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- 1.275 wget 1.14 :10.el7_0.1**
 - 1.275.1 Available under license
- 1.276 wget 1.13.4 :r16.3**
 - 1.276.1 Available under license
- 1.277 which 2.20 :r3**
 - 1.277.1 Available under license
- 1.278 which 2.20**
 - 1.278.1 Available under license
- 1.279 wrl-glibc-prebuilt 2.15 :r4**
 - 1.279.1 Available under license
- 1.280 wrl-glibc-rebuild 2.15-4.6a-127 :r15**
 - 1.280.1 Available under license
- 1.281 xinetd 2.3.15 :r2.1**
 - 1.281.1 Available under license
- 1.282 xz 5.1.2 :9alpha.el7**
 - 1.282.1 Available under license
- 1.283 yum 3.4.3 :125.el7.centos**
 - 1.283.1 Available under license
- 1.284 yum 3.4.3**
 - 1.284.1 Available under license
- 1.285 yum-metadata-parser 1.1.4 :r1**
 - 1.285.1 Available under license
- 1.286 yum-metadata-parser 1.1.4 :10.el7**
 - 1.286.1 Available under license
- 1.287 yum-utils 1.1.31 :29.el7**

- 1.287.1 Available under license
- 1.288 yum-utils 1.1.31**
- 1.288.1 Available under license
- 1.289 zip 3.0 :r4**
- 1.289.1 Available under license
- 1.290 zlib 1.2.7 :r1**
- 1.290.1 Available under license
- 1.291 zlib 1.2.7 :13.el7**
- 1.291.1 Available under license
- 1.292 zlib/contrib-ada 1.2.7 :13.el7**
- 1.292.1 Available under license
- 1.293 zlib/DotZLib 1.2.7 :13.el7**
- 1.293.1 Available under license

1.1 acl 2.2.51 :12.el7

1.1.1 Available under license :

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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1.9 base-passwd 3.5.24 :r0.2

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From mikel@ora.com Tue Aug 1 12:13:20 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: mikel@ora.com

Received: from ruby.ora.com (ruby.ora.com [198.112.208.25]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP (8.6.12+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id MAA01565; Tue, 1 Aug 1995 12:13:18 -0400 (from mikel@ora.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: (from fax@localhost) by ruby.ora.com (8.6.12/8.6.11) with UUCP id MAA23251; Tue, 1 Aug 1995 12:07:51 -0400

Received: by los.ora.com (4.1/Spike-2.1)

id AA00672; Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT

Date: Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT

From: mikel@ora.com (Michael Loukides)

Message-Id: <9508011257.AA00672@los.ora.com>

Subject: Re: Ksh debugger from Rosenblatt's book [for bash]

To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>

Cc: cmarie@ora.com, cam@iinet.com.au, brosenblatt@tm.com

In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>, Mon, 31 Jul 1995 16:22:48 -0400

I've modified a (modified) version of Bill Rosenblatt's ksh debugger to work with bash-2.0. Does ORA have any problem with me distributing it with bash-2.0?

That's great!

Go ahead and circulate it; in fact, we should probably grab it and stick it in our ftp archive, and put a reference to it in the book. (Too late to actually discuss the thing, at least for this edition).

From specdt@armory.com Wed May 10 10:21:11 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: specdt@armory.com

Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id KAA22876; Wed, 10 May 1995 10:21:10 -0400 (from specdt@armory.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: from deepthought.armory.com (mmdf@deepthought.armory.com [192.122.209.42]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)

id BAA16354; Wed, 10 May 1995 01:33:22 -0400 (from specdt@armory.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)

From: John DuBois <specdt@armory.com>

Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 22:33:12 -0700

In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>

"ksh scripts" (May 9, 1:36pm)

X-Www: <http://www.armory.com/~specdt/>

X-Mailer: Mail User's Shell (7.2.5 10/14/92)

To: chet@po.cwru.edu

Subject: Re: ksh scripts

Message-ID: <9505092233.aa13001@deepthought.armory.com>

Sure. The canonical versions are available on ftp.armory.com; you might

want to pick up the latest versions before modifying them.

John

On May 9, 1:36pm, Chet Ramey wrote:

```
} Subject: ksh scripts
} From odin.ins.cwru.edu!chet Tue May 9 10:39:51 1995
} Received: from odin.INS.CWRU.Edu by deepthought.armory.com id aa22336;
} 9 May 95 10:39 PDT
} Received: (chet@localhost) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
} id NAA20487; Tue, 9 May 1995 13:39:24 -0400 (from chet)
} Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 13:36:54 -0400
} From: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>
} To: john@armory.com
} Subject: ksh scripts
} Cc: chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu
} Reply-To: chet@po.cwru.edu
} Message-ID: <9505091736.AA20411.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
} Read-Receipt-To: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
} MIME-Version: 1.0
} Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii
} Status: OR
}
```

```
} Hi. I'm the maintainer of bash (the GNU `Bourne Again shell') for
} the FSF.
```

```
} I picked up a tar file of ksh scripts you wrote from an anon FTP site
} a while back. I'd like your permission to include modified versions
} of some of them in the next major bash distribution (with proper credit
} given, of course). Is it OK if I do that?
```

```
} Chet Ramey
```

```
} --
```

```
} ``The lyf so short, the craft so long to lerne." - Chaucer
```

```
} Chet Ramey, Case Western Reserve University Internet: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
```

```
-- End of excerpt from Chet Ramey
```

From friedman@cli.com Thu May 25 12:19:06 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: friedman@cli.com

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id MAA08685; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:05 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: from cli.com (cli.com [192.31.85.1]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)

id MAA11299; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:00 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)

Received: from tepui.cli.com by cli.com (4.1/SMI-4.1)

id AA27213; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:25 CDT

Received: by tepui.cli.com (4.1) id AA16031; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:23 CDT
Message-Id: <9505251618.AA16031@tepui.cli.com>
From: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu (Noah Friedman)
To: chet@po.cwru.edu
Subject: Bash scripts
Reply-To: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu
In-Reply-To: <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu> Thu, 25 May 1995 11:19:59 -0400
References: <9505251519.AA06424.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
Date: Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:21 CST

>Hi. I snagged some of your bash functions from your home directory on
>the FSF machines (naughty, I know), and I was wondering if you'd let
>me distribute them with bash-2.0. Thanks.

Sure. I think there's a later copy in
~ftp/friedman/shell-inits/init-4.89.tar.gz. There are also some elisp and
es frobs in that file.

It should serve as a pretty good example of how to get carried away. :-)

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```

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1.12 bash 4.2 :r8

1.12.1 Available under license :

From friedman@cli.com Thu May 25 12:19:06 1995
Flags: 10
Return-Path: friedman@cli.com
Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
id MAA08685; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:05 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)
Received: from cli.com (cli.com [192.31.85.1]) by po.cwru.edu with SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)
id MAA11299; Thu, 25 May 1995 12:19:00 -0400 (from friedman@cli.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)
Received: from tepui.cli.com by cli.com (4.1/SMI-4.1)
id AA27213; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:25 CDT
Received: by tepui.cli.com (4.1) id AA16031; Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:23 CDT
Message-Id: <9505251618.AA16031@tepui.cli.com>
From: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu (Noah Friedman)
To: chet@po.cwru.edu
Subject: Bash scripts
Reply-To: friedman@gnu.ai.mit.edu

In-Reply-To: <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu> Thu, 25 May 1995 11:19:59 -0400

References: <9505251519.AA06424.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>

Date: Thu, 25 May 95 11:18:21 CST

>Hi. I snagged some of your bash functions from your home directory on
>the FSF machines (naughty, I know), and I was wondering if you'd let
>me distribute them with bash-2.0. Thanks.

Sure. I think there's a later copy in
~ftp/friedman/shell-inits/init-4.89.tar.gz. There are also some elisp and
es frobs in that file.

It should serve as a pretty good example of how to get carried away. :-)

From mikel@ora.com Tue Aug 1 12:13:20 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: mikel@ora.com

Received: from ruby.ora.com (ruby.ora.com [198.112.208.25]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTTP
(8.6.12+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id MAA01565; Tue, 1 Aug 1995 12:13:18 -0400 (from mikel@ora.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: (from fax@localhost) by ruby.ora.com (8.6.12/8.6.11) with UUCP id MAA23251; Tue, 1 Aug 1995
12:07:51 -0400

Received: by los.ora.com (4.1/Spike-2.1)

id AA00672; Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT

Date: Tue, 1 Aug 95 08:57:32 EDT

From: mikel@ora.com (Michael Loukides)

Message-Id: <9508011257.AA00672@los.ora.com>

Subject: Re: Ksh debugger from Rosenblatt's book [for bash]

To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>

Cc: cmarie@ora.com, cam@iinet.com.au, brosenblatt@tm.com

In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>, Mon, 31 Jul 1995 16:22:48 -0400

I've modified a (modified) version of Bill Rosenblatt's ksh debugger
to work with bash-2.0. Does ORA have any problem with me distributing
it with bash-2.0?

That's great!

Go ahead and circulate it; in fact, we should probably grab it and
stick it in our ftp archive, and put a reference to it in the book.
(Too late to actually discuss the thing, at least for this edition).

From spcedt@armory.com Wed May 10 10:21:11 1995

Flags: 10

Return-Path: spcedt@armory.com

Received: from po.cwru.edu (root@po.CWRU.Edu [129.22.4.2]) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu with ESMTTP
(8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)

id KAA22876; Wed, 10 May 1995 10:21:10 -0400 (from spcedt@armory.com for <chet@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>)

Received: from deepthought.armory.com (mmdf@deepthought.armory.com [192.122.209.42]) by po.cwru.edu with

SMTP (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.3)

id BAA16354; Wed, 10 May 1995 01:33:22 -0400 (from spcedt@armory.com for <chet@po.cwru.edu>)

From: John DuBois <spcedt@armory.com>

Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 22:33:12 -0700

In-Reply-To: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>

"ksh scripts" (May 9, 1:36pm)

X-Www: <http://www.armory.com/~spcedt/>

X-Mailer: Mail User's Shell (7.2.5 10/14/92)

To: chet@po.cwru.edu

Subject: Re: ksh scripts

Message-ID: <9505092233.aa13001@deephought.armory.com>

Sure. The canonical versions are available on <ftp.armory.com>; you might want to pick up the latest versions before modifying them.

John

On May 9, 1:36pm, Chet Ramey wrote:

```
} Subject: ksh scripts
} From odin.ins.cwru.edu!chet Tue May 9 10:39:51 1995
} Received: from odin.INS.CWRU.Edu by deepthought.armory.com id aa22336;
} 9 May 95 10:39 PDT
} Received: (chet@localhost) by odin.INS.CWRU.Edu (8.6.10+cwru/CWRU-2.1-ins)
} id NAA20487; Tue, 9 May 1995 13:39:24 -0400 (from chet)
} Date: Tue, 9 May 1995 13:36:54 -0400
} From: Chet Ramey <chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu>
} To: john@armory.com
} Subject: ksh scripts
} Cc: chet@odin.ins.cwru.edu
} Reply-To: chet@po.cwru.edu
} Message-ID: <9505091736.AA20411.SM@odin.INS.CWRU.Edu>
} Read-Receipt-To: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
} MIME-Version: 1.0
} Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii
} Status: OR
}
} Hi. I'm the maintainer of bash (the GNU `Bourne Again shell') for
} the FSF.
}
} I picked up a tar file of ksh scripts you wrote from an anon FTP site
} a while back. I'd like your permission to include modified versions
} of some of them in the next major bash distribution (with proper credit
} given, of course). Is it OK if I do that?
}
} Chet Ramey
}
} --
} ``The lyf so short, the craft so long to lerne." - Chaucer
```


}
} Chet Ramey, Case Western Reserve University Internet: chet@po.CWRU.Edu
}-- End of excerpt from Chet Ramey

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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+++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support

that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

- e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

- a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.
- b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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Ty Coon, President of Vice

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@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License

@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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@appendixsubsec Preamble

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When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free

software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

```
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@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION
@end iftex
@ifinfo
@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
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A ``library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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@enumerate a

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These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6,

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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@page

@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

@smallexample

@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}

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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
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1.15 binutils 2.23.52.0.1 :30.el7_1.1

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```
@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
(This file is under construction.) -*- text -*-
```

If you've contributed to gas and your name isn't listed here, it is not meant as a slight. I just don't know about it. Email me, nickc@redhat.com and I'll correct the situation.

This file will eventually be deleted: The general info will go into the documentation, and info on specific files will go into an AUTHORS file, as requested by the FSF.

+++++

Dean Elsner wrote the original gas for vax. [more details?]

Jay Fenlason maintained gas for a while, adding support for

gdb-specific debug information and the 68k series machines, most of the preprocessing pass, and extensive changes in messages.c, input-file.c, write.c.

K. Richard Pixley maintained gas for a while, adding various enhancements and many bug fixes, including merging support for several processors, breaking gas up to handle multiple object file format backends (including heavy rewrite, testing, an integration of the coff and b.out backends), adding configuration including heavy testing and verification of cross assemblers and file splits and renaming, converted gas to strictly ansi C including full prototypes, added support for m680[34]0 & cpu32, considerable work on i960 including a coff port (including considerable amounts of reverse engineering), a sparc opcode file rewrite, decstation, rs6000, and hp300hpux host ports, updated "know" assertions and made them work, much other reorganization, cleanup, and lint.

Ken Raeburn wrote the high-level BFD interface code to replace most of the code in format-specific I/O modules.

The original Vax-VMS support was contributed by David L. Kashtan. Eric Youngdale and Pat Rankin have done much work with it since.

The Intel 80386 machine description was written by Eliot Dresselhaus.

Minh Tran-Le at IntelliCorp contributed some AIX 386 support.

The Motorola 88k machine description was contributed by Devon Bowen of Buffalo University and Torbjorn Granlund of the Swedish Institute of Computer Science.

Keith Knowles at the Open Software Foundation wrote the original MIPS back end (tc-mips.c, tc-mips.h), and contributed Rose format support that hasn't been merged in yet. Ralph Campbell worked with the MIPS code to support a.out format.

Support for the Zilog Z8k and Hitachi H8/300, H8/500 and SH processors (tc-z8k, tc-h8300, tc-h8500, tc-sh), and IEEE 695 object file format (obj-ieee), was written by Steve Chamberlain of Cygnus Solutions. Steve also modified the COFF back end (obj-coffbfd) to use BFD for some low-level operations, for use with the Hitachi, 29k and Zilog targets.

John Gilmore built the AMD 29000 support, added .include support, and simplified the configuration of which versions accept which pseudo-ops. He updated the 68k machine description so that Motorola's opcodes always produced fixed-size instructions (e.g. jsr), while synthetic instructions remained shrinkable (jbsr). John fixed many

bugs, including true tested cross-compilation support, and one bug in relaxation that took a week and required the proverbial one-bit fix.

Ian Lance Taylor of Cygnus Solutions merged the Motorola and MIT syntaxes for the 68k, completed support for some COFF targets (68k, i386 SVR3, and SCO Unix), wrote the ECOFF support based on Michael Meissner's mips-tfile program, wrote the PowerPC and RS/6000 support, and made a few other minor patches. He handled the binutils releases for versions 2.7 through 2.9.

David Edelsohn contributed fixes for the PowerPC and AIX support.

Steve Chamberlain made gas able to generate listings.

Support for the HP9000/300 was contributed by Glenn Engel of HP.

Support for ELF format files has been worked on by Mark Eichin of Cygnus Solutions (original, incomplete implementation), Pete Hoogenboom at the University of Utah (HPPA mainly), Michael Meissner of the Open Software Foundation (i386 mainly), and Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions (sparc, initial 64-bit support).

Several engineers at Cygnus Solutions have also provided many small bug fixes and configuration enhancements.

The initial Alpha support was contributed by Carnegie-Mellon University. Additional work was done by Ken Raeburn of Cygnus Solutions. Richard Henderson then rewrote much of the Alpha support.

Ian Dall updated the support code for the National Semiconductor 32000 series, and added support for Mach 3 and NetBSD running on the PC532.

Klaus Kaempf ported the assembler and the binutils to openVMS/Alpha.

Steve Haworth contributed the support for the Texas Instruction c30 (tms320c30).

H.J. Lu has contributed many patches and much testing.

Alan Modra reworked much of the i386 backend, improving the error checking, updating the code, and improving the 16 bit support, using patches from the work of Martynas Kunigelis and H.J. Lu.

Many others have contributed large or small bugfixes and enhancements. If you've contributed significant work and are not mentioned on this list, and want to be, let us know. Some of the history has been lost; we aren't intentionally leaving anyone out.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the

source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License

@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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@appendixsubsec Preamble

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We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

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@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in

themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

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Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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```

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1.16 busybox 1.19.4 :r23

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.
jseward@bzip.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006

1.17 busybox-oe-min 1.19.4 :r1.1

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```
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```

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Julian Seward, Cambridge, UK.

jseward@bzip.org

bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006

1.18 bzip2 1.0.6 :12.e17

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bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

1.19 bzip2 1.0.6 :r5

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bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

1.20 ca-certificates 2014.1.98 :72.el7

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1.21 centos-release 7 :1.1503.el7.centos.2.8

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-*- coding: utf-8 -*-

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Special Recognition

One of the key reasons we got delayed on the CentOS-6 release was lack of suitable build resources, especially when we had to repeatedly build large chunks of code. Norwood S came forward and worked with me to setup a large build machine, then tune the build process and help improve the overall build, test and validate process we were using. This build machine he donated to the project was about 5 times more capable than the entire buildsystem we had. And he did this out of his own pocket, from his own time, and has since upgraded the machine as well. It's now a 128GB, 48 core machine, with 4 SSD's and 4 sata disks : but the key metric is that it can build from source, the entire CentOS-7 distro in under 22 hrs.

Having this capability was key in our ability to build, test and deliver CentOS-7 as rapidly as we have been able to.

We'd like to dedicate the CentOS-7 Release to Mr Norwood S, of Phoenix, AZ, USA for his continued support for the project.

Contributors:

The Red Hat developers, without whom CentOS would look very different

Akemi Matsuno-Yagi
Alain Reguera Delgado
Alan Bartlett
Andreas Thienemann
Anssi Johansson
Athmane Madjoudj
Bonnie King
Brian Stinson
Carl Trieloff
Christoph Galuschka
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James Moger
Jeff Sheltren
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```

```
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1.22 chkconfig 1.3.58 :r3

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```
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```

```
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(at your option) any later version.
```

```
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```
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```

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```
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`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.23 chkconfig 1.3.61 :4.e17

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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.24 coreutils 8.22 :11.e17

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```
@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
#!/bin/sh
# make sure `md5sum -c' works for alternate BSD format (md5 -r)

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```

```
."${srcdir=}/init.sh"; path_prepend_ ../src  
print_ver_ md5sum
```

```
# Note we start this list with a name  
# that's unambiguous in BSD format.  
# I.E. one not starting with ' ' or '*'  
for i in 'a' 'b' '*c' 'dd' ' '; do  
  echo "$i" > "$i"  
  md5sum "$i" >> check.md5sum  
done  
sed 's/ //' check.md5sum > check.md5
```

```
# Note only a single format is supported per run  
md5sum --strict -c check.md5sum || fail=1  
md5sum --strict -c check.md5 || fail=1
```

```
# If we skip the first entry in the BSD format checksums  
# then it'll be detected as standard format and error.  
# This unlikely caveat was thought better than mandating  
# an option to avoid the ambiguity.  
tail -n+2 check.md5 | md5sum --strict -c && fail=1
```

```
Exit $fail
```

1.26 cpio 2.11 :24.e17

1.26.1 Available under license :

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1.27 cpio 2.11 :r3

1.27.1 Available under license :

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```
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Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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```
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This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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1.28 cracklib 2.8.18 :r6

1.28.1 Available under license :

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Discussion thread from mailing list archive, with approval from everyone actively involved or holding original licensing rights included.

[Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:16

Attachments: Message as HTML

looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing libraries unde=
r=20

GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:18

I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point, it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a clarification of the licensing that was already in place.=20

-- Nathan

=20

Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...

University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679

UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...

> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of

> Mike Frysinger
> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:15 PM
> To: cracklib-devel@li...
> Subject: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
>=20
> looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing
> libraries under
> GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:33

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:

> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly
> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,
> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was
> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was not=20
GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the license=
=20
change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib unless th=
eir=20
applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the place of =
a=20
library to dictact to application writes what license they should be using.=
=20
thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license
From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:46
Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small bit of
additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine by me.

-- Nathan
=20

Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...
University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679
UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...
> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of
> Mike Frysinger
> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:33 PM
> To: Neulinger, Nathan
> Cc: cracklib-devel@li...; Alec Muffett
> Subject: Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

>=20

> On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:
>> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec
> directly
>> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this
> point,
>> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what
> it was
>> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
>> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

>=20

> the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was
> not
> GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the
> license
> change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

>=20

> unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib
> unless their
> applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the
> place of a
> library to dictact to application writes what license they should
> be using.
> thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2007-10-02 08:57

> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
> bit of
> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
> by me.

I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be linked with any code, not just GPL...

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Devin Reade <gdr@gn...> - 2007-10-02 15:04

I would like to see it under LGPL as well. I think it is in everyone's best interests to have as secure systems as possible, and I think tainting it via GPL will just make it less likely that the library gets used, and will not usually cause companies/developers to GPL the dependent code (where it is not already GPL).

I like GPL, I use it when I can, but I don't think that it's the correct license in this situation.

Devin

--

If it's sinful, it's more fun.

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@re...> - 2008-01-28 16:32

On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
>> bit of
>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
>> by me.

>

> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

>

> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
> linked with any code, not just GPL...

My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable timeframe.

I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately, GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages

which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

Cheers,

Nalin

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-05 21:27

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 28 January 2008, Nalin Dahyabhai wrote:

> On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
>>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
>>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
>>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
>>> bit of
>>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
>>> by me.

>>

>> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

>>

>> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
>> linked with any code, not just GPL...

>

> My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable
> timeframe.

>

> I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately,
> GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the
> GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the
> GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages
> which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

>

> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make
the change now ?

-mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2008-10-05 23:18

>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

>

> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make
> the change now ?

yes. go for it. thanks++

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-25 22:34

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Sunday 05 October 2008, Alec Muffett wrote:

> >> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

> >

> > looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we

> > make the change now ?

>

> yes. go for it. thanks++

Nathan Neulinger is the only one who can actually make said change ...

-mike

BELOW IS ORIGINAL LICENSING DISCUSSION RE CHANGING TO GPL from Artistic.

CrackLib was originally licensed with a variant of the Artistic license. In the interests of wider acceptance and more modern licensing, it was switched with the original author's blessing to GPL v2.

This approval was carried out in email discussions in 2005, and has been reconfirmed as of 2007-10-01 with the following email from Alec Muffett.

The below email references nneul@umr.edu address, as that is the address that was used at the time. For any future emails regarding this, please use nneul@neulinger.org.

From alecm@crypticide.com Mon Oct 1 12:26:03 2007

Received: from umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu ([131.151.0.192]) by UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);

Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:03 -0500

Received: from scansrv2.srv.mst.edu ([131.151.1.114]) by umr-exproto2.cc.umn.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);
Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:02 -0500
Received: (qmail 8022 invoked from network); 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000
Received: from smtp1.srv.mst.edu (131.151.1.43)
by scanin-ipvs.cc.umn.edu with SMTP; 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000
Received: from spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (mx1.spunky.mail.dreamhost.com [208.97.132.47])
by smtp1.srv.mst.edu (8.13.1/8.13.1) with ESMTP id 191Gxtpr020623
for <nneul@umn.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500
Received: from rutherford.zen.co.uk (rutherford.zen.co.uk [212.23.3.142])
by spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id 2C7734D311
for <nneul@neulinger.org>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 09:59:50 -0700 (PDT)
Received: from [82.68.43.14] (helo=[192.168.1.3])
by rutherford.zen.co.uk with esmtp (Exim 4.50)
id 1IcOcX-0004Qt-6L
for nneul@neulinger.org; Mon, 01 Oct 2007 16:59:49 +0000
Mime-Version: 1.0 (Apple Message framework v752.2)
In-Reply-To: <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
References: <1190922867.3457.147.camel@localhost.localdomain>
<EC90713277D2BE41B7110CCD74E235CEF44F38@UMR-CMAIL1.umn.edu>
<1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII; delsp=yes; format=flowed
Message-Id: <117A1264-F6DC-4E25-B0DD-56FBFE6E9F@crypticide.com>
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@crypticide.com>
Subject: Re: cracklib license
Date: Mon, 1 Oct 2007 17:59:46 +0100
To: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@neulinger.org>
X-Mailer: Apple Mail (2.752.2)
X-Originating-Rutherford-IP: [82.68.43.14]
Return-Path: alecm@crypticide.com
X-OriginalArrivalTime: 01 Oct 2007 17:26:03.0008 (UTC) FILETIME=[2420C000:01C80450]
Status: RO
Content-Length: 585
Lines: 21

>
> ----- Forwarded message -----
> From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@umn.edu>
> Date: Sep 27, 2007 2:58 PM
> Subject: RE: cracklib license
> To: alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk
>
> Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly
> that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that
> email
> in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the
> original discussion, but something succinct and self contained

> would be
> ideal.

The license for my code in the Cracklib distribution is henceforth GPL.

Happy now? :-)

-a

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]

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^L

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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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1.29 cracklib 2.9.0 :11.e17

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^L

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<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library 'Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

EFFECTIVE OCT 2008, LICENSE IS BEING CHANGED TO LGPL-2.1 (though not reflected in released code until Nov 2009 - slow release cycle...)

Discussion thread from mailing list archive, with approval from everyone actively involved or holding original licensing rights included.

[Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:16

Attachments: Message as HTML

looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing libraries unde=
r=20

GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists
=2Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:18

I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly
and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,
it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was
released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
clarification of the licensing that was already in place.=20

-- Nathan

=20

Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...

University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679

UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...

> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of

> Mike Frysinger

> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:15 PM

> To: cracklib-devel@li...

> Subject: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

>=20

> looks like 2.8.11 is out and marked as "GPL-2" ... releasing

> libraries under

> GPL-2 is not desirable at all ... this is why the LGPL-2.1 exists

> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2007-10-02 01:33

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:

> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec directly

> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this point,

> it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what it was
> released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
> clarification of the licensing that was already in place.

the original license (before moving to sourceforge -- aka, 2.7) was not=20
GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the license=
=20
change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.

unlike the old license, GPL-2 prevents people from using cracklib unless th=
eir=20
applications are also GPL-2 which imo is just wrong. it isnt the place of =
a=20
library to dictact to application writes what license they should be using.=
=20
thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
=20Dmike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@um...> - 2007-10-02 01:46

Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small bit of
additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine by me.

-- Nathan

=20

Nathan Neulinger EMail: nneul@um...

University of Missouri - Rolla Phone: (573) 341-6679

UMR Information Technology Fax: (573) 341-4216

> -----Original Message-----

> From: cracklib-devel-bounces@li...

> [mailto:cracklib-devel-bounces@li...] On Behalf Of

> Mike Frysinger

> Sent: Monday, October 01, 2007 8:33 PM

> To: Neulinger, Nathan

> Cc: cracklib-devel@li...; Alec Muffett

> Subject: Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

>=20

> On Monday 01 October 2007, Neulinger, Nathan wrote:

>> I understand that, and you're welcome to bring it up with Alec

> directly

>> and see if he wants to relicense his code as LGPL... but at this

> point,

> > it was enough to just get it consistent and documented as to what
> it was
> > released under. This wasn't actually a license change, just a
> > clarification of the licensing that was already in place.
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> GPL-2 ... it was a modified artistic license ... i didnt notice the
> license
> change until it was mentioned in the latest notes.
>=20
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> place of a
> library to dictact to application writes what license they should
> be using.
> thus LGPL-2.1 enters to fill this void.
> -mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2007-10-02 08:57

> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
> bit of
> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
> by me.

I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?

What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
linked with any code, not just GPL...

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Devin Reade <gdr@gn...> - 2007-10-02 15:04

I would like to see it under LGPL as well. I think it is in everyone's
best interests to have as secure systems as possible, and I think tainting
it via GPL will just make it less likely that the library gets used, and
will not usually cause companies/developers to GPL the dependent code
(where it is not already GPL).

I like GPL, I use it when I can, but I don't think that it's the correct

license in this situation.

Devin

--

If it's sinful, it's more fun.

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Nalin Dahyabhai <nalin@re...> - 2008-01-28 16:32

On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:

>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done
>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
>> bit of
>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
>> by me.
>
> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?
>
> What I am hearing so far is that LGPL makes sense, since it can be
> linked with any code, not just GPL...

My apologies for not chiming in in anything resembling a reasonable timeframe.

I'd also suggest the LGPL, for the reason you noted above. Alternately, GPLv2 with the option of using the library under a later version of the GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.

In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

Cheers,

Nalin

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-05 21:27

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Monday 28 January 2008, Nalin Dahyabhai wrote:

> On Tue, Oct 02, 2007 at 09:57:31AM +0100, Alec Muffett wrote:
>>> Seems like the ideal thing here would be for you and the other distro
>>> maintainers to get together with Alec in a conversation and come to a
>>> decision as to what licensing scheme y'all want. I haven't really done

>>> much other than cleaning up the packaging and patches and a small
>>> bit of
>>> additional code, so whatever licensing y'all come up with is fine
>>> by me.
>>
>> I am sympathetic. Guys, what do you reckon?
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>> linked with any code, not just GPL...
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> timeframe.
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> GPL would permit applications which were released under version 3 of the
> GPL to use the library, too, which would be sufficient for the packages
> which are included in Fedora. FWIW, I'd personally lean toward LGPL.
>
> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.

looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make
the change now ?

-mike

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Alec Muffett <alecm@cr...> - 2008-10-05 23:18

>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.
>
> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we make
> the change now ?

yes. go for it. thanks++

-a

Re: [Cracklib-devel] cracklib license

From: Mike Frysinger <vapier@ge...> - 2008-10-25 22:34

Attachments: Message as HTML

On Sunday 05 October 2008, Alec Muffett wrote:

>>> In any case, I thank you both for working on sorting this out.
>>
>> looks like everyone is OK with LGPL-2.1 (GNU Lesser license), so can we
>> make the change now ?
>

> yes. go for it. thanks++

Nathan Neulinger is the only one who can actually make said change ...
-mike

BELOW IS ORIGINAL LICENSING DISCUSSION RE CHANGING TO GPL from Artistic.

CrackLib was originally licensed with a variant of the Artistic license. In the interests of wider acceptance and more modern licensing, it was switched with the original author's blessing to GPL v2.

This approval was carried out in email discussions in 2005, and has been reconfirmed as of 2007-10-01 with the following email from Alec Muffett.

The below email references nneul@umr.edu address, as that is the address that was used at the time. For any future emails regarding this, please use nneul@neulinger.org.

From alecm@crypticide.com Mon Oct 1 12:26:03 2007

Received: from umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu ([131.151.0.192]) by UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);

Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:03 -0500

Received: from scansrv2.srv.mst.edu ([131.151.1.114]) by umr-exproto2.cc.umr.edu with Microsoft SMTPSVC(6.0.3790.3959);

Mon, 1 Oct 2007 12:26:02 -0500

Received: (qmail 8022 invoked from network); 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000

Received: from smtp1.srv.mst.edu (131.151.1.43)

by scanin-ipvs.cc.umr.edu with SMTP; 1 Oct 2007 16:59:55 -0000

Received: from spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (mx1.spunky.mail.dreamhost.com [208.97.132.47])

by smtp1.srv.mst.edu (8.13.1/8.13.1) with ESMTP id 191Gxtpr020623

for <nneul@umr.edu>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 11:59:55 -0500

Received: from rutherford.zen.co.uk (rutherford.zen.co.uk [212.23.3.142])

by spunkymail-mx8.g.dreamhost.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id 2C7734D311

for <nneul@neulinger.org>; Mon, 1 Oct 2007 09:59:50 -0700 (PDT)

Received: from [82.68.43.14] (helo=[192.168.1.3])

by rutherford.zen.co.uk with esmtp (Exim 4.50)

id 1IcOcX-0004Qt-6L

for nneul@neulinger.org; Mon, 01 Oct 2007 16:59:49 +0000

Mime-Version: 1.0 (Apple Message framework v752.2)

In-Reply-To: <1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>

References: <1190922867.3457.147.camel@localhost.localdomain>
<EC90713277D2BE41B7110CCD74E235CEF44F38@UMR-CMAIL1.umr.edu>
<1b1b3fd80710010908k11dac0afp1f2dd471059ff9a4@mail.gmail.com>
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=US-ASCII; delsp=yes; format=flowed
Message-Id: <117A1264-F6DC-4E25-B0DD-56FBFE6E9F@crypticide.com>
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit
From: Alec Muffett <alecm@crypticide.com>
Subject: Re: cracklib license
Date: Mon, 1 Oct 2007 17:59:46 +0100
To: Nathan Neulinger <nneul@neulinger.org>
X-Mailer: Apple Mail (2.752.2)
X-Originating-Rutherford-IP: [82.68.43.14]
Return-Path: alecm@crypticide.com
X-OriginalArrivalTime: 01 Oct 2007 17:26:03.0008 (UTC) FILETIME=[2420C000:01C80450]
Status: RO
Content-Length: 585
Lines: 21

>
> ----- Forwarded message -----
> From: Neulinger, Nathan <nneul@umr.edu>
> Date: Sep 27, 2007 2:58 PM
> Subject: RE: cracklib license
> To: alecm@crypto.dircon.co.uk
>
> Any chance you could write me a self-contained email stating clearly
> that the license is being changed to GPL, so I could include that
> email
> in the repository and clean up the repository/tarballs? I have all the
> original discussion, but something succinct and self contained
> would be
> ideal.

The license for my code in the Cracklib distribution is henceforth GPL.

Happy now? :-)

-a

```
#!/usr/bin/python
# Copyright 2009, 2012 Jan Dittberner <jan@dittberner.info>
#
# This file is part of cracklib.
#
# cracklib is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it
# under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by
# the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or
```

```
# (at your option) any later version.  
#  
# cracklib is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but  
# WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of  
# MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU  
# General Public License for more details.  
#  
# You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License  
# along with Prua; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation,  
# Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA
```

1.30 createrepo 0.4.11

1.30.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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1.36 cyrus-sasl 2.1.26 :17.e17

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1.38 db 5.3.15 :r7

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-->

<!-- \$Id: copyright.xml,v 1.8 2009-07-10 23:47:58 tbox Exp \$ -->

<!-- Generate ISC copyright comments from Docbook copyright metadata. -->

<xsl:stylesheet xmlns:xsl="http://www.w3.org/1999/XSL/Transform" version="1.0">

<xsl:template name="isc.copyright.format">

<xsl:param name="text"/>

<xsl:value-of select="\$isc.copyright.leader"/>

<xsl:value-of select="normalize-space(substring-before(\$text, '#10;'))"/>

<xsl:text>#10;</xsl:text>

<xsl:variable name="rest" select="substring-after(\$text, '#10;')"/>

<xsl:if test="translate(\$rest, '#9;#32;', '')">

<xsl:call-template name="isc.copyright.format">

<xsl:with-param name="text" select="\$rest"/>

</xsl:call-template>

</xsl:if>

</xsl:template>

<xsl:variable name="isc.copyright.text">

<xsl:text>

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</xsl:text>

</xsl:variable>

<xsl:variable name="isc.copyright">

<xsl:call-template name="isc.copyright.format">

<xsl:with-param name="text">

<xsl:for-each select="/refentry/docinfo/copyright | /book/bookinfo/copyright">

<xsl:text>Copyright (C) </xsl:text>

<xsl:call-template name="copyright.years">

<xsl:with-param name="years" select="year"/>

</xsl:call-template>

<xsl:text> </xsl:text>

<xsl:value-of select="holder"/>

<xsl:text>
</xsl:text>

</xsl:for-each>

<xsl:value-of select="\$isc.copyright.text"/>

</xsl:with-param>

</xsl:call-template>

</xsl:variable>

</xsl:stylesheet>

<!--

- Local variables:

- mode: sgml

- End:

-->

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* `configure.ac`, `Makefile.am`: The original versions were derived from the ones in the XML Catalog Manager project, version 2.2.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@users.sourceforge.net>

* `atf-c/ui.c`: The `format_paragraph` and `format_text` functions were derived from the ones in the Monotone project, revision 3a0982da308228d796df35f98d787c5cff2bb5b6.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv@NetBSD.org>

* `atf-c++/detail/io.hpp`, `atf-c++/detail/io.cpp`, `atf-c++/detail/io_test.cpp`: These files were derived from the `file_handle`, `systembuf`, `pipe` and `pistream` classes and tests found in the Boost.Process library.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv84@gmail.com>

* admin/check-style.sh, admin/check-style-common.awk,
admin/check-style-cpp.awk, admin/check-style-shell.awk: These files,
except the first one, were first implemented in the Buildtool project.
They were later adapted to be part of Boost.Process and, during that
process, the shell script was created.

Author: Julio Merino <jmmv84@gmail.com>

```
=====
vim: filetype=text:textwidth=75:expandtab:shiftwidth=2:softtabstop=2
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1.42 diffutils 3.2 :r7

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```
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Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

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```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
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under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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1.44 e2fsprogs 1.42.1 :r4

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Gadi Oxman, August 1995

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```
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```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program
`Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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Index: tdbsa/tdb.c

```
=====
--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c
+++ tdbsa/tdb.c
```

@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371

Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)

*/

/*

- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.
- + trivial database library - standalone version

- trivial database library - private includes

-

- Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell 2005
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- + Copyright (C) Jeremy Allison 2000-2006
- + Copyright (C) Paul `Rusty' Russell 2000

** NOTE! The following LGPL license applies to the tdb

** library. This does NOT imply that all of Samba is released

#

This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared
libraries.

#

In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.

#

BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0

BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce

BSDLIB_MYDIR = et

BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = \$(SHLIBDIR)

#

all:: image

real-subdirs:: Makefile

@echo " MKDIR pic"

@mkdir -p pic

BSD_LIB = \$(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.\$(BSDLIB_VERSION)

BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic

image: \$(BSD_LIB)

\$(BSD_LIB): \$(OBJS)

(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o \$(BSD_LIB) \$(OBJS))

\$(MV) pic/\$(BSD_LIB) .

\$(RM) -f ../\$(BSD_LIB)

(cd ..; \$(LN) \$(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \

`echo \$(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;'/'\$(BSD_LIB) \$(BSD_LIB))

install-shlibs install:: \$(BSD_LIB)

@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM \$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/\$(BSD_LIB)"


```
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \  
$(DESTDIR)$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)  
@-$(LDCONFIG)
```

install-strip: install

install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs

uninstall-shlibs uninstall::

```
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
```

clean::

```
$(RM) -rf pic
```

```
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
```

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```
#!/bin/sh
```

```
find . -type f ! -name \*~ ! -exec grep -q Begin-Header \{\} \; -print \  
| grep -v ^./build
```

This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the ss command-line interface parsing library library. It is currently distributed together with the EXT2 file system utilities, which are otherwise packaged as "e2fsprogs".

