
 3|
 0|
 1|
 1|
 0|
 2|
 3|
 1|

 |00:AE:FA:78:36:89|00000003|
 1|
 0|
 1|
 1|
 0|
 9|
 1|
 0|

 Datapath IPv4 client Summary: ----id vap port node tunnel mac seen_ip hashed_ip sniff_ag 00:AE:FA:78:36:89 9 apr1v9 192.0.2.13 - 00:AE:FA:78:36:89 192.168.68.209 10.228.153.45 5.990000 Datapath IPv6 client Summary: -----seen_ip6 age scope port client mac 1 00:AE:FA:78:36:89 fe80::2ae:faff:fe78:3689 61 link-local apr1v9 Wired client Summary: mac port state local_client detect_ago associated_ago tx_pkts tx_bytes rx_pkts rx_bytes

You can force the disconnection of a specific client with :

test dot11 client deauthenticate

Traffic counters can be obtained per-client with:

```
LabAP#show client statistics wireless 00:AE:FA:78:36:89
Client MAC address: 00:AE:FA:78:36:89
Tx Packets
                            : 621
Tx Management Packets
                            : 6
                           : 153
Tx Control Packets
Tx Data Packets
                           : 462
Tx Data Bytes
                           : 145899
Tx Unicast Data Packets
                           : 600
Rx Packets
                            : 2910
                            : 13
Rx Management Packets
Rx Control Packets
                            : 943
Rx Data Packets
                           : 1954
Rx Data Bytes
                           : 145699
LabAP#
```

More on the radio level, a lot of information can be obtained in the "*show controllers*". When you add the client mac address, the supported data rates, current data reates, PHY capabilities as well as amount of retries and txfails, are displayed:

<#root>

```
LabAP#show controllers dot11Radio 0 client 00:AE:FA:78:36:89
             mac radio vap aid state
                                          encr Maxrate is_wgb_wired
                                                                         wgb_mac_addr
00:AE:FA:78:36:89
                     0 9 1 FWD AES CCM128
                                                  M15
                                                              false 00:00:00:00:00:00
Configured rates for client 00:AE:FA:78:36:89
Legacy Rates(Mbps): 11
HT Rates(MCS): M0 M1 M2 M3 M4 M5 M6 M7 M8 M9 M10 M11 M12 M13 M14 M15
VHT Rates: 1SS:M0-7 2SS:M0-7
HT:yes
          VHT:yes
                      HE:no
                                40MHz:no
                                            80MHz:no
                                                         80+80MHz:no
                                                                         160MHz:no
                               encrypt_polocy: 4
11w:no
          MFP:no
                     11h:no
_wmm_enabled:yes
                    qos_capable:yes WME(11e):no
                                                       WMM_MIXED_MODE:no
short_preamble:yes
                      short_slot_time:no short_hdr:yes
                                                           SM_dyn:yes
short GI 20M:yes
                    short GI 40M:no short GI 80M:yes
                                                            LDPC:yes
                                                                         AMSDU:yes
                                                                                      AMSDU long:no
su_mimo_capable:yes mu_mimo_capable:no
                                            is wqb wired:no
                                                                 is wgb:no
Additional info for client 00:AE:FA:78:36:89
RSSI: -90
PS : Legacy (Sleeping)
Tx Rate: 0 Kbps
Rx Rate: 117000 Kbps
VHT TXMAP: 0
CCX Ver: 4
Statistics for client 00:AE:FA:78:36:89
             mac
                   intf TxData TxMgmt TxUC TxBytes
```

TxFail

TxDcrd TxCumRetries RxData RxMgmt RxBytes RxErr TxRt RxRt idle_counter stats_ago expiration

