Contents

Introduction

Prerequisites

Requirements

Components Used

Topology

Configuration

R1 (Key Server in Central Site)

R3 (Group Member in Branch1)

R5, R6 configuration

Verification

Tesing SGT aware GETVPN

Testing SGT aware ZBF

References

Related Cisco Support Community Discussions

Introduction

This article will present how to configure GETVPN to push policies allowing sending and receiving Security Group Tag (SGT) inserted into encrypted packets. Example will involve two branches tagging all the traffic with specific SGT tags and applying Zone Based Firewall (ZBF) policies based on received SGT tags.

Prerequisites

Requirements

Cisco recommends that you have knowledge of these topics:

- Basic knowledge of IOS command-line interface (CLI) configuration and GETVPN configuration
- Basic knowledge of Trustsec services.
- Basic knowledge of Zone-Based Firewall

Components Used

The information in this document is based on these software versions:

• Cisco 2921 Router with software 15.3(2)T and newer

Topology



R3 - border router in Branch1, GETVPN group member

R4 - border router in Branch2, GETVPN group member

R1,R2 - GETVPN Key servers in Central Site

OSPF running on all routers

ACL pushed from KS forcing encryption for traffic between 10.0.0.0/16 <-> 10.0.0.0/16

R3 router is tagging all traffic sent from Branch1 with SGT tag = 3

R4 router is tagging all traffic sent from Branch2 with SGT tag = 4

R3 is removing SGT tags when sending traffic towards LAN (assumption that R5 is not supporting inline tagging)

R4 is removing SGT tags when sending traffic towards LAN (assumption that R6 is not supporting inline tagging)

R4 is having no firewall (accepting all packets)

R3 is configured with ZBF with the following policies:

- accepting all traffic from LAN towards WAN
- accepting only ICMP tagged with SGT=4 from WAN towards LAN

Configuration

R1 (Key Server in Central Site)

To send policies allowing for sending and receiving tagged packets "tac cts sgt" command needs to be present:

```
interface Loopback0
  ip address 10.0.1.1 255.255.255.0
!
interface Ethernet0/0
  ip address 192.168.0.1 255.255.255.0

crypto ipsec transform-set TS esp-aes esp-sha256-hmac mode tunnel
!
crypto ipsec profile prof1
  set transform-set TS !

crypto gdoi group group1
  identity number 1
  server local
  rekey authentication mypubkey rsa GETKEY
  rekey transport unicast
  sa ipsec 1
    profile prof1
  match address ipv4 GET-IPV4
```

```
replay counter window-size 64

tag cts sgt

address ipv4 192.168.0.1

redundancy
local priority 100
peer address ipv4 192.168.0.2

router ospf 1
network 10.0.0.0 0.0.255.255 area 0
network 192.168.0.0 0.0.0.255 area 0

ip access-list extended GET-IPV4
permit icmp 10.0.0.0 0.0.255.255 10.0.0.0 0.0.255.255
```

Configuration for R2 is very similar.

R3 (Group Member in Branch1)

GETVPN configuration is the same as for scenario without SGT tags. LAN interface has been configured with manual trustsec:

- "policy static sgt 3 trusted" tags all packets received from LAN using SGT=3
- "no propagate sgt" removes all the SGT tags when transmitting the packets towards LAN

```
crypto gdoi group group1
identity number 1
server address ipv4 192.168.0.1
server address ipv4 192.168.0.2
crypto map cmap 10 gdoi
set group group1
interface Ethernet0/0
ip address 192.168.0.3 255.255.255.0
crypto map cmap
interface Ethernet0/1
ip address 10.0.3.1 255.255.255.0
cts manual
  no propagate sgt
  policy static sgt 3 trusted
router ospf 1
network 10.0.0.0 0.0.255.255 area 0
network 192.168.0.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
```

ZBF configuration on R3:

All packets from LAN will be accepted. From WAN only ICMP packets tagged with SGT=4 will be accepted:

```
class-map type inspect match-all TAG_4_ICMP
match security-group source tag 4
match protocol icmp
!
policy-map type inspect FROM_LAN
class class-default
pass log
policy-map type inspect FROM_WAN
class type inspect TAG_4_ICMP
pass log
```

```
class class-default
drop log
!
zone security lan
zone security wan
zone-pair security WAN-LAN source wan destination lan
service-policy type inspect FROM_WAN
zone-pair security LAN-WAN source lan destination wan
service-policy type inspect FROM_LAN
interface Ethernet0/0
    zone-member security wan
!
interface Ethernet0/1
    zone-member security lan
```

R4 in Branch2 configuration is very similar except ZBF which is not configured there.

R5, R6 configuration

R5 and R6 simulates local LAN in both branches. Example configuration for R5:

```
class-map type inspect {\tt match-all} TAG_4_ICMP
match security-group source tag 4
match protocol icmp
policy-map type inspect FROM_LAN
class class-default
pass log
policy-map type inspect FROM_WAN
class type inspect TAG_4_ICMP
pass log
class class-default
drop log
zone security lan
zone security wan
zone-pair security WAN-LAN source wan destination lan
service-policy type inspect FROM_WAN
zone-pair security LAN-WAN source lan destination wan
service-policy type inspect FROM_LAN
interface Ethernet0/0
zone-member security wan
interface Ethernet0/1
zone-member security lan
```

Verification

Tesing SGT aware GETVPN

Checking if SGT tagging is supported on group member in Branch1 (R3):

```
R3#show crypto gdoi feature cts-sgt

Version Feature Supported

1.0.8 Yes
```