This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>, from sources obtained from a mirror of:
tsx-11.mit.edu:/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/

From the original distribution:

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Sources were obtained from <http://sourceforge.net/projects/e2fsprogs>

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It is part of the main e2fsprogs distribution, which can be found at:

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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the Common Error
Description library. It is currently distributed together with the EXT2 file
system utilities, which are otherwise packaged as "e2fsprogs".

This package was put together by Yann Dirson <dirson@debian.org>,
from sources obtained from a mirror of:
tsx-11.mit.edu:/pub/linux/packages/ext2fs/

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This is the Debian GNU/Linux prepackaged version of the EXT2 file system utilities (e2fsck, mke2fs, etc.). The EXT2 utilities were written by Theodore Ts'o <tytso@mit.edu> and Remy Card <card@masi.ibp.fr>.

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Theodore Ts'o
23-June-2007

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
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1.45 e2fsprogs 1.42.9 :7.e17

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```
#
# This is a Makefile stub which handles the creation of BSD shared
# libraries.
#
# In order to use this stub, the following makefile variables must be defined.
#
# BSDLIB_VERSION = 1.0
# BSDLIB_IMAGE = libce
# BSDLIB_MYDIR = et
# BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR = $(SHLIBDIR)
#
```

```
all:: image
```

```
real-subdirs:: Makefile
@echo " MKDIR pic"
@mkdir -p pic
```

```
BSD_LIB = $(BSDLIB_IMAGE).so.$(BSDLIB_VERSION)
BSDLIB_PIC_FLAG = -fpic
```

```
image: $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
$(BSD_LIB): $(OBJS)
(cd pic; ld -Bshareable -o $(BSD_LIB) $(LD_FLAGS) $(OBJS))
$(MV) pic/$(BSD_LIB) .
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
(cd ..; $(LN) $(LINK_BUILD_FLAGS) \
`echo $(my_dir) | sed -e 's;lib/;;' /$(BSD_LIB) $(BSD_LIB))
```

```
install-shlibs install:: $(BSD_LIB)
@echo " INSTALL_PROGRAM $(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)"
@$(INSTALL_PROGRAM) $(BSD_LIB) \
```

```
$(DESTDIR)$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
@-$(LDFLAGS)
```

```
install-strip: install
```

```
install-shlibs-strip: install-shlibs
```

```
uninstall-shlibs uninstall::
```

```
$(RM) -f $(DESTDIR)$(BSDLIB_INSTALL_DIR)/$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
clean::
```

```
$(RM) -rf pic
```

```
$(RM) -f $(BSD_LIB)
```

```
$(RM) -f ../$(BSD_LIB)
```

```
Index: tdbsa/tdb.c
```

```
-----  
--- tdbsa.orig/tdb.c
```

```
+++ tdbsa/tdb.c
```

```
@@ -4,11 +4,11 @@ Rev: 23371
```

```
Last Changed Date: 2007-06-06 20:14:06 -0400 (Wed, 06 Jun 2007)
```

```
*/
```

```
/*
```

```
- Unix SMB/CIFS implementation.  
+ trivial database library - standalone version
```

```
- trivial database library - private includes
```

```
-
```

```
- Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell      2005  
+ Copyright (C) Andrew Tridgell      1999-2005  
+ Copyright (C) Jeremy Allison      2000-2006  
+ Copyright (C) Paul `Rusty' Russell  2000
```

```
** NOTE! The following LGPL license applies to the tdb
```

```
** library. This does NOT imply that all of Samba is released
```

```
#!/bin/sh
```

```
find . -type f \! -name \*~ \! -exec grep -q Begin-Header \{\} \; -print \  
| grep -v ^./build
```

```
EXT2ED is hereby placed under the terms of the GNU General Public License.
```

```
Follows the GNU license.
```

```
Gadi Oxman, August 1995
```

```
-----  
GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
```

```
Version 2, June 1991
```

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```

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```
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Theodore Ts'o
23-June-2007

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1.49 elfutils 0.160 :1.el7

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1.58 findutils 4.4.2 :r6

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.59 fipscheck 1.4.1 :5.e17

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1.60 gawk 4.0.0 :r1

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file

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How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>
```

```
This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify  
it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by  
the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or  
(at your option) any later version.
```

```
This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,  
but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of  
MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the  
GNU General Public License for more details.
```

```
You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License  
along with this program. If not, see <http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>.
```

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

The hypothetical commands `show w' and `show c' should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an "about box".

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or school,

if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary.
For more information on this, and how to apply and follow the GNU GPL, see
<<http://www.gnu.org/licenses/>>.

The GNU General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Lesser General Public License instead of this License. But first, please read
<<http://www.gnu.org/philosophy/why-not-lgpl.html>>.

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Version 2, June 1991

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[This is the first released version of the library GPL. It is numbered 2 because it goes with version 2 of the ordinary GPL.]

Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Library General Public License, applies to some specially designated Free Software Foundation software, and to any other libraries whose authors decide to use it. You can use it for your libraries, too.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you know you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source

code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while

preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does

and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based

on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and

therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.

Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the

user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

1.62 gcc 4.8.3 :9.e17

1.62.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of

it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
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table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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* m4/ax_func_which_gethostbyname_r.m4

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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128 bit long double support was introduced with GCC 4.6.0 for FreeBSD.

These lines make the symbols to get a @@GCC_4.6.0.

%exclude {

__addtf3

__copysigntf3

```
__divtc3
__divtf3
__eqtf2
__extenddf2
__extendsf2
__extendxf2
__fabstf2
__fixtfdi
__fixtfsi
__fixtfti
__fixunstfdi
__fixunstfsi
__fixunstfti
__floatditf
__floatsitf
__floattitf
__floatunditf
__floatunsitf
__floatuntitf
__getf2
__gttf2
__letf2
__lttf2
__multc3
__multf3
__negtf2
__netf2
__powitf2
__subtf3
__trunctdf2
__trunctsf2
__trunctxf2
__unordtf2
}
```

```
GCC_4.6.0 {
__addtf3
#ifdef __x86_64__
__copysigntf3
#endif
__divtc3
__divtf3
__eqtf2
__extenddf2
__extendsf2
__extendxf2
#ifdef __x86_64__
__fabstf2
```

```

%endif
__fixtfdi
__fixtfsi
#ifdef __x86_64__
__fixtfti
%endif
__fixunstfdi
__fixunstfsi
#ifdef __x86_64__
__fixunstfti
%endif
__floatditf
__floatsitf
#ifdef __x86_64__
__floattitf
%endif
__floatunditf
__floatunsitf
#ifdef __x86_64__
__floatuntitf
%endif
__getf2
__gttf2
__letf2
__ltof2
__multc3
__multf3
__negtf2
__netf2
__powtf2
__subtf3
__trunctfdf2
__trunctfsf2
__trunctxf2
__unordtf2
}

GCC_4.8.0 {
__cpu_model
__cpu_indicator_init
}

```

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser. The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM. Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood. Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code. Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code. Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port. Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and Brian D. Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports. Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code. Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes. Alistair G. Crooks(agg@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports. Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port. Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk). Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).

Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port. David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements. Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC. Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code. Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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@iftex

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@end smallexample

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```
@smallexample
```

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library
`Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
```

```
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

```
@end smallexample
```

That's all there is to it!

```
@ignore
```

```
@c Set file name and title for man page.
```

```
@setfilename gfdl
```

```
@settitle GNU Free Documentation License
```

```
@c man begin SEEALSO
```

```
gpl(7), fsf-funding(7).
```

```
@c man end
```

```
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
```

```
Copyright @copyright{ } 2000, 2001, 2002, 2007, 2008 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
```

```
@uref{http://fsf.org/}
```

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```
@c This file is intended to be included within another document,
```

```
@c hence no sectioning command or @node.
```

```
@c man end
```

```
@end ignore
```

```
@c Special handling for inclusion in the install manual.
```

```
@ifset gfdlhtml
```

```
@ifnohtml
```

```
@comment node-name, next, previous, up
```

```
@node GNU Free Documentation License, Concept Index, Old, Top
```

```
@end ifnohtml
```

```
@html
```

```
<h1 align="center">Installing GCC: GNU Free Documentation License</h1>
```

```
@end html
```

```
@ifnohtml
```

```
@unnumbered GNU Free Documentation License
```

```
@end ifnohtml
```

```
@end ifset
```

```
@c man begin DESCRIPTION
```

```
@ifclear gfdlhtml
```

@node GNU Free Documentation License
@unnumbered GNU Free Documentation License
@end ifclear

@cindex FDL, GNU Free Documentation License
@center Version 1.3, 3 November 2008

@display
Copyright @copyright{ } 2000, 2001, 2002, 2007, 2008 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
@uref{http://fsf.org/}

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@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
```

```
@c man end
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
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@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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```
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@var{program} Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
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@end smallexample
```

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@c man end

```
=====
compiler_rt License
=====
```

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Developed by:

LLVM Team

University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

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1.63 gdb 7.4.50.20120716 :r2

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```

```
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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you

distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

- a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.
- b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice

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@center Version 2.1, February 1999

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@appendixsubsec Preamble

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This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software---typically libraries---of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

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We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that

any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a

``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex

@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end iftex

@ifinfo

@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end ifinfo

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A ``library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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``Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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The modified work must itself be a software library.

@item

You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library,

and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

@item

You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not

compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

@item

A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library'', as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

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Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@end ifinfo

@page

@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

@smallexample

@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}

Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}

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@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your

school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
@smallexample
```

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library
`Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
```

```
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

```
@end smallexample
```

That's all there is to it!

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
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@node Copying
@c man begin DESCRIPTION
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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

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@smallexample

@group

with the Invariant Sections being @var{list their titles}, with the Front-Cover Texts being @var{list}, and with the Back-Cover Texts

```
being @var{list}.
@end group
@end smallexample
```

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```
@c Local Variables:
@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"
@c End:
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Version 3, 29 June 2007
```

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the

Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

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- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility

is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work

under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)
- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
- c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.
- d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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1.66 glib2 2.32.3 :r4

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Preamble

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2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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1.67 glib2 2.40.0 :4.e17

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Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your
freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public
Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change
free software--to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Library General Public License, applies to some
specially designated Free Software Foundation software, and to any
other libraries whose authors decide to use it. You can use it for
your libraries, too.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom, not
price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you
have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for
this service if you wish), that you receive source code or can get it
if you want it, that you can change the software or use pieces of it
in new free programs; and that you know you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid
anyone to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender the rights.
These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if
you distribute copies of the library, or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis
or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave
you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source
code. If you link a program with the library, you must provide
complete object files to the recipients so that they can relink them
with the library, after making changes to the library and recompiling
it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

Our method of protecting your rights has two steps: (1) copyright

the library, and (2) offer you this license which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License, which was designed for utility programs. This license, the GNU Library General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries. This license is quite different from the ordinary one; be sure to read it in full, and don't assume that anything in it is the same as in the ordinary license.

The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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0. This License Agreement applies to any software library which contains a notice placed by the copyright holder or other authorized party saying it may be distributed under the terms of this Library General Public License (also called "this License"). Each licensee is addressed as "you".

A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

1. You may copy and distribute verbatim copies of the Library's complete source code as you receive it, in any medium, provided that you conspicuously and appropriately publish on each copy an appropriate copyright notice and disclaimer of warranty; keep intact

all the notices that refer to this License and to the absence of any warranty; and distribute a copy of this License along with the Library.

You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy, and you may at your option offer warranty protection in exchange for a fee.

2. You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

- a) The modified work must itself be a software library.
- b) You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.
- c) You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.
- d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest

your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

3. You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License.

Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also compile or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

- a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

c) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

d) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the source code distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

It may happen that this requirement contradicts the license restrictions of other proprietary libraries that do not normally accompany the operating system. Such a contradiction means you cannot use both them and the Library together in an executable that you distribute.

7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

a) Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

b) Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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If any portion of this section is held invalid or unenforceable under any particular circumstance, the balance of the section is intended to apply, and the section as a whole is intended to apply in other circumstances.

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This section is intended to make thoroughly clear what is believed to be a consequence of the rest of this License.

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END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

Appendix: How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the "copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

<one line to give the library's name and a brief idea of what it does.>
Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a "copyright disclaimer" for the library, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

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library `Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990

Ty Coon, President of Vice

That's all there is to it!

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@subheading Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public

Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software---to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software---typically libraries---of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must

be combined with the library in order to run.

@subheading TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@enumerate 0

@item

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You may charge a fee for the physical act of transferring a copy,

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@item

You may modify your copy or copies of the Library or any portion of it, thus forming a work based on the Library, and copy and distribute such modifications or work under the terms of Section 1 above, provided that you also meet all of these conditions:

@enumerate a

@item

The modified work must itself be a software library.

@item

You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

@item

You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

@item

If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

@item

You may opt to apply the terms of the ordinary GNU General Public License instead of this License to a given copy of the Library. To do this, you must alter all the notices that refer to this License, so that they refer to the ordinary GNU General Public License, version 2, instead of to this License. (If a newer version than version 2 of the ordinary GNU General Public License has appeared, then you can specify that version instead if you wish.) Do not make any other change in these notices.

Once this change is made in a given copy, it is irreversible for that copy, so the ordinary GNU General Public License applies to all subsequent copies and derivative works made from that copy.

This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

@item

You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

@item

A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a ``work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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@example

@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}

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@end example

@noindent

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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@smallexample

@var{program} Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}

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type @samp{show w}. This is free software, and you are

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type @samp{show c} for details.

@end smallexample

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1.72 gnutls 2.12.17 :r7.3

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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@item

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@item

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@item

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@item

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@item

Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

@end enumerate

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@smallexample

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```
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This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it
under certain conditions; type @samp{show c} for details.
@end smallexample
```

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@enumerate a

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@page

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```
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```

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```

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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
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1.73 gpgme 1.3.2 :5.e17

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may

distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

@smallexample

@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}

Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}

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@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
@smallexample
@var{program} Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type @samp{show c} for
details.
@end smallexample
```

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```
@end enumerate
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Version 2, June 1991
```

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.75 gptfdisk 0.8.10 :r0

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Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

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```

```
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Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.76 grep 2.20 :2.e17

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1.77 grep 2.9 :r3

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```

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1.83 ICU 3.6 :r8

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1.84 incron 0.5.10

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Ty Coon, President of Vice
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```
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1.86 initscripts 1.0 :r144

1.87 initscripts 9.49.24 :1.e17

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1.88 inotify-tools 3.14 :r0

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1.89 iproute 3.10.0 :21.el7

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That's all there is to it!

```
/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
*
* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
* http://www.hypermall.com/
* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
* and spelling mistakes.
* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
* re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
*
* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
*
* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
*
* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
*
* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
* SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
* buffers. This is done by 2 things:
* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
*    combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
*    recycle large data buffers
* 2) skb_clone of received buffers
* See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
* details.
*
*
```

*
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* Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.
*
* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
*
*
*/

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```

```
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```

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```

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cmd/krb5/iprop/iprop_hdr.h
cmd/krb5/kadmin/server/ipropd_svc.c
cmd/krb5/kproplog/kproplog.c
cmd/krb5/slave/kpropd_rpc.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_krb5/et/kdb5_err.c
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gss_mechs/mech_spnego/mech/spnego_mech.c
lib/krb5/kadm5/kadm_host_srv_names.c

lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_hdr.h
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/krb5/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/libgss/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/libgss/g_canon_name.c
lib/libgss/g_compare_name.c
lib/libgss/g_context_time.c
lib/libgss/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/libgss/g_dsp_name.c
lib/libgss/g_dsp_status.c
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lib/libgss/g_export_name.c
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lib/libgss/g_unseal.c
lib/libgss/g_userok.c
lib/libgss/g_utils.c
lib/libgss/g_verify.c
lib/libgss/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
uts/common/gssapi/include/gssapi_err_generic.h
uts/common/gssapi/include/mechglueP.h

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lib/gssapi/generic/gssapi_err_generic.et
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_accept_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_acquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_canon_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_compare_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_context_time.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_delete_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dsp_status.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_dup_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_exp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_export_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_glue.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_imp_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_init_sec_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_initialize.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_inquire_names.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_process_context.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_buffer.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_name.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_rel_oid_set.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_seal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_sign.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_store_cred.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_unseal.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_userok.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_utils.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/g_verify.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/gssd_pname_to_uid.c
lib/gssapi/mechglue/mglueP.h
lib/gssapi/mechglue/oid_ops.c
lib/gssapi/spnego/gssapiP_spnego.h
lib/gssapi/spnego/spnego_mech.c

and the initial implementation of incremental propagation, including
the following new or changed files:

include/ipropr_hdr.h

kadmin/server/ipropd_svc.c
lib/kdb/iprop.x
lib/kdb/kdb_convert.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.c
lib/kdb/kdb_log.h
lib/krb5/error_tables/kdb5_err.et
slave/kpropd_rpc.c
slave/kproplog.c

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You must license the entire work, as a whole, under this License to anyone who comes into possession of a copy. This License will therefore apply, along with any applicable section 7 additional terms, to the whole of the work, and all its parts, regardless of how they are packaged. This License gives no permission to license the work in any other way, but it does not invalidate such permission if you have separately received it.

@item

If the work has interactive user interfaces, each must display Appropriate Legal Notices; however, if the Program has interactive interfaces that do not display Appropriate Legal Notices, your work need not make them do so.

@end enumerate

A compilation of a covered work with other separate and independent works, which are not by their nature extensions of the covered work, and which are not combined with it such as to form a larger program, in or on a volume of a storage or distribution medium, is called an ``aggregate" if the compilation and its resulting copyright are not used to limit the access or legal rights of the compilation's users beyond what the individual works permit. Inclusion of a covered work

in an aggregate does not cause this License to apply to the other parts of the aggregate.

@item Conveying Non-Source Forms.

You may convey a covered work in object code form under the terms of sections 4 and 5, provided that you also convey the machine-readable Corresponding Source under the terms of this License, in one of these ways:

@enumerate a

@item

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by the Corresponding Source fixed on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange.

@item

Convey the object code in, or embodied in, a physical product (including a physical distribution medium), accompanied by a written offer, valid for at least three years and valid for as long as you offer spare parts or customer support for that product model, to give anyone who possesses the object code either (1) a copy of the Corresponding Source for all the software in the product that is covered by this License, on a durable physical medium customarily used for software interchange, for a price no more than your reasonable cost of physically performing this conveying of source, or (2) access to copy the Corresponding Source from a network server at no charge.

@item

Convey individual copies of the object code with a copy of the written offer to provide the Corresponding Source. This alternative is allowed only occasionally and noncommercially, and only if you received the object code with such an offer, in accord with subsection 6b.

@item

Convey the object code by offering access from a designated place (gratis or for a charge), and offer equivalent access to the Corresponding Source in the same way through the same place at no further charge. You need not require recipients to copy the Corresponding Source along with the object code. If the place to copy the object code is a network server, the Corresponding Source may be on a different server (operated by you or a third party) that supports equivalent copying facilities, provided you maintain clear directions next to the object code saying where to find the Corresponding Source. Regardless of what server hosts the Corresponding Source, you remain obligated to ensure that it is available for as long as needed to

satisfy these requirements.

@item

Convey the object code using peer-to-peer transmission, provided you inform other peers where the object code and Corresponding Source of the work are being offered to the general public at no charge under subsection 6d.

@end enumerate

A separable portion of the object code, whose source code is excluded from the Corresponding Source as a System Library, need not be included in conveying the object code work.

A "User Product" is either (1) a "consumer product", which means any tangible personal property which is normally used for personal, family, or household purposes, or (2) anything designed or sold for incorporation into a dwelling. In determining whether a product is a consumer product, doubtful cases shall be resolved in favor of coverage. For a particular product received by a particular user, "normally used" refers to a typical or common use of that class of product, regardless of the status of the particular user or of the way in which the particular user actually uses, or expects or is expected to use, the product. A product is a consumer product regardless of whether the product has substantial commercial, industrial or non-consumer uses, unless such uses represent the only significant mode of use of the product.

"Installation Information" for a User Product means any methods, procedures, authorization keys, or other information required to install and execute modified versions of a covered work in that User Product from a modified version of its Corresponding Source. The information must suffice to ensure that the continued functioning of the modified object code is in no case prevented or interfered with solely because modification has been made.

If you convey an object code work under this section in, or with, or specifically for use in, a User Product, and the conveying occurs as part of a transaction in which the right of possession and use of the User Product is transferred to the recipient in perpetuity or for a fixed term (regardless of how the transaction is characterized), the Corresponding Source conveyed under this section must be accompanied by the Installation Information. But this requirement does not apply if neither you nor any third party retains the ability to install modified object code on the User Product (for example, the work has been installed in ROM).

The requirement to provide Installation Information does not include a

requirement to continue to provide support service, warranty, or updates for a work that has been modified or installed by the recipient, or for the User Product in which it has been modified or installed. Access to a network may be denied when the modification itself materially and adversely affects the operation of the network or violates the rules and protocols for communication across the network.

Corresponding Source conveyed, and Installation Information provided, in accord with this section must be in a format that is publicly documented (and with an implementation available to the public in source code form), and must require no special password or key for unpacking, reading or copying.

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section 13, concerning interaction through a network will apply to the combination as such.

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@iftex

@heading END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@end iftex

@ifinfo

@center END OF TERMS AND CONDITIONS

@end ifinfo

@unnumberedsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Programs

If you develop a new program, and you want it to be of the greatest possible use to the public, the best way to achieve this is to make it free software which everyone can redistribute and change under these terms.

To do so, attach the following notices to the program. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively state the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

@smallexample

@var{one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.}

Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}

This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License along with this program. If not, see @url{http://www.gnu.org/licenses/}.

@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program does terminal interaction, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
@smallexample
@var{program} Copyright (C) @var{year} @var{name of author}
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type @samp{show w}.
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions; type @samp{show c} for
details.
@end smallexample
```