00:AE:FA:78	3:36:89	apr0v9	8	1	6	1038	1	0		0	31
Per TID pag	- ket sta	atistics	for clie	nt 00:	AF:FA:	78:36	:89				
Priority Ry	· Pkts 1	Tx Pkts	Rx(last 5	i s) Tx	(last	5 5)	OTD Tx	Drops T	x Cur	0limit	
0	899	460	101(1050 5	1	(1050	1	144	01000	0 0	1024	
1	0	0		0		0	145	Ő	0	1024	
- 2	0	0		0		0	146	0	0	1024	
3	59	0		0		0	147	0	0	1024	
4	0	0		0		0	148	0	0	1024	
5	0	0		0		0	149	0	0	1024	
6	0	0		0		0	150	0	0	1024	
7	0	0		0		0	151	0	0	1024	
Legacy Rate	e Statis	stics:									
(Mbps :	Rx, T>	k, Tx-Re	tries)								
11 Mbps :	2,	0,	0								
6 Mbps :	0,	9,	0								
HT/VHT Rate	e Statis	stics:									
(Rate/SS/Wi	idth :	Rx, Rx	-Ampdu, T	x, Tx-/	Ampdu,	Tx-R	etries)				
0/1	L/20 :	4,	4, 0,	0,	0						
6/2	2/20 :	4,	4, 0,	0,	0						
7/2	2/20 :	5,	5, 0,	0,	0						
wabauth dar											
false	ю.										
TUISC											

In order to constantly keep track of a client data rate and/or RSSI value, you can run "**debug dot11 client rate address <mac>** " and this logs this information every second:

LabAP#debug	dot11 client ra [.]	te address 00:AE:FA:7	8:36:89					
[*08/20/2018	14:17:28.0928]	MAC	Tx-Pkts	Rx-Pkts	Tx-Rate	Rx-Rate	RSSI	SNR Tx-R
[*08/20/2018	14:17:28.0928]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	0	0	12	a8.2-2s	-45	53
[*08/20/2018	14:17:29.0931]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	7	18	12	a8.2-2s	-45	53
[*08/20/2018	14:17:30.0934]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	3	18	12	a8.2-2s	-45	53
[*08/20/2018	14:17:31.0937]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	2	20	12	a8.2-2s	-45	53
[*08/20/2018	14:17:32.0939]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	2	20	12	a8.2-2s	-45	53
[*08/20/2018	14:17:33.0942]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	2	21	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:34.0988]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	1	4	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:35.0990]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	9	23	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:36.0993]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	3	7	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:37.0996]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	2	6	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:38.0999]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	2	14	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:39.1002]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	2	10	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:40.1004]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	1	6	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:41.1007]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	9	20	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:42.1010]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	0	0	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:43.1013]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	2	8	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:44.1015]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	0	0	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:45.1018]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	0	0	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:46.1021]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	0	0	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:47.1024]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	0	0	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:48.1026]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	7	15	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:49.1029]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	0	6	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:50.1032]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	0	0	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:51.1035]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	1	7	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:52.1037]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	0	17	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018	14:17:53.1040]	00:AE:FA:78:36:89	1	19	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52

[*08/20/2018 14:17:54.1043] 00:AE:FA:78:36:89	2	17	12	a8.2-2s	-46	52
[*08/20/2018 14:17:55.1046] 00:AE:FA:78:36:89	2	22	12	a8.2-2s	-45	53
[*08/20/2018 14:17:56.1048] 00:AE:FA:78:36:89	1	18	12	a8.2-2s	-45	53
[*08/20/2018 14:17:57.1053] 00:AE:FA:78:36:89	2	18	12	a8.2-2s	-45	53
[*08/20/2018 14:17:58.1055] 00:AE:FA:78:36:89	12	37	12	a8.2-2s	-45	53

In this output, the Tx and Rx packet counters are packets transmitted in the second interval since it last printed, same thing for the Tx Retries. However the RSSI, SNR and data rate are the values from the last packet of that interval (and not an average for all packets in that interval).

Flexconnect scenarios

You can verify what ACLs are currently applied to a client in a pre-auth (CWA for example) or post-auth scenario:

AP#show client access-lists pre-auth all f48c.507a.b9ad Pre-Auth URL ACLs for Client: F4:8C:50:7A:B9:AD IPv4 ACL: IPv6 ACL: ACTION URL-LIST Resolved IPs for Client: F4:8C:50:7A:B9:AD HIT-COUNT URL ACTION IP-LIST REDIRECT rule 0: allow true and ip proto 17 and src port 53 rule 1: allow true and ip proto 17 and dst port 53 rule 2: allow true and src 10.48.39.161mask 255.255.255.255 rule 3: allow true and dst 10.48.39.161mask 255.255.255.255 rule 4: deny true No IPv6 ACL found AP#show client access-lists post-auth all f48c.507a.b9ad Post-Auth URL ACLs for Client: F4:8C:50:7A:B9:AD IPv4 ACL: IPv6 ACL: ACTION URL-LIST Resolved IPs for Client: F4:8C:50:7A:B9:AD HIT-COUNT URL ACTION IP-LIST post-auth rule 0: deny true and dst 192.0.0.0mask 255.0.0.0 rule 1: deny true and src 192.0.0.0mask 255.0.0.0 rule 2: allow true No IPv6 ACL found

AP Filesystem

COS APs do not allow to list all the content of the file system as on unix platforms.