Checking if TEK policies pushed to group member in Branch1 (R3) are using SGT:

```
R3#show crypto gdoi
GROUP INFORMATION
<...some output ommited for clarity...>
TEK POLICY for the current KS-Policy ACEs Downloaded:
Ethernet0/0:
   TPsec SA:
       spi: 0xD100D58E(3506492814)
      transform: esp-aes esp-sha256-hmac
       sa timing:remaining key lifetime (sec): expired
      Anti-Replay(Counter Based): 64
       tag method : cts sgt
      alg key size: 16 (bytes)
       sig key size: 32 (bytes)
       encaps: ENCAPS_TUNNEL
   TPsec SA:
      spi: 0x52B3CA86(1387514502)
       transform: esp-aes esp-sha256-hmac
       sa timing:remaining key lifetime (sec): (1537)
      Anti-Replay(Counter Based): 64
       tag method : cts sgt
       alg key size: 16 (bytes)
       sig key size: 32 (bytes)
       encaps: ENCAPS_TUNNEL
Sending ICMP traffic from R6 to R5:
R6#ping 10.0.3.10 repeat 10
Type escape sequence to abort.
Sending 10, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 10.0.3.10, timeout is 2 seconds:
Success rate is 100 percent (10/10), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/6 ms
Checking if R3 is attaching SGT tag to encrypted packets:
R3#show crypto ipsec sa detail
interface: Ethernet0/0
  Crypto map tag: cmap, local addr 192.168.0.3
 protected vrf: (none)
 local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (10.0.0.0/255.255.0.0/1/0)
 remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (10.0.0.0/255.255.0.0/1/0)
 Group: group1
 current_peer 0.0.0.0 port 848
   PERMIT, flags={}
   #pkts encaps: 39, #pkts encrypt: 39, #pkts digest: 39
   #pkts decaps: 39, #pkts decrypt: 39, #pkts verify: 39
   #pkts compressed: 0, #pkts decompressed: 0
   #pkts not compressed: 0, #pkts compr. failed: 0
   #pkts not decompressed: 0, #pkts decompress failed: 0
   #pkts no sa (send) 0, #pkts invalid sa (rcv) 0
   #pkts encaps failed (send) 0, #pkts decaps failed (rcv) 0
   #pkts invalid prot (recv) 0, #pkts verify failed: 0
   #pkts invalid identity (recv) 0, #pkts invalid len (rcv) 0
   #pkts replay rollover (send): 0, #pkts replay rollover (rcv) 0
   ##pkts replay failed (rcv): 0
    #pkts tagged (send): 39, #pkts untagged (rcv): 39
<...some output ommited for clarity...>
```

Checking dataplane counters for GETVPN on group member in Branch2 (R3):

Depending on the platform more details can be revealed using debugs. For example on R3:

```
R3#debug cts platform 12-sgt rx R3#debug cts platform 12-sgt tx
```

Packets received by R3 from LAN should be SGT tagged:

```
01:48:08: cts-l2sgt_rx:l2cts-policysgt:[in=Ethernet0/1 src=0100.5e00.0005 dst=aabb.cc00.6800]

Policy SGT Assign [pak=F1B00E00:flag=0x1:psgt=3]
```

Also encrypted packets send via the tunnel will be tagged:

```
01:49:28: cts_ether_cmd_handle_post_encap_feature:pak[36BF868]:size=106 in=Ethernet0/1 out=Ethernet0/0 enctype=1 encsize=0 sgt_offset=18 [adj]:idb=Ethernet0/0 is_dot1q=0 linktype=7 mac_length=22 SGT=3
```

Testing SGT aware ZBF

Pass

R3 will accept only ICMP packets tagged with SGT=4 coming from WAN. When sending ICMP packets from R6 to R5:

```
R6#ping 10.0.3.10 repeat 11

Type escape sequence to abort.

Sending 1, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 10.0.3.10, timeout is 2 seconds:
!

Success rate is 100 percent (1/1), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/6 ms
```

R3 will receive tagged ESP packet, decrypt it. Then ZBF will accept the traffic:

```
*Mar 17 12:45:28.039: %FW-6-PASS_PKT: (target:class)-(WAN-LAN:TAG_4_ICMP) Passing icmp pkt 10.0.4.10:0 => 10.0.3.10:0 with ip ident 57
```

Also policy-map will present the counters with the numbers of packet accepted:

```
R3#show policy-firewall stats all
Global Stats:
       Session creations since subsystem startup or last reset 0
      Current session counts (estab/half-open/terminating) [0:0:0]
      Maxever session counts (estab/half-open/terminating) [0:0:0]
      Last session created never
      Last statistic reset never
      Last session creation rate 0
      Maxever session creation rate 0
      Last half-open session total 0
policy exists on zp WAN-LAN
Zone-pair: WAN-LAN
Service-policy inspect : FROM_WAN
   Class-map: TAG_4_ICMP (match-all)
     Match: security-group source tag 4
     Match: protocol icmp
```

18 packets, 1440 bytes

```
Class-map: class-default (match-any)
   Match: any
   Drop
        3 packets, 72 bytes

policy exists on zp LAN-WAN
Zone-pair: LAN-WAN

Service-policy inspect : FROM_LAN

Class-map: class-default (match-any)
   Match: any
   Pass
        18 packets, 1440 bytes
```

When trying to telnet from R6 to R5 - that will be dropped by R3 because telnet was not allowed:

```
*Mar 17 12:49:30.475: %FW-6-DROP_PKT: Dropping tcp session 10.0.4.10:37500 10.0.3.10:23 on zone-pair WAN-LAN class class-default due to DROP action found in policy-map with ip ident 36123
```

References

- Cisco TrustSec Switch Configuration Guide: Understanding Cisco TrustSec
- Configuring an External Server for Security Appliance User Authorization
- Cisco ASA Series VPN CLI Configuration Guide, 9.1
- Cisco Identity Services Engine User Guide, Release 1.2
- Technical Support & Documentation Cisco Systems