The hypothetical commands @samp{show w} and @samp{show c} should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, your program's commands might be different; for a GUI interface, you would use an ``about box''.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer'' for the program, if necessary. For more information on this, and how to apply and follow the GNU GPL, see @url{http://www.gnu.org/licenses/}.

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```
@end enumerate
@node Library Copying
@appendix GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE
```

```
@cindex LGPL, Lesser General Public License
@center Version 2.1, February 1999
```

```
@display
Copyright @copyright{ } 1991, 1999 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
59 Temple Place -- Suite 330, Boston, MA 02110-1301, USA
```

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[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the version number 2.1.]

```
@end display
```

@appendixsubsec Preamble

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software---to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software---typically libraries---of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

When we speak of free software, we are referring to freedom of use, not price. Our General Public Licenses are designed to make sure that you have the freedom to distribute copies of free software (and charge for this service if you wish); that you receive source code or can get it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of

any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

@iftex

@appendixsubsec TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end iftex

@ifinfo

@center GNU LESSER GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE

@center TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR COPYING, DISTRIBUTION AND MODIFICATION

@end ifinfo

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@item

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@item

You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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@item

If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

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@item

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

@item

You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy

from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

@item

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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@item

Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library'', as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

@item

If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

@end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the ``work that uses the Library'' must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is

normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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@page

@appendixsubsec How to Apply These Terms to Your New Libraries

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@smallexample

@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}

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@end smallexample

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@smallexample
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@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.104 libcap 2.22 :r5

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This is an attempt to acknowledge early contributions to the garbage collector. Later contributions should instead be mentioned in README.changes.

HISTORY -

Early versions of this collector were developed as a part of research projects supported in part by the National Science Foundation and the Defense Advance Research Projects Agency.

The garbage collector originated as part of the run-time system for the Russell programming language implementation. The first version of the garbage collector was written primarily by Al Demers. It was then refined and mostly rewritten, primarily by Hans-J. Boehm, at Cornell U., the University of Washington, Rice University (where it was first used for C and assembly code), Xerox PARC, SGI, and HP Labs. However, significant contributions have also been made by many others.

Some other contributors:

More recent contributors are mentioned in the modification history in README.changes. My apologies for any omissions.

The SPARC specific code was originally contributed by Mark Weiser.

The Encore Multimax modifications were supplied by Kevin Kenny (kenny@m.cs.uiuc.edu). The adaptation to the IBM PC/RT is largely due to Vernon Lee, on machines made available to Rice by IBM.

Much of the HP specific code and a number of good suggestions for improving the generic code are due to Walter Underwood.

Robert Brazile (brazile@diamond.bbn.com) originally supplied the ULTRIX code.

Al Dosser (dosser@src.dec.com) and Regis Cridlig (Regis.Cridlig@cl.cam.ac.uk) subsequently provided updates and information on variation between ULTRIX systems. Parag Patel (parag@netcom.com) supplied the A/UX code.

Jesper Peterson(jep@mtiame.mtia.oz.au), Michel Schinz, and

Martin Tauchmann (martintauchmann@bigfoot.com) supplied the Amiga port.

Thomas Funke (thf@zelator.in-berlin.de(?)) and

Brian D.Carlstrom (bdc@clark.lcs.mit.edu) supplied the NeXT ports.

Douglas Steel (doug@wg.icl.co.uk) provided ICL DRS6000 code.

Bill Janssen (janssen@parc.xerox.com) supplied the SunOS dynamic loader specific code. Manuel Serrano (serrano@cornas.inria.fr) supplied linux and

Sony News specific code. Al Dosser provided Alpha/OSF/1 code. He and

Dave Detlefs(detlefs@src.dec.com) also provided several generic bug fixes.
Alistair G. Crooks(agg@uts.amdahl.com) supplied the NetBSD and 386BSD ports.
Jeffrey Hsu (hsu@soda.berkeley.edu) provided the FreeBSD port.
Brent Benson (brent@jade.ssd.csd.harris.com) ported the collector to a Motorola 88K processor running CX/UX (Harris NightHawk).
Ari Huttunen (Ari.Huttunen@hut.fi) generalized the OS/2 port to nonIBM development environments (a nontrivial task).
Patrick Beard (beard@cs.ucdavis.edu) provided the initial MacOS port.
David Chase, then at Olivetti Research, suggested several improvements.
Scott Schwartz (schwartz@groucho.cse.psu.edu) supplied some of the code to save and print call stacks for leak detection on a SPARC.
Jesse Hull and John Ellis supplied the C++ interface code.
Zhong Shao performed much of the experimentation that led to the current typed allocation facility. (His dynamic type inference code hasn't made it into the released version of the collector, yet.)

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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When a program is linked with a library, whether statically or using a shared library, the combination of the two is legally speaking a combined work, a derivative of the original library. The ordinary General Public License therefore permits such linking only if the entire combination fits its criteria of freedom. The Lesser General Public License permits more lax criteria for linking other code with the library.

We call this license the "Lesser" General Public License because it does Less to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

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Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the

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"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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That's all there is to it!
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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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```
@ignore
@c Set file name and title for man page.
@setfilename gpl
@settitle GNU General Public License
@c man begin SEEALSO
gfdl(7), fsf-funding(7).
@c man end
@c man begin COPYRIGHT
Copyright @copyright{ } 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
```

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```
@c man end
@end ignore
@node Copying
@c man begin DESCRIPTION
@unnumbered GNU General Public License
@center Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Copyright @copyright{ } 2007 Free Software Foundation, Inc. @url{http://fsf.org/}
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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow.

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@enumerate 0

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```
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```
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This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the GNU General Public License for more details.

You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License along with this program; if not, write to the Free Software Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA.
@end smallexample

Also add information on how to contact you by electronic and paper mail.

If the program is interactive, make it output a short notice like this when it starts in an interactive mode:

```
@smallexample
Gnomovision version 69, Copyright (C) 19@var{yy} @var{name of author}
Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details
type `show w'. This is free software, and you are welcome
to redistribute it under certain conditions; type `show c'
for details.
@end smallexample
```

The hypothetical commands `@samp{show w}` and `@samp{show c}` should show the appropriate parts of the General Public License. Of course, the commands you use may be called something other than `@samp{show w}` and `@samp{show c}`; they could even be mouse-clicks or menu items---whatever suits your program.

You should also get your employer (if you work as a programmer) or your school, if any, to sign a ``copyright disclaimer" for the program, if necessary. Here is a sample; alter the names:

```
@smallexample
@group
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright
interest in the program `Gnomovision'
(which makes passes at compilers) written
by James Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
@end group
@end smallexample
```

This General Public License does not permit incorporating your program into proprietary programs. If your program is a subroutine library, you may consider it more useful to permit linking proprietary applications with the library. If this is what you want to do, use the GNU Library General Public License instead of this License.

```
@node Library Copying
@unnumbered GNU Lesser General Public License
```

```
@cindex LGPL, GNU Lesser General Public License
@center Version 2.1, February 1999
```

```
@display
Copyright @copyright{ } 1991, 1999 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
59 Temple Place -- Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307, USA
```

Everyone is permitted to copy and distribute verbatim copies of this license document, but changing it is not allowed.

```
[This is the first released version of the Lesser GPL. It also counts
as the successor of the GNU Library Public License, version 2, hence the
version number 2.1.]
@end display
```

```
@heading Preamble
```

The licenses for most software are designed to take away your

freedom to share and change it. By contrast, the GNU General Public Licenses are intended to guarantee your freedom to share and change free software---to make sure the software is free for all its users.

This license, the Lesser General Public License, applies to some specially designated software---typically libraries---of the Free Software Foundation and other authors who decide to use it. You can use it too, but we suggest you first think carefully about whether this license or the ordinary General Public License is the better strategy to use in any particular case, based on the explanations below.

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To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

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We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

Finally, software patents pose a constant threat to the existence of any free program. We wish to make sure that a company cannot effectively restrict the users of a free program by obtaining a restrictive license from a patent holder. Therefore, we insist that any patent license obtained for a version of the library must be

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Most GNU software, including some libraries, is covered by the ordinary GNU General Public License. This license, the GNU Lesser General Public License, applies to certain designated libraries, and is quite different from the ordinary General Public License. We use this license for certain libraries in order to permit linking those libraries into non-free programs.

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We call this license the @dfn{Lesser} General Public License because it does @emph{Less} to protect the user's freedom than the ordinary General Public License. It also provides other free software developers Less of an advantage over competing non-free programs. These disadvantages are the reason we use the ordinary General Public License for many libraries. However, the Lesser license provides advantages in certain special circumstances.

For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

Although the Lesser General Public License is Less protective of the users' freedom, it does ensure that the user of a program that is linked with the Library has the freedom and the wherewithal to run that program using a modified version of the Library.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a ``work based on the library" and a ``work that uses the library". The

former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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@end iftex

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The ``Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A ``work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term ``modification".)

``Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

Activities other than copying, distribution and modification are not covered by this License; they are outside its scope. The act of running a program using the Library is not restricted, and output from such a program is covered only if its contents constitute a work based on the Library (independent of the use of the Library in a tool for writing it). Whether that is true depends on what the Library does and what the program that uses the Library does.

@item

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@item

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@item

You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

@item

You must cause the whole of the work to be licensed at no charge to all third parties under the terms of this License.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

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@item

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

@item

A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a ``work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a ``work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

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Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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@enumerate a

@item

Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library'', as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item

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@item

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

@item

If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

@item

Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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@page

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To apply these terms, attach the following notices to the library. It is safest to attach them to the start of each source file to most effectively convey the exclusion of warranty; and each file should have at least the ``copyright" line and a pointer to where the full notice is found.

@smallexample

@var{one line to give the library's name and an idea of what it does.}

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@end smallexample

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```
@smallexample
```

```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the library
`Frob' (a library for tweaking knobs) written by James Random Hacker.
```

```
@var{signature of Ty Coon}, 1 April 1990
```

```
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

```
@end smallexample
```

That's all there is to it!

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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it if you want it; that you can change the software and use pieces of it in new free programs; and that you are informed that you can do these things.

To protect your rights, we need to make restrictions that forbid distributors to deny you these rights or to ask you to surrender these rights. These restrictions translate to certain responsibilities for you if you distribute copies of the library or if you modify it.

For example, if you distribute copies of the library, whether gratis or for a fee, you must give the recipients all the rights that we gave you. You must make sure that they, too, receive or can get the source code. If you link other code with the library, you must provide complete object files to the recipients, so that they can relink them with the library after making changes to the library and recompiling it. And you must show them these terms so they know their rights.

We protect your rights with a two-step method: (1) we copyright the library, and (2) we offer you this license, which gives you legal permission to copy, distribute and/or modify the library.

To protect each distributor, we want to make it very clear that there is no warranty for the free library. Also, if the library is modified by someone else and passed on, the recipients should know that what they have is not the original version, so that the original author's reputation will not be affected by problems that might be introduced by others.

^L

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d) If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

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The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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You must cause the files modified to carry prominent notices stating that you changed the files and the date of any change.

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If a facility in the modified Library refers to a function or a table of data to be supplied by an application program that uses the facility, other than as an argument passed when the facility is invoked, then you must make a good faith effort to ensure that, in the event an application does not supply such function or table, the facility still operates, and performs whatever part of its purpose remains meaningful.

(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

@end enumerate

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to

exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

In addition, mere aggregation of another work not based on the Library with the Library (or with a work based on the Library) on a volume of a storage or distribution medium does not bring the other work under the scope of this License.

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

@item

A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it

contains portions of the Library), rather than a ``work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a ``work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

@item

As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a ``work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

You must give prominent notice with each copy of the work that the Library is used in it and that the Library and its use are covered by this License. You must supply a copy of this License. If the work during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

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Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable ``work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified

executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

@item

Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

@item

Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

@item

If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

@item

Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

@end enumerate

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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@item

You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library

facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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Accompany the combined library with a copy of the same work based on the Library, uncombined with any other library facilities. This must be distributed under the terms of the Sections above.

@item

Give prominent notice with the combined library of the fact that part of it is a work based on the Library, and explaining where to find the accompanying uncombined form of the same work.

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@page
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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

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The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, whereas the latter must be combined with the library in order to run.

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making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the

application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in themselves, then this License, and its terms, do not apply to those sections when you distribute them as separate works. But when you distribute the same sections as part of a whole which is a work based on the Library, the distribution of the whole must be on the terms of this License, whose permissions for other licensees extend to the entire whole, and thus to each and every part regardless of who wrote it.

Thus, it is not the intent of this section to claim rights or contest your rights to work written entirely by you; rather, the intent is to exercise the right to control the distribution of derivative or collective works based on the Library.

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

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6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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during execution displays copyright notices, you must include the copyright notice for the Library among them, as well as a reference directing the user to the copy of this License. Also, you must do one of these things:

a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

e) Verify that the user has already received a copy of these materials or that you have already sent this user a copy.

For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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7. You may place library facilities that are a work based on the Library side-by-side in a single library together with other library facilities not covered by this License, and distribute such a combined library, provided that the separate distribution of the work based on the Library and of the other library facilities is otherwise permitted, and provided that you do these two things:

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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```
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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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That's all there is to it!

1.123 libnetfilter_conntrack 1.0.4 :2.el7

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```
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```

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```
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Gnomovision comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
This is free software, and you are welcome to redistribute it  
under certain conditions; type `show c' for details.
```

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```
Yoyodyne, Inc., hereby disclaims all copyright interest in the program  
'Gnomovision' (which makes passes at compilers) written by James Hacker.
```

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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1.125 libnfsidmap 0.24 :r0

1.125.1 Available under license :

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Marius Aamodt Eriksen <marius@umich.edu>

J. Bruce Fields <bfields@umich.edu>

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This package was debianized by J. Bruce Fields <bfields@citi.umich.edu> on Fri, 6 Aug 2004 16:10:43 -0400.

The latest version can always be found at
<http://www.citi.umich.edu/projects/nfsv4/linux/>

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1.126 libnl 3.2.8 :r1

1.126.1 Available under license :

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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1.127 libpam 1.1.5 :r7.3

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1.129 libpcap 1.5.3 :December 18, 2013

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1.130 libpcre 8.21 :r1

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1.133 libsemanage 2.1.10 :16.el7

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1.134 libsepol 2.1.9 :3.el7

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1.141 libusb1 1.0.8 :r5

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data

structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve

this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of the Library into a program that is not a library.

4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

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1.143 libutempter 1.1.6 :4.el7

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1.145 libx11 1.4.4 :r2

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1.146 libxau 1.0.7 :r0

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1.148 libxdmcp 1.1.1 :r0

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1.149 libxml2 2.9.1 :6.el7_2.3

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* \$Id\$

*

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*

*

* Private functions, types, etc. used for callback functions.

*

* The ref pointer is an opaque type and should remain as such.

* Private data must only be accessible through the getter and

* setter functions.

*

*****/

libtool (GNU libtool) 2.4.2

Written by Gordon Matzigkeit <gord@gnu.ai.mit.edu>, 1996

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1.150 libxml2 2.7.8 :r8.8

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1.151 lighttpd 1.4.30 :r5

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1.152 Linux Kernel 3.4.88

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Contributors to bttv:

Michael Chu <mmchu@pobox.com>
AverMedia fix and more flexible card recognition

Alan Cox <alan@lxorguk.ukuu.org.uk>
Video4Linux interface and 2.1.x kernel adaptation

Chris Kleitsch
Hardware I2C

Gerd Knorr <kraxel@cs.tu-berlin.de>
Radio card (ITT sound processor)

bigfoot <bigfoot@net-way.net>
Ragnar Hojland Espinosa <ragnar@macula.net>
ConferenceTV card

+ many more (please mail me if you are missing in this list and would like to be mentioned)

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for his LIRC infrared handler

Andreas Oberritter <obi@linuxtv.org>
Dennis Noermann <dennis.noermann@noernet.de>
Felix Domke <tmbinc@elitedvb.net>
Florian Schirmer <jolt@tuxbox.org>
Ronny Strutz <3des@elitedvb.de>
Wolfram Joost <dbox2@frokaschwei.de>

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Vadim Catana <skystar@moldova.cc>
Roberto Ragusa <r.ragusa@libero.it>
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(If you think you should be in this list, but you are not, drop a line to the DVB mailing list)

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/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)

* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)

*

* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.

* <http://www.hypermall.com/>

* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY

* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)

* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos

* and spelling mistakes.

* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on

* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is

* re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)

*

* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.

*

* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997

*

* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.

* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;

* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver

* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists

* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.

*

* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:

* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers

* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create

* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)

* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire

* SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then

* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.

* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large

* buffers. This is done by 2 things:

* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer

* combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to

* recycle large data buffers

* 2) skb_clone of received buffers

* See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation

* details.

*
*
*

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*
* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996

*
*
*/

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Mathieu Desnoyers
June 2, 2011

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June 2, 2011

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1.153 Linux Kernel 3.4.43

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This option is useful when you wish to copy part of the code of

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Contributors to bttv:

Michael Chu <mmchu@pobox.com>
AverMedia fix and more flexible card recognition

Alan Cox <alan@lxorguk.ukuu.org.uk>
Video4Linux interface and 2.1.x kernel adaptation

Chris Kleitsch
Hardware I2C

Gerd Knorr <krael@cs.tu-berlin.de>
Radio card (ITT sound processor)

bigfoot <bigfoot@net-way.net>
Ragnar Hojland Espinosa <ragnar@macula.net>
ConferenceTV card

+ many more (please mail me if you are missing in this list and would like to be mentioned)

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Michael Hunold <m.hunold@gmx.de>
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Marcus Metzler <mocm@metzlerbros.de>
Ralph Metzler <rjkm@metzlerbros.de>
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Michael Holzt <kju@debian.org>
for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacompt.it>
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login
procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

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for patching the cable card decoder driver

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Steve Brown <sbrown@cortland.com>
for his AFC kernel thread

Christoph Martin <martin@uni-mainz.de>
for his LIRC infrared handler

Andreas Oberritter <obi@linuxtv.org>
Dennis Noermann <dennis.noermann@noernet.de>
Felix Domke <tmbinc@elitedvb.net>
Florian Schirmer <jolt@tuxbox.org>
Ronny Strutz <3des@elitedvb.de>
Wolfram Joost <dbox2@frokaschwei.de>
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Oliver Endriss <o.endriss@gmx.de>
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Andrew de Quincey <adq_dvb@lidskialf.net>
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Peter Schildmann <peter.schildmann@web.de>
for the driver for the Technisat SkyStar2 PCI DVB card

Vadim Catana <skystar@moldova.cc>
Roberto Ragusa <r.ragusa@libero.it>
Augusto Cardoso <augusto@carhil.net>
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Davor Emard <emard@softhome.net>
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Hans-Frieder Vogt <hfvogt@arcor.de>
for his work on calculating and checking the crc's for the
TechnoTrend/Hauppage DEC driver firmware

Michael Dreher <michael@5dot1.de>
Andreas 'randy' Weinberger
for the support of the Fujitsu-Siemens Activy budget DVB-S

Kenneth Aafly <ke-aa@frisurf.no>
for adding support for Typhoon DVB-S budget card

Ernst Peinlich <e.peinlich@inode.at>
for tuning/DiSEqC support for the DEC 3000-s

Peter Beutner <p.beutner@gmx.net>
for the IR code for the ttusb-dec driver

Wilson Michaels <wilsonmichaels@earthlink.net>
for the lgt330x frontend driver, and various bugfixes

Michael Krufky <mkrufky@m1k.net>
for maintaining v4l/dvb inter-tree dependencies

Taylor Jacob <rtjacob@earthlink.net>
for the nxt2002 frontend driver

Jean-Francois Thibert <jeanfrancois@sagetv.com>
for the nxt2004 frontend driver

Kirk Lapray <kirk.lapray@gmail.com>
for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and
for merging the nxt2002 and nxt2004 modules into a
single nxt200x frontend driver.

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Version 1.0

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```
/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
*
* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
* http://www.hypermall.com/
* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
* and spelling mistakes.
* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
* re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
*
* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
*
* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997
*
* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
*
* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
* SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
* buffers. This is done by 2 things:
* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
```

* combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
* recycle large data buffers
* 2) skb_clone of received buffers
* See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
* details.
*
*
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* Foundation, Inc., 675 Mass Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139, USA.
*
* M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
*
*
*/

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Please keep the following list in alphabetical order.

```
Suman Anna
Sripal Bagadia
Felipe Balbi
Ohad Ben-Cohen
Phil Carmody
Deepak Chitriki
Felipe Contreras
```

Hiroshi Doyu
Seth Forshee
Ivan Gomez Castellanos
Mark Grosen
Ramesh Gupta G
Fernando Guzman Lugo
Axel Haslam
Janet Head
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Mathieu Desnoyers

June 2, 2011

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<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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1.156 Isof 4.85 :r1

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```
#!/usr/bin/perl
# sort_res.perl5 - Script to group & sort Isof output by resource
#
# Copyright (c) 2004, 2005 - Fabian Frederick <fabian.frederick@gmx.fr>
#
```

```
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# Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA
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1.157 lua 5.1.4 :14.el7

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1.158 lvm2 2.02.95 :r0.1

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```
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```
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1.163 mingetty 1.08 :r3

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=====
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1.165 mktemp 1.7 :r3

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1.166 module-init-tools 3.16 :r0

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1.167 mtd-utils 1.4.9 :r2

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Files: install-sh

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1.169 ncurses 5.9 :13.20130511.e17

1.169.1 Available under license :

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1.170 net-tools 1.60+23 :r4

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```
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```

```
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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
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1.172 netbase 4.47 :r2

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1.173 nfs-utils 1.2.3 :r20

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Jeffrey A. Uphoff
Orion Multisystems, Inc.
3090 Oakmead Village Drive
Santa Clara, CA 95051
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
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1.174 nspr 4.10.6 :3.e17

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*
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*
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* @author Antoon Bosselaers <antoon.bosselaers@esat.kuleuven.ac.be>
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Motorolla 68020 20mhz, NetBSD

SSLey 0.9.0t 29-May-1998

built on Fri Jun 5 12:42:23 EST 1998

options:bn(64,32) md2(char) rc4(idx,int) des(idx,cisc,16,long) idea(int) blowfish(idx)

C flags:gcc -DTERMIOS -O3 -fomit-frame-pointer -Wall -DB_ENDIAN

The 'numbers' are in 1000s of bytes per second processed.

| type | 8 bytes | 64 bytes | 256 bytes | 1024 bytes | 8192 bytes |
|---------------|----------|----------|-----------|------------|------------|
| md2 | 2176.00 | 5994.67 | 8079.73 | 8845.18 | 9077.01 |
| mdc2 | 5730.67 | 6122.67 | 6167.66 | 6176.51 | 6174.87 |
| md5 | 29.10k | 127.31k | 209.66k | 250.50k | 263.99k |
| hmac(md5) | 12.33k | 73.02k | 160.17k | 228.04k | 261.15k |
| sha1 | 11.27k | 49.37k | 84.31k | 102.40k | 109.23k |
| rmd160 | 11.69k | 48.62k | 78.76k | 93.15k | 98.41k |
| rc4 | 117.96k | 148.94k | 152.57k | 153.09k | 152.92k |
| des cbc | 27.13k | 30.06k | 30.38k | 30.38k | 30.53k |
| des ede3 | 10.51k | 10.94k | 11.01k | 11.01k | 11.01k |
| idea cbc | 26.74k | 29.23k | 29.45k | 29.60k | 29.74k |
| rc2 cbc | 34.27k | 39.39k | 40.03k | 40.07k | 40.16k |
| rc5-32/12 cbc | 64.31k | 83.18k | 85.70k | 86.70k | 87.09k |
| blowfish cbc | 48.86k | 59.18k | 60.07k | 60.42k | 60.78k |
| cast cbc | 42.67k | 50.01k | 50.86k | 51.20k | 51.37k |
| | sign | verify | sign/s | verify/s | |
| rsa 512 bits | 0.7738s | 0.0774s | 1.3 | 12.9 | |
| rsa 1024 bits | 4.3967s | 0.2615s | 0.2 | 3.8 | |
| rsa 2048 bits | 29.5200s | 0.9664s | 0.0 | 1.0 | |

```

          sign  verify  sign/s  verify/s
dsa 512 bits  0.7862s  0.9709s   1.3   1.0
dsa 1024 bits 2.5375s  3.1625s   0.4   0.3
dsa 2048 bits 9.2150s 11.8200s  0.1   0.1
Pentium Pro 200mhz
FreeBSD 2.1.5
gcc 2.7.2.2

```

SSLey 0.7.0 30-Jan-1997

built on Tue Apr 22 12:14:36 EST 1997

options:bn(64,32) md2(int) rc4(idx,int) des(ptr,risc1,16,long) idea(int) blowfish(ptr2)

C flags:gcc -DTERMIOS -D_ANSI_SOURCE -fomit-frame-pointer -O3 -m486 -Wall

The 'numbers' are in 1000s of bytes per second processed.

| type | 8 bytes | 64 bytes | 256 bytes | 1024 bytes | 8192 bytes |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|
| md2 | 130.99k | 367.68k | 499.09k | 547.04k | 566.50k |
| md5 | 1924.98k | 8293.50k | 13464.41k | 16010.39k | 16820.68k |
| sha | 1250.75k | 5330.43k | 8636.88k | 10227.36k | 10779.14k |
| sha1 | 1071.55k | 4572.50k | 7459.98k | 8791.96k | 9341.61k |
| rc4 | 10724.22k | 14546.25k | 15240.18k | 15259.50k | 15265.63k |
| des cbc | 3309.11k | 3883.01k | 3968.25k | 3971.86k | 3979.14k |
| des ede3 | 1442.98k | 1548.33k | 1562.48k | 1562.00k | 1563.33k |
| idea cbc | 2195.69k | 2506.39k | 2529.59k | 2545.66k | 2546.54k |
| rc2 cbc | 806.00k | 833.52k | 837.58k | 838.52k | 836.69k |
| blowfish cbc | 4687.34k | 5949.97k | 6182.43k | 6248.11k | 6226.09k |
| rsa 512 bits | 0.010s | | | | |
| rsa 1024 bits | 0.045s | | | | |
| rsa 2048 bits | 0.260s | | | | |
| rsa 4096 bits | 1.690s | | | | |

1.183 openssl 1.0.0i

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1.184 opkg 0.1.8+svnr633 :r10.0

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1.186 p11-kit 0.20.7 :3.e17

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1.187 pam 1.1.8 :12.el7

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1.190 pciutils 3.2.0 :r0

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1.191 pcre 8.32 :14.el7

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Julian Seward, jseward@bzip.org
bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.6 of 6 September 2010

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```
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```

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```
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```

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989

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1.194 pkgconfig 0.27.1 :4.el7

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1.195 polycoreutils 2.2.5 :15.el7

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1.199 procps 3.2.8 :r12

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```
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```

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```
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```
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```
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1.201 psmisc 22.16 :r2

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1.202 pth 2.0.7

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```
-----  
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1.205 python 2.7.5 :16.el7

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A. HISTORY OF THE SOFTWARE

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Python was created in the early 1990s by Guido van Rossum at Stichting Mathematisch Centrum (CWI, see <http://www.cwi.nl>) in the Netherlands as a successor of a language called ABC. Guido remains Python's principal author, although it includes many contributions from others.

In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the

software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

All Python releases are Open Source (see <http://www.opensource.org> for the Open Source Definition). Historically, most, but not all, Python releases have also been GPL-compatible; the table below summarizes the various releases.

| Release | Derived from | Year | Owner | GPL-compatible? (1) |
|----------------|--------------|-----------|------------|---------------------|
| 0.9.0 thru 1.2 | | 1991-1995 | CWI | yes |
| 1.3 thru 1.5.2 | 1.2 | 1995-1999 | CNRI | yes |
| 1.6 | 1.5.2 | 2000 | CNRI | no |
| 2.0 | 1.6 | 2000 | BeOpen.com | no |
| 1.6.1 | 1.6 | 2001 | CNRI | yes (2) |
| 2.1 | 2.0+1.6.1 | 2001 | PSF | no |
| 2.0.1 | 2.0+1.6.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.1 | 2.1+2.0.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2 | 2.1.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.2 | 2.1.1 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.3 | 2.1.2 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2.1 | 2.2 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2.2 | 2.2.1 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2.3 | 2.2.2 | 2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3 | 2.2.2 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.1 | 2.3 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.2 | 2.3.1 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.3 | 2.3.2 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.4 | 2.3.3 | 2004 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.5 | 2.3.4 | 2005 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4 | 2.3 | 2004 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4.1 | 2.4 | 2005 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4.2 | 2.4.1 | 2005 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4.3 | 2.4.2 | 2006 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4.4 | 2.4.3 | 2006 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5 | 2.4 | 2006 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5.1 | 2.5 | 2007 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5.2 | 2.5.1 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5.3 | 2.5.2 | 2008 | PSF | yes |

| | | | | |
|-------|-------|------|-----|-----|
| 2.6 | 2.5 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.1 | 2.6 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.2 | 2.6.1 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.3 | 2.6.2 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.4 | 2.6.3 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.5 | 2.6.4 | 2010 | PSF | yes |
| 2.7 | 2.6 | 2010 | PSF | yes |

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Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler
jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt> (zlib format), [rfc1951.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1951.txt) (deflate format) and [rfc1952.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1952.txt) (gzip format).

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1.206 python 2.7.2 :r5.19

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In 1995, Guido continued his work on Python at the Corporation for National Research Initiatives (CNRI, see <http://www.cnri.reston.va.us>) in Reston, Virginia where he released several versions of the software.

In May 2000, Guido and the Python core development team moved to BeOpen.com to form the BeOpen PythonLabs team. In October of the same year, the PythonLabs team moved to Digital Creations (now Zope Corporation, see <http://www.zope.com>). In 2001, the Python Software Foundation (PSF, see <http://www.python.org/psf/>) was formed, a non-profit organization created specifically to own Python-related Intellectual Property. Zope Corporation is a sponsoring member of the PSF.

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| 1.6 | 1.5.2 | 2000 | CNRI | no |
| 2.0 | 1.6 | 2000 | BeOpen.com | no |
| 1.6.1 | 1.6 | 2001 | CNRI | yes (2) |
| 2.1 | 2.0+1.6.1 | 2001 | PSF | no |
| 2.0.1 | 2.0+1.6.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.1 | 2.1+2.0.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
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| 2.1.2 | 2.1.1 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.3 | 2.1.2 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2.1 | 2.2 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2.2 | 2.2.1 | 2002 | PSF | yes |

| | | | | |
|-------|-------|-----------|-----|-----|
| 2.2.3 | 2.2.2 | 2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3 | 2.2.2 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.1 | 2.3 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.2 | 2.3.1 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.3 | 2.3.2 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.4 | 2.3.3 | 2004 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.5 | 2.3.4 | 2005 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4 | 2.3 | 2004 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4.1 | 2.4 | 2005 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4.2 | 2.4.1 | 2005 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4.3 | 2.4.2 | 2006 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4.4 | 2.4.3 | 2006 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5 | 2.4 | 2006 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5.1 | 2.5 | 2007 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5.2 | 2.5.1 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5.3 | 2.5.2 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6 | 2.5 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.1 | 2.6 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.2 | 2.6.1 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.3 | 2.6.2 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.4 | 2.6.3 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
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1.207 python-argparse 1.2.1 :r1

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For details about the Python License, please see doc/Python-License.txt.

History

Before (and including) argparse 1.1, the argparse package was licensed under Apache License v2.0.

After argparse 1.1, all project files from the argparse project were deleted due to license compatibility issues between Apache License 2.0 and GNU GPL v2.

The project repository then had a clean start with some files taken from Python 2.7.1, so definitely all files are under Python License now.

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=====

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| 1.6 | 1.5.2 | 2000 | CNRI | no |
| 2.0 | 1.6 | 2000 | BeOpen.com | no |
| 1.6.1 | 1.6 | 2001 | CNRI | yes (2) |
| 2.1 | 2.0+1.6.1 | 2001 | PSF | no |
| 2.0.1 | 2.0+1.6.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.1 | 2.1+2.0.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2 | 2.1.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.2 | 2.1.1 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.3 | 2.1.2 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2.1 | 2.2 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2.2 | 2.2.1 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2.3 | 2.2.2 | 2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3 | 2.2.2 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.1 | 2.3 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.2 | 2.3.1 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.3 | 2.3.2 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.4 | 2.3.3 | 2004 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.5 | 2.3.4 | 2005 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4 | 2.3 | 2004 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4.1 | 2.4 | 2005 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4.2 | 2.4.1 | 2005 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4.3 | 2.4.2 | 2006 | PSF | yes |
| 2.4.4 | 2.4.3 | 2006 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5 | 2.4 | 2006 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5.1 | 2.5 | 2007 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5.2 | 2.5.1 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5.3 | 2.5.2 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6 | 2.5 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.1 | 2.6 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.2 | 2.6.1 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.3 | 2.6.2 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.4 | 2.6.3 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.5 | 2.6.4 | 2010 | PSF | yes |
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1.208 python-contextlib2 0.4.0 :r0

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| Release | Derived from | Year | Owner | GPL-compatible? (1) |
|---------|--------------|------|-------|---------------------|
| 2.5 | 2.4 | 2006 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5.1 | 2.5 | 2007 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5.2 | 2.5.1 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.5.3 | 2.5.2 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6 | 2.5 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.1 | 2.6 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.2 | 2.6.1 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.3 | 2.6.2 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.4 | 2.6.3 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 2.6.5 | 2.6.4 | 2010 | PSF | yes |
| 3.0 | 2.6 | 2008 | PSF | yes |
| 3.0.1 | 3.0 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 3.1 | 3.0.1 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 3.1.1 | 3.1 | 2009 | PSF | yes |
| 3.1.2 | 3.1.1 | 2010 | PSF | yes |
| 3.1.3 | 3.1.2 | 2010 | PSF | yes |
| 3.1.4 | 3.1.3 | 2011 | PSF | yes |
| 3.2 | 3.1 | 2011 | PSF | yes |
| 3.2.1 | 3.2 | 2011 | PSF | yes |
| 3.2.2 | 3.2.1 | 2011 | PSF | yes |
| 3.3 | 3.2 | 2012 | PSF | yes |

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1.209 python-iniparse 0.4 :9.el7

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| 1.6 | 1.5.2 | 2000 | CNRI | no |
| 2.0 | 1.6 | 2000 | BeOpen.com | no |
| 1.6.1 | 1.6 | 2001 | CNRI | yes (2) |
| 2.1 | 2.0+1.6.1 | 2001 | PSF | no |
| 2.0.1 | 2.0+1.6.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.1 | 2.1+2.0.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2 | 2.1.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.2 | 2.1.1 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.3 | 2.1.2 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2.1 | 2.2 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2.2 | 2.2.1 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2.3 | 2.2.2 | 2003 | PSF | yes |

| | | | | |
|-------|-------|-----------|-----|-----|
| 2.3 | 2.2.2 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.1 | 2.3 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.2 | 2.3.1 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.3 | 2.3.2 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |

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| 2.0 | 1.6 | 2000 | BeOpen.com | no |
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| 2.1.1 | 2.1+2.0.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2 | 2.1.1 | 2001 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.2 | 2.1.1 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.1.3 | 2.1.2 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2.1 | 2.2 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2.2 | 2.2.1 | 2002 | PSF | yes |
| 2.2.3 | 2.2.2 | 2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3 | 2.2.2 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
| 2.3.1 | 2.3 | 2002-2003 | PSF | yes |
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1.214 python-pycurl 7.19.0 :17.el7

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```
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```
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1.218 python-urlgrabber 3.9.1 :r1

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1.219 python-urlgrabber 3.10 :6.el7

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

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1.220 python_GPLv3 2.7.5 :16.e17

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```
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1.221 pyxattr 0.5.1 :5.e17

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A "library" means a collection of software functions and/or data prepared so as to be conveniently linked with application programs (which use some of those functions and data) to form executables.