The command "show filesystems" gives a detail of the space usage and distribution on the current partition:

2802#show filesystems						
Filesystem	Size	Used	Available	Use%	Mounted	on
/dev/ubivol/storage	57.5M	364.0K	54.1M	1%	/storage	ē
2802#						

The command "*show flash*" lists the main files on the AP flash. You can also append the syslog or core keyword to list those specific folders.

flash		57.5M	372.0K	54.	1M	1%	/storage
Filesvstem		 Sizo	معال ۸۷ امعال	 ailah]_		Mounted on
drwxr-xr-x	2 root	root	2176	Apr	15	11:10	syslogs
drwxr-xr-x	3 support	root	224	Jun	30	2017	support
-rw-rr	1 root	root	64	Apr	15	11:11	sensord_CSPRNG1
-rw-rr	1 root	root	64	Apr	15	11:11	sensord_CSPRNG0
-rw-rr	1 root	root	3	Jun	30	2017	 rxtx_mode
-rw-rr	1 root	root	4096	Apr	26	09:36	random_seed
-rw-rr	1 root	root	215	Apr	26	09:29	part2_info.ver
-rw-rr	1 root	root	215	Apr	16	11:01	part1_info.ver
drwxr-xr-x	2 root	root	160	Jun	30	2017	lists
-rw-rr	1 root	root	222	Jan	2	2000	last_good_uplink_config
drwxr-xr-x	2 root	root	160	Jun	30	2017	images
drwxr-xr-x	2 root	root	320	Jun	30	2017	dropbear
drwxr-xr-x	2 root	root	160	Jun	30	2017	cores
-rw-rr	1 root	root	2253	Apr	26	09:43	config.wireless
-rw-rr	1 root	root	0	Jun	5	2018	config.oeap
-rw-rr	1 root	root	180	Apr	15	11:10	config.mobexp
-rw-rr	1 root	root	0	Jul	26	2018	config.mesh.dhcp
-rw-rr	1 root	root	0	Apr	15	11:09	config.local
-rw-rr	1 root	root	21	Apr	26	09:32	config.flex.maroup
-rw-rr	1 root	root	8116	Apr	26	09:32	config.flex
-rw-rr	1 root	root	18	lun	30	2017	config
-rw-rr	1 root	root	5	Anr	26	09:29	bootloader verify shadow
-rw-rr	1 root	root	1230	Mar	20	13.51	bootloader log
- TW-T-T	1 root	root	20202	Anr	20	10.31	bigacl
$a_1 w_{X1} - x_1 - x$	$\frac{4}{1}$ root	root	2010	Apr	72	11.10	appircation base canwan cfa info
drwyr yr y	2 1001	root	2016	Mai	27 15	11.10	ap-images
-IW-II	1 100t 2 root	root	160	Mar	15 27	12.52	RELUADED_AT_OTC
-IW-II	1 100t	root	0 20	Api	15	11.09	
-IW-II	1 100t	root	0	Api	15	11.09	BOOT_COUNT reserve
-IW-II	1 1001 1 root	root	0	May	21 15	2010	
total 84	1 mont	reat	0	Max	21	2010	1 1 1 1
Directory of	/storage/						
ap_2802#snow	Tlasn						
an 2802 #chow	flach						

Store and send syslogs

The syslog folder stores the syslog output from previous reboots. The command "*show log*" only shows syslog since the last reboot.

At each reboot cycle, the syslogs are written on incremental files.

artaki# show flash syslogs Directory of /storage/syslogs/ root total 128 total 128-rw-r--r--1 rootroot11963 Jul 6 15:23 1-rw-r--r--1 rootroot20406 Jan 1 2000 1.0-rw-r--r--1 rootroot313 Jul 6 15:23 1.last_write-rw-r--r--1 rootroot20364 Jan 1 2000 1.start-rw-r--r--1 rootroot33 Jul 6 15:23 1.watchdog_st-rw-r--r--1 rootroot19788 Jul 6 16:46 2-rw-r--r--1 rootroot20481 Jul 6 15:23 2.0-rw-r--r--1 rootroot313 Jul 6 16:46 2.last_write-rw-r--r--1 rootroot20422 Jul 6 15:23 2.start 33 Jul 6 15:23 1.watchdog_status _____ Size Used Available Use% Mounted on 57.6M 88.0K 54.5M 0% /storage Filesystem flash artaki# show flash cores Directory of /storage/cores/ total 0 _____ Size Used Available Use% Mounted on 57.6M 88.0K 54.5M 0% /storage Filesystem flash

The first output after initial boot is file 1.0 and a file 1.1 is created if 1.0 becomes too long. After reboot, a new file 2.0 is created and so on.

From the WLC, you can configure the Syslog destination if you want your APs to send their syslog messages unicast to a specific server.

By default, APs send their syslogs to a broadcast address which can cause quite some broadcast storm, so ensure to configure a syslog server.

The AP sends via syslog by default whatever prints on its console output.

On 9800 Controller, you can change these parameters in the Configuration -> AP Join profile, under Management.



You can change the **Log Trap Value** to also send debugs via syslog. You can then enable debugs on the AP CLI and the output of these are sent via syslog messages to your configured server .

Due to Cisco Bug ID <u>CSCvu75017</u>, only when you set the syslog facility to KERN (the default value) does the AP send syslog messages out.

If you are troubleshooting issues where an AP possibly loses network connectivity (or on a WGB for example), syslog is not as reliable as no messages are sent if the AP loses its uplink connectivity.

Therefore, reliance on the stored syslog files in flash is a great way to debug and store the output on the AP itself and then periodically upload it later on.

AP Support Bundle

Some commonly collected diagnostic information of various types can be made available in a single bundle that you can upload from Access Points.

The diagnostic information that can you can include in the bundle are:

- AP show tech
- AP syslogs
- AP Capwapd Brain logs
- AP Startup & Message logs

• AP Coredump files

To get the AP support bundle you can go into the AP CLI and enter the command "*copy* support-bundle tftp: x.x.x.x".

After this you can check for the file named with AP name appended with the **support.apversion.date.time.tgz** as shown subsequently :

When you "untar" the file you can view the various files collected:

-Images > APC4F7.D54	C.E77C_support.17.2.1.11.20200408.145526			
Name Name	~	Date modified	Туре	Size
APC4F7.054C.E7	7C_support.17.2.1.11.20200408.145526.brain.error.log.gz	4/8/2020 4:55 PM	GZ File	1 KB
APC4F7.D54C.E7	7C_support.17.2.1.11.20200408.145526.brain.log.gz	4/8/2020 4:55 PM	GZ File	3 KB
APC4F7.D54C.E7	7C_support.17.2.1.11.20200408.145526.info	4/8/2020 4:55 PM	INFO File	1 KB
APC4F7.054C.E7	7C_support.17.2.1.11.20200408.145526.messages.gz	4/8/2020 4:55 PM	GZ File	11 KB
APC4F7.054C.E7	7C_support.17.2.1.11.20200408.145526.startlog.gz	4/8/2020 4:55 PM	GZ File	5 KB
APC4F7.D54C.E7	7C_support.17.2.1.11.20200408.145526.syslogs.gz	4/8/2020 4:55 PM	GZ File	2 KB
APC4F7.054C.E7	7C_support.17.2.1.11.20200408.145526.tech_support.gz	4/8/2020 4:55 PM	GZ File	34 KB
APC4F7.D54C.E7	7C_support.17.2.1.11.20200408.145526.wsa_info.json.gz	4/8/2020 4:55 PM	GZ File	1 KB
APC4F7.D54C.E7	7C_support.17.2.1.11.20200408.145526.wsa_status.json.gz	4/8/2020 4:55 PM	GZ File	1 KB

Collect AP Core Files Remotely

To collect AP core files remotely, please enable core dump to be included in support bundle and then Upload support bundle from the AP, or send directly to tftp server. The subsequent examples use tftp server 192.168.1.100.

AireOS CLI

(c3504-01) >co	onfig ap core-dump enable 192.168.1.100 apCores uncompress ?
<cisco ap=""></cisco>	Enter the name of the Cisco AP.
all	Applies the configuration to all connected APs.