The "Library", below, refers to any such software library or work which has been distributed under these terms. A "work based on the Library" means either the Library or any derivative work under copyright law: that is to say, a work containing the Library or a portion of it, either verbatim or with modifications and/or translated straightforwardly into another language. (Hereinafter, translation is included without limitation in the term "modification".)

"Source code" for a work means the preferred form of the work for making modifications to it. For a library, complete source code means all the source code for all modules it contains, plus any associated interface definition files, plus the scripts used to control compilation and installation of the library.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

These requirements apply to the modified work as a whole. If identifiable sections of that work are not derived from the Library, and can be reasonably considered independent and separate works in

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the

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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

6. As an exception to the Sections above, you may also combine or link a "work that uses the Library" with the Library to produce a work containing portions of the Library, and distribute that work under terms of your choice, provided that the terms permit modification of the work for the customer's own use and reverse engineering for debugging such modifications.

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b) Use a suitable shared library mechanism for linking with the Library. A suitable mechanism is one that (1) uses at run time a copy of the library already present on the user's computer system, rather than copying library functions into the executable, and (2) will operate properly with a modified version of the library, if the user installs one, as long as the modified version is interface-compatible with the version that the work was made with.

c) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.

d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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For an executable, the required form of the "work that uses the Library" must include any data and utility programs needed for reproducing the executable from it. However, as a special exception, the materials to be distributed need not include anything that is normally distributed (in either source or binary form) with the major components (compiler, kernel, and so on) of the operating system on which the executable runs, unless that component itself accompanies the executable.

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1.222 qrencode 3.4.1 :3.e17

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consistent with the full freedom of use specified in this license.

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For example, on rare occasions, there may be a special need to encourage the widest possible use of a certain library, so that it becomes a de-facto standard. To achieve this, non-free programs must be allowed to use the library. A more frequent case is that a free library does the same job as widely used non-free libraries. In this case, there is little to gain by limiting the free library to free software only, so we use the Lesser General Public License.

In other cases, permission to use a particular library in non-free programs enables a greater number of people to use a large body of free software. For example, permission to use the GNU C Library in non-free programs enables many more people to use the whole GNU operating system, as well as its variant, the GNU/Linux operating system.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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4. You may copy and distribute the Library (or a portion or derivative of it, under Section 2) in object code or executable form under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above provided that you accompany it with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code, which must be distributed under the terms of Sections 1 and 2 above on a medium customarily used for software interchange.

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a) Accompany the work with the complete corresponding machine-readable source code for the Library including whatever changes were used in the work (which must be distributed under Sections 1 and 2 above); and, if the work is an executable linked with the Library, with the complete machine-readable "work that uses the Library", as object code and/or source code, so that the user can modify the Library and then relink to produce a modified executable containing the modified Library. (It is understood that the user who changes the contents of definitions files in the Library will not necessarily be able to recompile the application to use the modified definitions.)

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1.228 rpm 4.11.1 :25.el7

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1.230 sed 4.2.1 :r5

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1.231 sed 4.2.2 :5.e17

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=====

Test 1.1:101

=====

Testing argument parsing

First type

e1_11_1

e1_11_1

e1_11_2

e1_11_2

e1_11_3

e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_13
e1_11_14
e1_11_14

=====

Test 1.2:102

=====

e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_14

=====

Test 1.3:103

=====

e1_11_1
e1_11_1
e1_11_2

e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_13
e1_11_14
e1_11_14

=====

Test 1.4:104

=====

e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_14

Second type

=====

Test 1.4.1:105

=====

l1_1
l1_2
l1_3
l1_4
l1_5
l1_6
l1_7
l1_8
l1_9
l1_10
l1_11
l1_12
l1_13
l1_14

=====
Test 1.5:106
=====

s1_l1_1
s1_l1_1
s1_l1_2
s1_l1_2
s1_l1_3
s1_l1_3
s1_l1_4
s1_l1_4
s1_l1_5
s1_l1_5
s1_l1_6
s1_l1_6
s1_l1_7
s1_l1_7
s1_l1_8
s1_l1_8
s1_l1_9
s1_l1_9
s1_l1_10
s1_l1_10
s1_l1_11
s1_l1_11
s1_l1_12
s1_l1_12
s1_l1_13
s1_l1_13
s1_l1_14
s1_l1_14

=====

Test 1.6:107

=====

s1_11_1
s1_11_1
s1_11_2
s1_11_2
s1_11_3
s1_11_3
s1_11_4
s1_11_4
s1_11_5
s1_11_5
s1_11_6
s1_11_6
s1_11_7
s1_11_7
s1_11_8
s1_11_8
s1_11_9
s1_11_9
s1_11_10
s1_11_10
s1_11_11
s1_11_11
s1_11_12
s1_11_12
s1_11_13
s1_11_13
s1_11_14
s1_11_14

=====

Test 1.7:108

=====

e1_11_1
e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_7

e1_11_8
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_13
e1_11_14
e1_11_14

=====

Test 1.8:109

=====

e1_11_1
e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_13
e1_11_14
e1_11_14

=====

Test 1.9:110

=====

s1_11_1
s1_11_2
s1_11_3
s1_11_4
s1_11_5
s1_11_6
s1_11_7
s1_11_8
s1_11_9
s1_11_10
s1_11_11
s1_11_12
s1_11_13
s1_11_14

=====

Test 1.10:111

=====

s1_11_1
s1_11_2
s1_11_3
s1_11_4
s1_11_5
s1_11_6
s1_11_7
s1_11_8
s1_11_9
s1_11_10
s1_11_11
s1_11_12
s1_11_13
s1_11_14

=====

Test 1.11:112

=====

e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_10

e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_14

=====

Test 1.12:113

=====

e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_14

=====

Test 1.13:114

=====

e1_11_1
e2_e1_11_1
e2_e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e2_e1_11_2
e2_e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e2_e1_11_3
e2_e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e2_e1_11_4
e2_e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e2_e1_11_5
e2_e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e2_e1_11_6
e2_e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e2_e1_11_7
e2_e1_11_7
e1_11_8

e2_e1_11_8
e2_e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e2_e1_11_9
e2_e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e2_e1_11_10
e2_e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e2_e1_11_11
e2_e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e2_e1_11_12
e2_e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e2_e1_11_13
e2_e1_11_13
e1_11_14
e2_e1_11_14
e2_e1_11_14

=====

Test 1.14:115

=====

s1_11_1
s2_s1_11_1
s2_s1_11_1
s1_11_2
s2_s1_11_2
s2_s1_11_2
s1_11_3
s2_s1_11_3
s2_s1_11_3
s1_11_4
s2_s1_11_4
s2_s1_11_4
s1_11_5
s2_s1_11_5
s2_s1_11_5
s1_11_6
s2_s1_11_6
s2_s1_11_6
s1_11_7
s2_s1_11_7
s2_s1_11_7
s1_11_8
s2_s1_11_8
s2_s1_11_8

s1_11_9
s2_s1_11_9
s2_s1_11_9
s1_11_10
s2_s1_11_10
s2_s1_11_10
s1_11_11
s2_s1_11_11
s2_s1_11_11
s1_11_12
s2_s1_11_12
s2_s1_11_12
s1_11_13
s2_s1_11_13
s2_s1_11_13
s1_11_14
s2_s1_11_14
s2_s1_11_14

=====
Test 1.15:116
=====

e1_11_1
s1_e1_11_1
s1_e1_11_1
e1_11_2
s1_e1_11_2
s1_e1_11_2
e1_11_3
s1_e1_11_3
s1_e1_11_3
e1_11_4
s1_e1_11_4
s1_e1_11_4
e1_11_5
s1_e1_11_5
s1_e1_11_5
e1_11_6
s1_e1_11_6
s1_e1_11_6
e1_11_7
s1_e1_11_7
s1_e1_11_7
e1_11_8
s1_e1_11_8
s1_e1_11_8
e1_11_9
s1_e1_11_9

s1_e1_11_9
e1_11_10
s1_e1_11_10
s1_e1_11_10
e1_11_11
s1_e1_11_11
s1_e1_11_11
e1_11_12
s1_e1_11_12
s1_e1_11_12
e1_11_13
s1_e1_11_13
s1_e1_11_13
e1_11_14
s1_e1_11_14
s1_e1_11_14

=====

Test 1.16:117

=====

e1_11_1
e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_13
e1_11_14
e1_11_14

e1_11_1
e1_11_1
e1_11_2
e1_11_2
e1_11_3
e1_11_3
e1_11_4
e1_11_4
e1_11_5
e1_11_5
e1_11_6
e1_11_6
e1_11_7
e1_11_7
e1_11_8
e1_11_8
e1_11_9
e1_11_9
e1_11_10
e1_11_10
e1_11_11
e1_11_11
e1_11_12
e1_11_12
e1_11_13
e1_11_13
e1_11_14
e1_11_14

=====

Test 1.17:118

=====

11_1
11_1
11_2
11_2
11_3
11_3
11_4
11_4
11_5
11_5
11_6
11_6
11_7
11_7
11_8
11_8

11_9
11_9
11_10
11_10
11_11
11_11
11_12
11_12
11_13
11_13
11_14
11_14

=====

Test 1.18:119

=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

Testing address ranges

=====

Test 2.1:120

=====

11_4

=====

Test 2.2:121

=====

12_6

=====

Test 2.3:122

=====

11_14

=====

Test 2.4:123

=====

12_9

=====

Test 2.5:124

=====

=====

Test 2.6:125

=====

12_9

=====

Test 2.7:126

=====

=====

Test 2.9:127

=====

11_7

=====

Test 2.10:128

=====

11_7

=====

Test 2.11:129

=====

11_7

=====

Test 2.12:130

=====

11_1

11_2

11_3

11_4

=====

Test 2.13:131

=====

11_1

11_2

11_3

11_4

11_5

11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14
12_1
12_2
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6
12_7
12_8
12_9

=====

Test 2.14:132

=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14
12_1
12_2
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6
12_7
12_8
12_9

=====

Test 2.15:133

=====

11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14
12_1
12_2
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6
12_7
12_8
12_9

=====

Test 2.16:134

=====

11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14
12_1
12_2
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6

=====

Test 2.17:135

=====

11_4
11_5

11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_14
12_1
12_2
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6
12_7
12_8
12_9

=====
Test 2.18:136

=====
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6
12_7
12_8
12_9

=====
Test 2.19:137

=====
11_12

=====
Test 2.20:138

=====
11_7
Brace and other grouping

=====
Test 3.1:139

=====
11_1
11_2
11_3
^11T4\$
^11T5\$
^11T6\$
^11T7\$

^11T8\$
^11T9\$
^11T10\$
^11T11\$
^11T12\$
11_13
11_14

=====
Test 3.2:140
=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
^11_4
^11_5
^11_6\$
^11_7\$
^11T8\$
^11_9\$
^11_10\$
^11_11
^11_12
11_13
11_14

=====
Test 3.3:141
=====

^11T1\$
^11T2\$
^11T3\$
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
^11T13\$
^11T14\$

=====
Test 3.4:142
=====

^11_1

^i1_2
^i1_3
i1_4
i1_5
i1_6
i1_7
i1_8
i1_9
i1_10
i1_11
i1_12
^i1_13
^i1_14

Testing a c d and i commands

=====

Test 4.1:143

=====

before_i1_1
after_ibefore_i1_1
before_i1_2
after_ibefore_i1_2
before_i1_3
after_ibefore_i1_3
before_i1_4
after_ibefore_i1_4
before_i1_5
after_ibefore_i1_5
before_i1_6
after_ibefore_i1_6
before_i1_7
after_ibefore_i1_7
before_i1_8
after_ibefore_i1_8
before_i1_9
after_ibefore_i1_9
before_i1_10
after_ibefore_i1_10
before_i1_11
after_ibefore_i1_11
before_i1_12
after_ibefore_i1_12
before_i1_13
after_ibefore_i1_13
before_i1_14
after_ibefore_i1_14
before_il2_1
after_ibefore_il2_1

before_il2_2
after_ibefore_il2_2
before_il2_3
after_ibefore_il2_3
before_il2_4
after_ibefore_il2_4
before_il2_5
after_ibefore_il2_5
before_il2_6
inserted
after_ibefore_il2_6
before_il2_7
after_ibefore_il2_7
before_il2_8
after_ibefore_il2_8
before_il2_9
after_ibefore_il2_9

=====

Test 4.2:144

=====

before_al1_1
after_abefore_al1_1
before_al1_2
after_abefore_al1_2
before_al1_3
after_abefore_al1_3
before_al1_4
after_abefore_al1_4
before_a5-1211_5
after_abefore_a5-1211_5
appended
before_a5-1211_6
after_abefore_a5-1211_6
appended
before_a5-1211_7
after_abefore_a5-1211_7
appended
before_a5-1211_8
after_abefore_a5-1211_8
appended
before_a5-1211_9
after_abefore_a5-1211_9
appended
before_a5-1211_10
after_abefore_a5-1211_10
appended
before_a5-1211_11

after_abefore_a5-1211_11
appended
before_a5-1211_12
after_abefore_a5-1211_12
appended
before_al1_13
after_abefore_al1_13
before_al1_14
after_abefore_al1_14
before_al2_1
after_abefore_al2_1
before_al2_2
after_abefore_al2_2
before_al2_3
after_abefore_al2_3
before_al2_4
after_abefore_al2_4
before_al2_5
after_abefore_al2_5
before_al2_6
after_abefore_al2_6
before_al2_7
after_abefore_al2_7
before_al2_8
after_abefore_al2_8
before_al2_9
after_abefore_al2_9

=====

Test 4.3:145

=====

^11_1
^11_1\$
appended
^11_2
^11_2\$
appended
^11_3
^11_3\$
appended
^11_4
^11_4\$
appended
^11_5
^11_5\$
appended
^11_6
^11_6\$

appended

^11_7

^11_7\$

appended

^11_8

appended

^11_8

11_9\$

^11_10

appended

^11_10

11_11\$

^11_12

^11_12\$

appended

^11_13

^11_13\$

appended

^11_14

^11_14\$

appended

^12_1

^12_1\$

^12_2

^12_2\$

^12_3

^12_3\$

^12_4

^12_4\$

^12_5

^12_5\$

^12_6

^12_6\$

^12_7

^12_7\$

^12_8

^12_8\$

^12_9

^12_9\$

=====

Test 4.4:146

=====

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello

hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello
hello

=====
Test 4.5:147

=====
hello

=====
Test 4.6:148

=====
hello

=====
Test 4.7:149

=====
hello

=====
Test 4.8:150

=====
Testing labels and branching

=====
Test 5.1:151

=====
label2_11_1
label3_label2_11_1
label1_11_2
label1_11_3
label1_11_4
label1_11_5
label1_11_6
label1_11_7
label1_11_8
label1_11_9
label1_11_10
label1_11_11
label1_11_12
label2_11_13
label3_label2_11_13

label2_11_14
label3_label2_11_14

=====
Test 5.2:152

=====
tested l2_1
tested l2_2
tested l2_3
tested l2_4
tested l2_5
tested l2_6
tested l2_7
tested l2_8
tested l2_9
tested l2_10
tested l2_11
tested l2_12
tested l2_13
tested l2_14

=====
Test 5.3:153

=====
^l1_1
^l1_1\$
^l1_2
^l1_2\$
^l1_3
^l1_3\$
^l1_4
^l1_4\$
l1_5\$
l1_6\$
l1_7\$
l1_8\$

=====
Test 5.4:154

=====
^l1_1\$
^l1_2\$
^l1_3\$
^l1_4\$
^l1_5\$
^l1_6\$
^l1_7\$
^l1_8\$

11_9\$
11_10\$
11_11\$
11_12\$
11_13\$
11_14\$

=====
Test 5.5:155

=====
^11_1
^11_2
^11_4
^11_6
^11_8

=====
Test 5.6:156

=====
11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5

=====
Test 5.7:157

=====
11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
hello
11_5

=====
Test 5.8:158

=====
m1_1
m1_2
m1_3
m1_4
m1_5
m1_6
m1_7
m1_8
m1_9
m1_10

m1_11

m1_12

m1_13

m1_14

Pattern space commands

=====

Test 6.1:159

=====

changed

changed

changed

changed

changed

changed

changed

changed

changed

changed

changed

changed

changed

changed

=====

Test 6.2:160

=====

11_1

11_2

11_3

11_5

11_6

11_7

11_8

11_9

11_10

11_11

11_12

11_13

11_14

=====

Test 6.3:161

=====

11_5

11_6

11_7

11_8

11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

=====

Test 6.4:162

=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_2
11_3
11_5
11_2
11_3
11_2
11_3
11_6
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

=====

Test 6.5:163

=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

=====

Test 6.6:164

=====

Testing print and file routines

=====

Test 7.1:165

=====

```

\001\002\003\004\005\006\a\b\t$
\v\fr\016\017\020\021\022\023\024\025\026\027\030\031\032\033\034\
\035\036\037 !"#$$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:;<=>?@ABCDEFGHIJKLMN
OPQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^_`abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy{|}~\177\200\201\202\203\204\205\
\206\207\210\211\212\213\214\215\216\217\220\221\222\223\224\225\226\
\227\230\231\232\233\234\235\236\237\240\241\242\243\244\245\246\247\
\250\251\252\253\254\255\256\257\260\261\262\263\264\265\266\267\270\
\271\272\273\274\275\276\277\300\301\302\303\304\305\306\307\310\311\
\312\313\314\315\316\317\320\321\322\323\324\325\326\327\330\331\332\
\333\334\335\336\337\340\341\342\343\344\345\346\347\350\351\352\353\
\354\355\356\357\360\361\362\363\364\365\366\367\370\371\372\373\374\
\375\376\377$
$

```

=====

Test 7.2:166

=====

- 11_1
- 11_2
- 11_3
- 11_4
- 11_5
- 11_6
- 11_7
- 11_8
- 11_9
- 11_10
- 11_11
- 11_12
- 11_13
- 11_14
- 15
- 12_1
- 16
- 12_2
- 17
- 12_3
- 18
- 12_4

19
12_5
20
12_6
21
12_7
22
12_8
23
12_9

=====
Test 7.3:167

=====
11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

w results

11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12

=====
Test 7.4:168

=====
11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
12_1

12_2
12_3
12_4
12_5
12_6
12_7
12_8
12_9
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

=====

Test 7.5:169

=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

=====

Test 7.6:170

=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8

11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

=====
Test 7.8:171
=====

Testing substitution commands

=====
Test 8.1:172
=====

XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

=====
Test 8.2:173
=====

XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX
XXXXXX

=====

Test 8.3:174

=====

XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX
XXXXX

=====

Test 8.4:175

=====

11_1
11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

=====

Test 8.5:176

=====

11X1
11X2
11X3
11X4
11X5
11X6
11X7
11X8

11X9
11X10
11X11
11X12
11X13
11X14

=====
Test 8.6:177

=====
(1)(1)(_(1)
(1)(1)(_(2)
(1)(1)(_(3)
(1)(1)(_(4)
(1)(1)(_(5)
(1)(1)(_(6)
(1)(1)(_(7)
(1)(1)(_(8)
(1)(1)(_(9)
(1)(1)(_(1)(0)
(1)(1)(_(1)(1)
(1)(1)(_(1)(2)
(1)(1)(_(1)(3)
(1)(1)(_(1)(4)