AireOS GUI



Cisco IOS® CLI

<#root>

eWLC-9800-01(

config

)#ap profile TiagoOffice eWLC-9800-01(

config-

ap

-profile

)#core-dump tftp-server 192.168.1.100 file apCores uncompress

Cisco IOS® GUI



As from Cisco IOS® XE 17.3.1, you have a Support Bundle tab and can download the AP SB from the WLC GUI.

All it does is execute $\hat{a} \in corpy$ support-bundle $\hat{a} \in corps$ command on the AP and sends it via SCP to the WLC (because WLC can be an SCP server).

And then you can download it from your browser:

1780C- AIR-			Edit AP					
-085-49E6 AP2802I- 2 🔮 81.2	244.9.50 502f.a83	General	Interfaces	High Availability	Inventory	ICap		
i ← ← 1 → 10 v items per page		Destinatio	n	This Device External Series	rver	La		
5 GHz Radios		Server IP	•	172.31.46.7	/9	т		
2.4 GHz Radios		Destinatio	on File Path* 0	1		s		
Dual-Band Radios		Usernam	e* j*			F		
Country		Start Tra	insfer					
LSC Provision								

This means you can manually do the same trick in eWLC releases before 17.3.1:

Copy the support bundle from AP via SCP to eWLC IP if you don't have a TFTP server reachable to the AP.

The eWLC is usually reachable via SSH from the AP, so that's a good trick for pre-17.3.

Step 1. Enable SSH on 9800 v17.2.1

Step 2. Enable SCP on Cisco IOS® XE v17.2.1

This example shows how to configure the server-side functionality of SCP. This example uses a locally defined username and password:

! AAA authentication and authorization must be configured properly in order for SCP to work. Device> enable Device# configure terminal Device(config)# aaa new-model Device(config)# aaa authentication login default local Device(config)# aaa authorization exec default local Device(config)# username user1 privilege 15 password 0 lab ! SSH must be configured and functioning properly. Device(config)# ip scp server enable Device(config)# end

Step 3. Use the command $\hat{a} \in correct or support-bundle \hat{a} \in correct or and we need to specify the filename to be created in the SCP server.$

Tip: You can run the command once to get a meaningful filename, and then copy/paste that filename in the command:



Step 4. Then you can go into the eWLC GUI and get the file under: **Administration > Management > File Manager**:



IoT and Bluetooth

The gRPC server logs can be checked on the AP with :

```
AP# show grpc server log
time="2020-04-01T01:36:52Z" level=info msg="[DNAS] spaces conn url 10.22.243.33:8000"
time="2020-04-01T01:36:52Z" level=info msg="[DNAS] entering stopDNAspacesTmpTokenRoutine"
time="2020-04-01T01:36:52Z" level=info msg="[DNAS] exiting stopDNAspacesTmpTokenRoutine"
time="2020-04-01T01:36:52Z" level=info msg="[DNAS] entering startDNAspacesTmpTokenRoutine"
time="2020-04-01T01:36:52Z" level=info msg="[DNAS] launching token request cycle"
time="2020-04-01T01:36:52Z" level=info msg="[DNAS] spaces token expiration time 2020-04-02 01:36:52 +000
time="2020-04-01T01:36:52Z" level=info msg="[DNAS] spaces token expiration time 2020-04-02 01:36:52 +000
time="2020-04-01T01:36:52Z" level=info msg="[DNAS] Receive Success status"
time="2020-04-01T01:36:52Z" level=info msg="[DNAS] Connection not in ready state sleeping for 10 seconds
time="2020-04-01T01:37:02Z" level=info msg="[DNAS] Connect RPC Succeeded."
time="2020-04-01T01:37:02Z" level=info msg="[DNAS] RX routine got enabled "
time="2020-04-01T01:37:02Z" level=info msg="[DNAS] RX routine got enabled "
```