=====
Test 8.7:178

=====
(&)(&)(&)(&
(&)(&)(&)(&
(&)(&)(&)(&
(&)(&)(&)(&
(&)(&)(&)(&
(&)(&)(&)(&
(&)(&)(&)(&
(&)(&)(&)(&
(&)(&)(&)(&
(&)(&)(&)(&
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&
(&)(&)(&)(&)(&

=====
Test 8.8:179

=====
x_x1x11
x_x1x12

x_x1x13
x_x1x14
x_x1x15
x_x1x16
x_x1x17
x_x1x18
x_x1x19
x_x1x110
x_x1x111
x_x1x112
x_x1x113
x_x1x114

=====

Test 8.9:180

=====

11u0

u1

u21

11u0

u1

u22

11u0

u1

u23

11u0

u1

u24

11u0

u1

u25

11u0

u1

u26

11u0

u1

u27

11u0

u1

u28

11u0

u1

u29

11u0

u1

u210

11u0

u1

u211
l1u0
u1
u212
l1u0
u1
u213
l1u0
u1
u214

=====

Test 8.10:181

=====

l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X
l1_X0
l1_X1
l1_X2
l1_X3
l1_X4

=====

Test 8.11:182

=====

lX_1
lX_2
lX_3
lX_4
lX_5
lX_6
lX_7
lX_8
lX_9
lX_10
lX_11
lX_12
lX_13
lX_14
s wfile results
lX_1

IX_2
IX_3
IX_4
IX_5
IX_6
IX_7
IX_8
IX_9
IX_10
IX_11
IX_12
IX_13
IX_14

=====
Test 8.12:183

=====
IX_X
IX_X
IX_X
IX_4
IX_5
IX_6
IX_7
IX_8
IX_9
IX_X0
IX_XX
IX_XX
IX_XX
IX_X4

=====
Test 8.13:184

=====
18_8
18_7
18_6
18_5
18_4
18_3
18_2
18_1
18_0
18_89
18_88
18_87
18_86

18_85

=====
Test 8.14:185

=====
18_8
18_7
18_6
18_5
18_4
18_3
18_2
18_1
18_0
18_89
18_88
18_87
18_86
18_85

=====
Test 8.15:186

=====
11_1X11_2
11_3
11_4
11_5
11_6
11_7
11_8
11_9
11_10
11_11
11_12
11_13
11_14

=====
Test 8.16:187

=====
eefff
Xefff
XYeff
XYeYff
XYeYYf
XYeYYY
XYeYYY

=====
Test 8.17:188
=====

&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
&&&&
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```
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```

```
#define SETSERIAL_DATE "27-Jan-2000"
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Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler
jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

1.245 sysfsutils 2.1.0

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1.246 sysklogd 1.5 :r13

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1.247 systemd 208 :20.el7_1.2

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1.248 sysvinit 2.88dsf

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The of the start-stop-daemon

- * A rewrite of the original Debian's start-stop-daemon Perl script
- * in C (faster - it is executed many times during system startup).
- *
- * Written by Marek Michalkiewicz <marekm@i17linuxb.ists.pwr.wroc.pl>,
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- * in C (faster - it is executed many times during system startup).
- *

- * Written by Marek Michalkiewicz <marekm@i17linuxb.ists.pwr.wroc.pl>,
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1.250 sysvinit-inittab 2.88dsf :r14

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@c Local Variables:

@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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```
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```

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1.253 tcf-agent 0.4.0 :r1

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*
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*****/

/*
* This file contains "define" statements that control agent configuration.
* SERVICE_* definitions control which service implementations are included into the agent.
*/

#ifndef D_config
#define D_config

#include <framework/mdep.h>

#if defined(WIN32)
# define TARGET_WINDOWS 1
# define TARGET_VXWORKS 0
# define TARGET_UNIX 0
# if defined(_MSC_VER)
# define TARGET_MSVC 1
# else
# define TARGET_MSVC 0
# endif
# define TARGET_BSD 0
# define TARGET_SYMBIAN 0
#elif defined(_WRS_KERNEL)
# define TARGET_WINDOWS 0
# define TARGET_VXWORKS 1
# define TARGET_UNIX 0
# define TARGET_MSVC 0
# define TARGET_BSD 0
# define TARGET_SYMBIAN 0
#elif defined(__SYMBIAN32__)
# define TARGET_WINDOWS 0
# define TARGET_VXWORKS 0
# define TARGET_UNIX 0
# define TARGET_MSVC 0
# define TARGET_BSD 0
# define TARGET_SYMBIAN 1
#else
# define TARGET_WINDOWS 0
# define TARGET_VXWORKS 0
# define TARGET_UNIX 1
# define TARGET_MSVC 0
# if defined(__FreeBSD__) || defined(__NetBSD__)
# define TARGET_BSD 1
# else

```

```

# define TARGET_BSD    0
# endif
# define TARGET_SYMBIAN  0
#endif

#if !defined(SERVICE_Locator)
#define SERVICE_Locator    (TARGET_UNIX || TARGET_VXWORKS || TARGET_WINDOWS ||
TARGET_SYMBIAN)
#endif
#if !defined(SERVICE_RunControl)
#define SERVICE_RunControl  (TARGET_UNIX || TARGET_VXWORKS || TARGET_WINDOWS)
#endif
#if !defined(SERVICE_Breakpoints)
#define SERVICE_Breakpoints  (TARGET_UNIX || TARGET_VXWORKS || TARGET_WINDOWS)
#endif
#if !defined(SERVICE_Memory)
#define SERVICE_Memory      (TARGET_UNIX || TARGET_VXWORKS || TARGET_WINDOWS)
#endif
#if !defined(SERVICE_Registers)
#define SERVICE_Registers   (TARGET_UNIX || TARGET_VXWORKS || TARGET_WINDOWS)
#endif
#if !defined(SERVICE_Processes)
#define SERVICE_Processes   (TARGET_UNIX || TARGET_VXWORKS || TARGET_WINDOWS)
#endif
#if !defined(SERVICE_MemoryMap)
#define SERVICE_MemoryMap   (TARGET_UNIX || TARGET_VXWORKS || TARGET_WINDOWS)
#endif
#if !defined(SERVICE_StackTrace)
#define SERVICE_StackTrace   (TARGET_UNIX || TARGET_VXWORKS || TARGET_WINDOWS)
#endif
#if !defined(SERVICE_Symbols)
#define SERVICE_Symbols     (TARGET_UNIX || TARGET_MSVC)
#endif
#if !defined(SERVICE_LineNumbers)
#define SERVICE_LineNumbers  (TARGET_UNIX || TARGET_MSVC)
#endif
#if !defined(SERVICE_FileSystem)
#define SERVICE_FileSystem   (TARGET_UNIX || TARGET_VXWORKS || TARGET_WINDOWS)
#endif
#if !defined(SERVICE_SysMonitor)
#define SERVICE_SysMonitor   ((TARGET_UNIX && !TARGET_BSD) || TARGET_WINDOWS)
#endif
#if !defined(SERVICE_Expressions)
#define SERVICE_Expressions  (TARGET_UNIX || TARGET_VXWORKS || TARGET_WINDOWS)
#endif
#if !defined(SERVICE_Streams)
#define SERVICE_Streams      (TARGET_UNIX || TARGET_VXWORKS || TARGET_WINDOWS ||
TARGET_SYMBIAN)

```

```

#endif
#if !defined(SERVICE_PathMap)
#define SERVICE_PathMap    ENABLE_ELF
#endif
#if !defined(SERVICE_Terminals)
#define SERVICE_Terminals  TARGET_UNIX
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_Plugins)
# if TARGET_UNIX && defined(PATH_Plugins)
#  define ENABLE_Plugins  1
# else
#  define ENABLE_Plugins  0
# endif
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_ZeroCopy)
#define ENABLE_ZeroCopy    1
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_Splice)
# if ENABLE_ZeroCopy
#  include <fcntl.h>
#  if defined(SPLICE_F_MOVE)
#   define ENABLE_Splice  1
#  else
#   define ENABLE_Splice  0
#  endif
# else
#  define ENABLE_Splice  0
# endif
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_Trace)
# define ENABLE_Trace    1
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_Discovery)
# define ENABLE_Discovery  1
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_Cmdline)
# define ENABLE_Cmdline  1
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_ContextProxy)
# define ENABLE_ContextProxy  0
#endif

```

```

#if !defined(ENABLE_DebugContext)
# define ENABLE_DebugContext (ENABLE_ContextProxy || SERVICE_RunControl || SERVICE_Breakpoints ||
SERVICE_Memory || SERVICE_Registers || SERVICE_StackTrace)
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_SymbolsProxy)
# define ENABLE_SymbolsProxy (ENABLE_DebugContext && TARGET_VXWORKS)
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_LineNumbersProxy)
# define ENABLE_LineNumbersProxy (ENABLE_DebugContext && TARGET_VXWORKS)
#endif

#if ENABLE_SymbolsProxy || !ENABLE_DebugContext
# undef SERVICE_Symbols
# define SERVICE_Symbols 0
#endif

#if ENABLE_LineNumbersProxy || !ENABLE_DebugContext
# undef SERVICE_LineNumbers
# define SERVICE_LineNumbers 0
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_Symbols)
# define ENABLE_Symbols (ENABLE_SymbolsProxy || SERVICE_Symbols)
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_LineNumbers)
# define ENABLE_LineNumbers (ENABLE_LineNumbersProxy || SERVICE_LineNumbers)
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_ELF)
# define ENABLE_ELF (TARGET_UNIX && (SERVICE_Symbols || SERVICE_LineNumbers))
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_SSL)
# if (TARGET_UNIX) && !defined(__APPLE__)
# define ENABLE_SSL 1
# else
# define ENABLE_SSL 0
# endif
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_RCBP_TEST)
# if defined(__FreeBSD__) || defined(__NetBSD__) || defined(__APPLE__)
/* TODO: debug services are not fully implemented on BSD */
# define ENABLE_RCBP_TEST 0

```

```

# else
# define ENABLE_RCBP_TEST (!ENABLE_ContextProxy && (SERVICE_RunControl &&
SERVICE_Breakpoints))
# endif
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_AIO)
# if !defined(_POSIX_ASYNCHRONOUS_IO)
# define ENABLE_AIO 0
# elif defined(__FreeBSD__) || defined(__NetBSD__) || defined(__APPLE__)
/* On BSD AIO sends signal SIGSYS - bad system call */
# define ENABLE_AIO 0
# elif defined(__linux__)
/* Linux implementation of POSIX AIO found to be inefficient */
# define ENABLE_AIO 0
# elif TARGET_SYMBIAN
/* Symbian impl (OpenC) not desired either */
# define ENABLE_AIO 0
# else
# define ENABLE_AIO 1
# endif
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_STREAM_MACROS)
/* Enabling stream macros increases code size about 5%, and increases speed about 7% */
# define ENABLE_STREAM_MACROS 0
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_LUA)
# if defined(PATH_LUA)
# define ENABLE_LUA 1
# else
# define ENABLE_LUA 0
# endif
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_Unix_Domain)
/* Using UNIX:/path/to/socket for local TCP communication */
# define ENABLE_Unix_Domain (TARGET_UNIX || TARGET_SYMBIAN)
#endif

#if !defined(ENABLE_ContextStateProperties)
# define ENABLE_ContextStateProperties 0
#endif

#endif /* D_config */

```

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1.254 tcl 8.5.11 :r11

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1.255 tcp-wrappers 7.6 :r10

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1.256 tcp_wrappers 7.6 :77.el7

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1.257 tcpdump 4.1.1 :r4

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This file lists people who have contributed to tcpdump:

The current maintainers:

Bill Fenner <fenner at research dot att dot com>
David Young <dyoung at pobox dot com>
Fulvio Risso <risso at politico dot it>
Guy Harris <guy at alum dot mit dot edu>
Hannes Gredler <hannes at juniper dot net>
Michael Richardson <mcr at sandelman dot ottawa dot on dot ca>

Additional people who have contributed patches:

Aaron Campbell <aaron at arbor dot net>
Alfredo Andres <aandres at s21sec dot com>
Albert Chin <china at thewrittenword dot com>
Ananth Suryanarayana <anantha at juniper dot net>
Andrea Bittau <a dot bittau at cs dot ucl dot ac dot uk>
Andrew Brown <atatat at atatedot dot net>
Andrew Church <andrew at users dot sourceforge dot net>
Andrew Hintz <adhintz at users dot sourceforge dot net>
Andrew Silent <andrew at nording dot ru>
Andrew Tridgell <tridge at linuxcare dot com>
Andy Heffernan <ahh at juniper dot net>
Arkadiusz Miskiewicz <misiek at pld dot org dot pl>
Armando L. Caro Jr. <acaro at mail dot eecis dot udel dot edu>
Arnaldo Carvalho de Melo <acme at ghostprotocols dot net>
Ben Byer <bushing at sourceforge dot net>
Atsushi Onoe <onoe at netbsd dot org>
Ben Smithurst <ben at scientia dot demon dot co dot uk>
Bert Vermeulen <bert at biot dot com>
Bjoern A. Zeeb <bzeeb at Zabbadoz dot NeT>
Brent L. Bates <blbates at vigyan dot com>
Brian Ginsbach <ginsbach at cray dot com>
Bruce M. Simpson <bms at spc dot org>
Carles Kishimoto Bisbe <ckishimo at ac dot upc dot es>
Charlie Lenahan <clenahan at fortresstech dot com>
Charles M. Hannum <mycroft at netbsd dot org>
Chris Cogdon <chris at cogdon dot org>
Chris G. Demetriou <cgd at netbsd dot org>
Christian Sievers <c_s at users dot sourceforge dot net>
Chris Jepeway <jepeway at blasted-heath dot com>
Chris Larson <clarson at kergoth dot com>
Craig Rodrigues <rodrigc at mediaone dot net>
Crist J. Clark <cjclark at alum dot mit dot edu>
Daniel Hagerty <hag at ai dot mit dot edu>
Darren Reed <darrenr at reed dot wattle dot id dot au>
David Binderman <d dot binderman at virgin dot net>
David Horn <dhorn2000 at gmail dot com>
David Smith <dsmith at redhat dot com>
David Young <dyoung at ojectech dot com>
Don Ebright <Don dot Ebright at compuware dot com>

Eddie Kohler <xexd at sourceforge dot net>
Elmar Kirchner <elmar at juniper dot net>
Fang Wang <fangwang at sourceforge dot net>
Florent Drouin <Florent dot Drouin at alcatel-lucent dot fr>
Florian Forster <octo at verplant dot org>
Francis Dupont <Francis dot Dupont at enst-bretagne dot fr>
Francisco Matias Cuenca-Acuna <mcuenca at george dot rutgers dot edu>
Francois-Xavier Le Bail <fx dot lemail at yahoo dot com>
Frank Volf <volf at oasis dot IAEhv dot nl>
Fulvio Risso <risso at politico dot it>
George Bakos <gbakos at ists dot dartmouth dot edu>
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Greg Minshall <minshall at acm dot org>
Greg Stark <gsstark at mit dot edu>
Gilbert Ramirez Jr. <gram at xiexie dot org>
Gisle Vanem <giva at bgnett dot no>
Hannes Viertel <hviertel at juniper dot net>
Hank Leininger <tcpdump-workers at progressive-comp dot com>
Harry Raaymakers <harryr at connect dot com dot au>
Heinz-Ado Arnolds <Ado dot Arnolds at dhm-systems dot de>
Hendrik Scholz <hendrik at scholz dot net>
Ian McDonald <imcdnzl at gmail dot com>
Ilpo Järvinen <ilpo dot jarvinen at helsinki dot fi>
Jacek Tobiasz <Jacek dot Tobiasz at atm dot com dot pl>
Jakob Schlyter <jakob at openbsd dot org>
Jamal Hadi Salim <hadi at cyberus dot ca>
Jan Oravec <wsx at wsx6 dot net>
Jason R. Thorpe <thorpej at netbsd dot org>
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Jim Hutchins <jim at ca dot sandia dot gov>
Jonathan Heusser <jonny at drugphish dot ch>
Tatuya Jinmei <jinmei at kame dot net>
João Medeiros <ignotus21 at sourceforge dot net>
Joerg Mayer <jmayer@loplof.de>
Jürgen Thomsen <jth at jth dot net>
Julian Cowley <julian at lava dot net>
Karthik Sivakumar <kaarthik at torrentnet dot com>
Karl Norby <karl-norby at sourceforge dot net>
Kazushi Sugyo <sugyo at pb dot jp dot nec dot com>
Kelly Carmichael <kcarmich at ipapp dot com>
Ken Hornstein <kenh at cmf dot nrl dot navy dot mil>
Kevin Steves <stevesk at pobox dot com>
Klaus Klein <kleink at reziprozitaet dot de>
Kris Kennaway <kris at freebsd dot org>

Krzysztof Halasa <khc at pm dot waw dot pl>
Larry Lile <lile at stdio dot com>
Lennert Buytenhek <buytenh at gnu dot org>
Loris Degioanni <loris at netgroup-serv dot polito dot it>
Love HÃ¶rnquist-Åstrand <lha at stacken dot kth dot se>
Lucas C. Villa Real <lucasvr at us dot ibm dot com>
Luis Martin Garcia <luis dot mgarc at gmail dot com>
Maciej W. Rozycki <macro at ds2 dot pg dot gda dot pl>
Manu Pathak <mapathak at cisco dot com>
Marc Binderberger <mbind at sourceforge dot net>
Marc A. Lehmann <pcg at goof dot com>
Mark Ellzey Thomas <mark at ackers dot net>
Marko Kiiskila <carnil at cs dot tut dot fi>
Markus SchÃ¶pflin <schoepflin at sourceforge dot net>
Marshall Rose <mrose at dbc dot mtview dot ca dot us>
Martin Husemann <martin at netbsd dot org>
Max Laier <max at love2party dot net>
Michael A. Meffie III <meffie at sourceforge dot net>
Michael Madore <mmadore at turbolinux dot com>
Michael Riepe <too-tired at sourceforge dot net>
Michael Shalayeff <mickey at openbsd dot org>
Michael Shields <shields at msrl dot com>
Michael T. Stolarchuk <mts at off dot to>
Michele "mydecay" Marchetto <smarchetto1 at tin dot it>
Mike Frysinger <vapier at gmail dot com>
Monroe Williams <monroe at pobox dot com>
Motonori Shindo <mshindo at mshindo dot net>
Nathan J. Williams <nathanw at MIT dot EDU>
Nathaniel Couper-Noles <Nathaniel at isi1 dot tccisi dot com>
Neil T. Spring <bluehal at users dot sourceforge dot net>
Niels Provos <provos at openbsd dot org>
Nickolai Zeldovich <kolya at MIT dot EDU>
Nicolas Ferrero <toorop at babylo dot net>
Noritoshi Demizu <demizu at users dot sourceforge dot net>
Olaf Kirch <okir at caldera dot de>
Onno van der Linden <onno at simplex dot nl>
Paolo Abeni <paolo dot abeni at email dot it>
Pascal Hennequin <pascal dot hennequin at int-evry dot fr>
Pasvorn Boonmark <boonmark at juniper dot net>
Paul Mundt <lethal at linux-sh dot org>
Paul S. Traina <pst at freebsd dot org>
Pavlin Radoslavov <pavlin at icir dot org>
Pekka Savola <pekkas at netcore dot fi>
Peter Fales <peter at fales-lorenz dot net>
Peter Jeremy <peter dot jeremy at alcatel dot com dot au>
<pfhunt at users dot sourceforge dot net>
Peter Volkov <pva at gentoo dot org>
Phil Wood <cpw at lanl dot gov>

Rafal Maszkowski <rzmm at icm dot edu dot pl>
Randy Sofia <rsofia at users dot sourceforge dot net>
Raphael Raimbault <raphael dot raimbault at netasq dot com>
Rick Cheng <rcheng at juniper dot net>
Rick Jones <rick dot jones2 at hp dot com>
Rick Watson <watsonrick at users dot sourceforge dot net>
Rob Braun <bbraun at synack dot net>
Robert Edmonds <stu-42 at sourceforge dot net>
Roderick Schertler <roderick at argon dot org>
Sagun Shakya <sagun dot shakya at sun dot com>
Sami Farin <safari at iki dot fi>
Scott Rose <syberpunk at users dot sourceforge dot net>
Sebastian Kraemer <kraemer at cs dot uni-potsdam dot de>
Sebastien Raveau <sebastien dot raveau at epita dot fr>
Sebastien Vincent <svincent at idems dot fr>
Sepherosa Ziehau <sepherosa at gmail dot com>
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Wilbert de Graaf <wilbertdg at hetnet dot nl>
Will Drewry <will at alum dot bu dot edu>
William J. Hulley <bill dot hulley at gmail dot com>
Yen Yen Lim
Yoshifumi Nishida

The original LBL crew:

Steve McCanne
Craig Leres
Van Jacobson

Past maintainers:

Jun-ichiro Itojun Hagino <itojun at iijlab dot net>

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```
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@c ispell-local-pdict: "ispell-dict"  
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```
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1.261 time 1.7 :r2

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It was originally cobbled together by Sean Bastille <hightide@ginch.org>

based in part on the May of 1998 version of the shadow utilities, which
can be downloaded from: <ftp://ftp.ists.pwr.wroc.pl/pub/linux/shadow/>

The build system, and the way in which TinyLogin invokes its component
applications has been totally rewritten, based on the build system
used for BusyBox. The code has also been majorly reworked to make it
more internally consistent, to make it use fewer global variables,
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Frequently Asked Questions regarding (re)distribution of Zip and UnZip are near the end of this file.