Connectivity to DNA Spaces connector can be verified with :

```
AP# show cloud connector key access

Token Valid : Yes

Token Stats :

Number of Attempts : 44

Number of Failures : 27

Last Failure non : 2020-03-28 02:02:15.649556818 +0000 UTC m=+5753.097022576

Last Failure reason : curl: SSL connect error

Last Success on : 2020-04-01 00:48:37.313511596 +0000 UTC m=+346934.760976625

Expiration time : 2020-04-02 00:48:37 +0000 UTC

Connection Retry Interval : 30

AP# show cloud connector connection detail

Connection Retry Interval : 30

AP# show cloud connector connection detail

Connection State : READV

Connection Url : 10.22.243.31

Stream Setup Interval : 30

Last Keepalive Interval : 30

Last Keepalive Revd On : 2020-04-01 00:32:47.891433113 +0000 UTC m=+345985.338898246

Number of Dials : 2

Number of Tx Pkts : 11341

Number of Rx Pkts : 11341

Number of Tx APE Cfg Request : 0

Number of Tx APP Cfg Resp : 0

Number of Tx APP Cfg Resp : 0

Number of Tx APP State pkts : 5

Number of Tx APP State pkts : 5

Number of Tx APP State pkts : 2776829
```

To see the current BLE broadcasting config of the AP :

AP# show controllers ioTRadio ble 0 broadcast

BLE Profile Config		
Active profile	:	v-iBeacon
Profile Ø (iBeacon)		
UUID	:	000010000000000000000000000000000000
Interval (ms)	:	100
Power (dBm)	:	-21
Advertised Power (dBm)	:	-65
Minor	:	0
Major	:	0
TxPower byte	:	bfbfbfbfbfbfbfbfbfbfbfbfbf
Profile 1 (Eddystone UID)		
Namespace (hex)	:	0000000000005446089c
Instance-ID (hex)	:	7f0000001f00
Profile 2 (Eddystone URL)		
URL	:	http://www.

To see the scanned results :

collers ioTRadio bl	e 0 scan bri	.ef	
MAC	RSSI(-dBm)	RSSI@1meter(-dBm)	Last-heard
3C:1D:AF:62:EC:EC	88	0	0000D:00H:00M:01S
18:04:ED:04:1C:5F	86	65	0000D:00H:00M:01S
18:04:ED:04:1C:5F	78	65	0000D:00H:00M:01S
04:45:E5:28:8E:E7	85	65	0000D:00H:00M:01S
2D:97:FA:0F:92:9A	91	65	0000D:00H:00M:01S
E0:7D:EA:16:35:35	68	65	0000D:00H:00M:01S
E0:7D:EA:16:35:35	68	65	0000D:00H:00M:01S
04:EE:03:53:74:22	45	256	0000D:00H:00M:01S
04:EE:03:53:74:22	45	256	0000D:00H:00M:01S
04:EE:03:53:6A:3A	72	N/A	0000D:00H:00M:01S
04:EE:03:53:6A:3A	72	65	0000D:00H:00M:01S
E0:7D:EA:16:35:35	68	65	0000D:00H:00M:01S
E0:7D:EA:16:35:35	67	65	0000D:00H:00M:01S
04:EE:03:53:74:22	60	256	0000D:00H:00M:01S
04:EE:03:53:74:22	60	256	0000D:00H:00M:01S
04:EE:03:53:6A:3A	72	N/A	0000D:00H:00M:01S
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When the AP acts in Advanced BLE gateway mode where an app is deployed, you can check the status of the IoX application with :

You can connect to the IOX application with these commands and then monitor the logs during floor beacon configuration :

```
AP#connect iox application
/ #
/# tail -F /tmp/dnas_ble.log
Tue Mar 24 06:55:21 2020 [INFO]: Starting DNA Spaces BLE IOx Application
Tue Mar 24 06:55:21 2020 [INFO]: Auth token file contents: db26a8ab-e800-4fe9-a128-80683ea17b12
Tue Mar 24 06:55:21 2020 [INFO]: Setting gRPC endpoint to: 1.1.7.101:57777
```

```
Tue Mar 24 06:55:21 2020 [INFO]: Auth with token: db26a8ab-e800-4fe9-a128-80683ea17b12
Tue Mar 24 06:55:21 2020 [INFO]: Attempt to connect to DNAS Channel
Tue Mar 24 06:55:21 2020 [INFO]: Starting to run metrics
Tue Mar 24 06:55:21 2020 [INFO]: Starting to run Channel Keepalive
Tue Mar 24 06:55:21 2020 [INFO]: Initialize DNAS Reader Channel
Tue Mar 24 06:55:21 2020 [INFO]: Start listener for messages
Tue Mar 24 06:55:21 2020 [INFO]: Running BLE scan thread
```

Conclusion

There are many troubleshooting tools available to help us in the resolutions of problems related to COS APs.

This document lists the most commonly used ones and is regularly updated.