There are no known patents on any of the code in UnZip. Unisys claims a patent on LZW encoding and on LZW decoding _in an apparatus that performs LZW encoding_, but the patent appears to exempt a stand-alone decoder (as in UnZip's unshrink.c). Unisys has publicly claimed otherwise, but the issue has never been tested in court. Since this point is unclear, unshrinking is not enabled by default. It is the responsibility of the user to make his or her peace with Unisys and its licensing requirements. (unshrink.c may be removed from future releases altogether.)

The original unzip source code has been extensively modified and almost entirely rewritten (changes include random zipfile access rather than sequential; replacement of unimplode() with explode(); replacement of old unshrink() with new (unrelated) unshrink(); replacement of output routines; addition of inflate(), wildcards, filename-mapping, text translation, ...; etc.). As far as we can tell, only the core code of the unreduce method remained substantially similar to Mr. Smith's original source. As of UnZip 5.42, the complete core code is now covered by the Info-ZIP License. Therefore, support for the reduce method has been removed.

The drop of the reduce method should only affect some test archives, reducing was never used in any publically distributed Zip program. For pathologic cases where support for reduced archive entries is needed, the unreduce code copyrighted by Samuel H. Smith is available as a separate distribution (the restricted copyright of this code is cited below in the "historical" section).

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 *
 * A collection of File Manager and related routines
 *
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The following copyright applies to the Mac OS "macbin3" decoding code
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* MacBinaryIII.h
 *
 * Copyright 1997 Christopher Evans (cevens@poppybank.com)
 *
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 * MacBinary III spec.
 * -----
 * This source is copyrighted by Christopher Evans (cevens@poppybank.com)
 * (available at ftp://ftp.lazerware.com/MacBinaryIII_src_C.sit
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"He says that he thought that whoever contacted him understood that he has no objection to the Info-ZIP group's inclusion of his code. His primary concern is that it remain freely distributable, he said."

Despite the fact that our "normal" code has been entirely rewritten and by default no longer contains any of Mr. Smith's code, Info-ZIP remains indebted and grateful to him. We hope he finds our contributions as useful as we have his.

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The decompression core code for the deflate method (inflate.[ch], explode.c) was originally written by Mark Adler who submitted it as public domain code.

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1.268 update-rc.d 0.7 :r4

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
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```

```
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Ty Coon, President of Vice
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2: 7680- 16383 (8704 sectors, 4 MB)
5: 7936- 12799 (4864 sectors, 2 MB)
6: 12544- 16127 (3584 sectors, 1 MB)
size: 4456448, sector size: 512, PT: bsd, offset: 512

#1: 7936 4864 0x7
#2: 12544 3584 0x7
size: 8388608, sector size: 512, PT: dos, offset: 446

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```
<one line to give the program's name and a brief idea of what it does.>  
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```

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```
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```

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```
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```

<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989

Ty Coon, President of Vice

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```

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#!/bin/bash
#
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#
#
TS_TOPDIR="$(dirname $0)/../.."
TS_DESC="nested BSD"

. $TS_TOPDIR/functions.sh
ts_init "$*"

FDISK_CMD_CREATE_DOSLABEL="o\n"          # create dos label
FDISK_CMD_SETID="x\ni\n0x1\nr\n"        # set non-random ID

```

```

FDISK_CMD_WRITE_CLOSE="w\nq\n"      # write to image
FDISK_CMD_CREATE_PRIMARY1="n\np\n1\n\n+1M\n" # 1st primary partition of size 1MiB
FDISK_CMD_CREATE_PRIMARY2="n\np\n2\n\n\n" # 2nd primary partition for whole of the disk
FDISK_CMD_CHANGE_PART2TYPE="t\n2\na5\n" # change partition type FreeBSD

```

```

FDISK_CMD_BSD_CREATE="b\ny\n"      # create nested BSD PT
FDISK_CMD_BSD_LIST="b\np\nr\nq\n"  # list nested BSD PT and quit
FDISK_CMD_BSD_CREATE_PART="b\nn\na\n\n+1M\n" # add BSD partition 'a', size 1MiB
FDISK_CMD_BSD_PARTTYPE="b\nt\na\n7\n" # set partition 'a' to type 4.2BSD
FDISK_CMD_BSD_LIST_TYPES="b\nl\nq\n" # list supported PT types and quit

```

```
#set -x
```

```

function print_layout {
echo -ne "\n---layout-----" >> $TS_OUTPUT
$TS_CMD_FDISK -l ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} |\
sed 's/^\.*\.img/___ts_dev___/g;
s/^[[:blank:]]*Device Boot/ Device Boot/g' >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1
echo -ne "-----\n\n" >> $TS_OUTPUT
}

```

```

function print_bsd_layout {
echo -ne "\n---layout-----" >> $TS_OUTPUT
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_BSD_LIST}" | $TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} |\
sed 's/Reading .*/g;
s/Welcome to fdisk .*/' >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1
echo -ne "-----\n\n" >> $TS_OUTPUT
}

```

```

ts_log "Initialize empty image"
TEST_IMAGE_NAME=$(ts_image_init 10)
ts_image_md5sum >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1

```

```

ts_log "Create new DOS partition table"
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_CREATE_DOSLABEL}${FDISK_CMD_SETID}${FDISK_CMD_WRITE_CLOSE}" \
| $TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} &> /dev/null
ts_image_md5sum >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1

```

```
print_layout
```

```

ts_log "Create 1st primary partition"
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_CREATE_PRIMARY1}${FDISK_CMD_WRITE_CLOSE}" |\
$TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} &> /dev/null
ts_image_md5sum >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1

```

```
print_layout
```

```
ts_log "Create 2st primary partition"
```

```
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_CREATE_PRIMARY2}${FDISK_CMD_WRITE_CLOSE}" |\
$TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} &> /dev/null
ts_image_md5sum >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1
```

ts_log "Set 2nd partition type"

```
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_CHANGE_PART2TYPE}${FDISK_CMD_WRITE_CLOSE}" |\
$TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} &> /dev/null
ts_image_md5sum >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1
```

print_layout

ts_log "Create default BSD"

```
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_BSD_CREATE}${FDISK_CMD_WRITE_CLOSE}" |\
$TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} &> /dev/null
ts_image_md5sum >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1
```

print_bsd_layout

```
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_BSD_CREATE_PART}${FDISK_CMD_WRITE_CLOSE}" |\
$TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} &> /dev/null
```

```
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_BSD_PARTTYPE}${FDISK_CMD_WRITE_CLOSE}" |\
$TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} &> /dev/null
ts_image_md5sum >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1
```

print_bsd_layout

```
echo -e "${FDISK_CMD_BSD_LIST_TYPES}" |\
$TS_CMD_FDISK ${TEST_IMAGE_NAME} |\
sed 's/Reading .*/g; s/Welcome to fdisk .*/' >> $TS_OUTPUT 2>&1
```

ts_finalize

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1.273 vim 7.4.160 :1.eI7

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uganda.txt For Vim version 7.4. Last change: 2013 Jul 06

VIM REFERENCE MANUAL by Bram Moolenaar

uganda *Uganda* *copying* *copyright* *license*

SUMMARY

iccf *ICCF*

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<http://iccf-holland.org/>

<http://www.vim.org/iccf/>

<http://www.iccf.nl/>

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=====
Kibaale Children's Centre *kcc* *Kibaale* *charity*

Kibaale Children's Centre (KCC) is located in Kibaale, a small town in the south of Uganda, near Tanzania, in East Africa. The area is known as Rakai District. The population is mostly farmers. Although people are poor, there is enough food. But this district is suffering from AIDS more than any other part of the world. Some say that it started there. Estimations are that 10 to 30% of the Ugandans are infected with HIV. Because parents die, there are many orphans. In this district about 60,000 children have lost one or both parents, out of a population of 350,000. And this is still continuing.

The children need a lot of help. The KCC is working hard to provide the needy

with food, medical care and education. Food and medical care to keep them healthy now, and education so that they can take care of themselves in the future. KCC works on a Christian base, but help is given to children of any religion.

The key to solving the problems in this area is education. This has been neglected in the past years with president Idi Amin and the following civil wars. Now that the government is stable again, the children and parents have to learn how to take care of themselves and how to avoid infections. There is also help for people who are ill and hungry, but the primary goal is to prevent people from getting ill and to teach them how to grow healthy food.

Most of the orphans are living in an extended family. An uncle or older sister is taking care of them. Because these families are big and the income (if any) is low, a child is lucky if it gets healthy food. Clothes, medical care and schooling is beyond its reach. To help these needy children, a sponsorship program was put into place. A child can be financially adopted. For a few dollars a month KCC sees to it that the child gets indispensable items, is healthy, goes to school and KCC takes care of anything else that needs to be done for the child and the family that supports it.

Besides helping the child directly, the environment where the child grows up needs to be improved. KCC helps schools to improve their teaching methods. There is a demonstration school at the centre and teacher trainings are given. Health workers are being trained, hygiene education is carried out and households are stimulated to build a proper latrine. I helped setting up a production site for cement slabs. These are used to build a good latrine. They are sold below cost price.

There is a small clinic at the project, which provides children and their family with medical help. When needed, transport to a hospital is offered. Immunization programs are carried out and help is provided when an epidemic is breaking out (measles and cholera have been a problem).

donate

Summer 1994 to summer 1995 I spent a whole year at the centre, working as a volunteer. I have helped to expand the centre and worked in the area of water and sanitation. I learned that the help that the KCC provides really helps. When I came back to Holland, I wanted to continue supporting KCC. To do this I'm raising funds and organizing the sponsorship program. Please consider one of these possibilities:

1. Sponsor a child in primary school: 17 euro a month (or more).
2. Sponsor a child in secondary school: 25 euro a month (or more).
3. Sponsor the clinic: Any amount a month or quarter
4. A one-time donation

Compared with other organizations that do child sponsorship the amounts are very low. This is because the money goes directly to the centre. Less than

5% is used for administration. This is possible because this is a small organization that works with volunteers. If you would like to sponsor a child, you should have the intention to do this for at least one year.

How do you know that the money will be spent right? First of all you have my personal guarantee as the author of Vim. I trust the people that are working at the centre, I know them personally. Further more, the centre has been co-sponsored and inspected by World Vision, Save the Children Fund and is now under the supervision of Pacific Academy Outreach Society. The centre is visited about once a year to check the progress (at our own cost). I have visited the centre myself many times, starting in 1993. The visit reports are on the ICCF web site.

If you have any further questions, send me e-mail: <Bram@vim.org>.

The address of the centre is:

Kibaale Children's Centre
p.o. box 1658
Masaka, Uganda, East Africa

Sending money: *iccf-donations*

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information! See [|iccf|](#) for the URL.

USA: The methods mentioned below can be used.

Sending a check to the Nehemiah Group Outreach Society (NGOS) is no longer possible, unfortunately. We are looking for another way to get you an IRS tax receipt.

For sponsoring a child contact KCF in Canada (see below). US checks can be sent to them to lower banking costs.

Canada: Contact Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) in Surrey, Canada. They take care of the Canadian sponsors for the children in Kibaale. KCF forwards 100% of the money to the project in Uganda. You can send them a one time donation directly.

Please send me a note so that I know what has been donated because of Vim. Ask KCF for information about sponsorship.

Kibaale Children's Fund c/o Pacific Academy

10238-168 Street

Surrey, B.C. V4N 1Z4

Canada

Phone: 604-581-5353

If you make a donation to Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) you will receive a tax receipt which can be submitted with your tax return.

Holland: Transfer to the account of "Stichting ICCF Holland" in Lisse.

This will allow for tax deduction if you live in Holland.

Postbank, nr. 4548774

IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

Germany: It is possible to make donations that allow for a tax return.

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information:

<http://iccf-holland.org/germany.html>

World: Use a postal money order. That should be possible from any country, mostly from the post office. Use this name (which is in my passport): "Abraham Moolenaar". Use Euro for the currency if possible.

Europe: Use a bank transfer if possible. Your bank should have a form that you can use for this. See "Others" below for the swift code and IBAN number.

Any other method should work. Ask for information about sponsorship.

Credit Card: You can use PayPal to send money with a Credit card. This is the most widely used Internet based payment system. It's really simple to use. Use this link to find more info:

https://www.paypal.com/en_US/mrb/pal=XAC62PML3GF8Q

The e-mail address for sending the money to is:

Bram@iccf-holland.org

For amounts above 400 Euro (\$500) sending a check is preferred.

Others: Transfer to one of these accounts if possible:

Postbank, account 4548774

Swift code: INGB NL 2A

IBAN: NL95 INGB 0004 5487 74

under the name "stichting ICCF Holland", Lisse

If that doesn't work:

Rabobank Lisse, account 3765.05.117

Swift code: RABO NL 2U

under the name "Bram Moolenaar", Lisse

Otherwise, send a check in euro or US dollars to the address below. Minimal amount: \$70 (my bank does not accept smaller amounts for foreign check, sorry)

Address to send checks to:

Bram Moolenaar

Finsterruetihof 1

8134 Adliswil

Switzerland

This address is expected to be valid for a long time.

vim:tw=78:ts=8:ft=help:norl:

/*

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Arnaud LE HORS BULL Research FRANCE -- Koala Project

(XPM - X PixMap format version 2 & 3)

Internet: lehors@sophia.inria.fr

Surface Mail: Arnaud LE HORS, INRIA - Sophia Antipolis,

2004, route des Lucioles, 06565 Valbonne Cedex -- FRANCE

Voice phone: (33) 93.65.77.71, Fax: (33) 93 65 77 66, Telex: 97 00 50 F

1.274 vim 7.3.429

1.274.1 Available under license :

uganda.txt For Vim version 7.3. Last change: 2010 Aug 07

VIM REFERENCE MANUAL by Bram Moolenaar

uganda *Uganda* *copying* *copyright* *license*

SUMMARY

iccf *ICCF*

Vim is Charityware. You can use and copy it as much as you like, but you are

encouraged to make a donation for needy children in Uganda. Please see [kcc] below or visit the ICCF web site, available at these URLs:

<http://iccf-holland.org/>

<http://www.vim.org/iccf/>

<http://www.iccf.nl/>

You can also sponsor the development of Vim. Vim sponsors can vote for features. See [sponsor]. The money goes to Uganda anyway.

The Open Publication License applies to the Vim documentation, see [manual-copyright].

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4) The contact information as required under 2)a) and 2)d) must not be removed or changed, except that the person himself can make corrections.

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<maintainer@vim.org>

IV) It is not allowed to remove this license from the distribution of the Vim sources, parts of it or from a modified version. You may use this license for previous Vim releases instead of the license that they came with, at your option.

=== end of license ===

Note:

- If you are happy with Vim, please express that by reading the rest of this file and consider helping needy children in Uganda.
- If you want to support further Vim development consider becoming a [sponsor]. The money goes to Uganda anyway.
- According to Richard Stallman the Vim license is GNU GPL compatible. A few minor changes have been made since he checked it, but that should not make a difference.
- If you link Vim with a library that goes under the GNU GPL, this limits further distribution to the GNU GPL. Also when you didn't actually change anything in Vim.
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- If you distribute a modified version of Vim, you can include your name and contact information with the "--with-modified-by" configure argument or the MODIFIED_BY define.

=====
Kibaale Children's Centre *kcc* *Kibaale* *charity*

Kibaale Children's Centre (KCC) is located in Kibaale, a small town in the south of Uganda, near Tanzania, in East Africa. The area is known as Rakai District. The population is mostly farmers. Although people are poor, there is enough food. But this district is suffering from AIDS more than any other part of the world. Some say that it started there. Estimations are that 10 to 30% of the Ugandans are infected with HIV. Because parents die, there are many orphans. In this district about 60,000 children have lost one or both parents, out of a population of 350,000. And this is still continuing.

The children need a lot of help. The KCC is working hard to provide the needy with food, medical care and education. Food and medical care to keep them healthy now, and education so that they can take care of themselves in the future. KCC works on a Christian base, but help is given to children of any religion.

The key to solving the problems in this area is education. This has been neglected in the past years with president Idi Amin and the following civil wars. Now that the government is stable again, the children and parents have to learn how to take care of themselves and how to avoid infections. There is also help for people who are ill and hungry, but the primary goal is to prevent people from getting ill and to teach them how to grow healthy food.

Most of the orphans are living in an extended family. An uncle or older sister is taking care of them. Because these families are big and the income (if any) is low, a child is lucky if it gets healthy food. Clothes, medical care and schooling is beyond its reach. To help these needy children, a sponsorship program was put into place. A child can be financially adopted. For a few dollars a month KCC sees to it that the child gets indispensable items, is healthy, goes to school and KCC takes care of anything else that needs to be done for the child and the family that supports it.

Besides helping the child directly, the environment where the child grows up needs to be improved. KCC helps schools to improve their teaching methods. There is a demonstration school at the centre and teacher trainings are given. Health workers are being trained, hygiene education is carried out and households are stimulated to build a proper latrine. I helped setting up a production site for cement slabs. These are used to build a good latrine. They are sold below cost price.

There is a small clinic at the project, which provides children and their family with medical help. When needed, transport to a hospital is offered. Immunization programs are carried out and help is provided when an epidemic is breaking out (measles and cholera have been a problem).

donate

Summer 1994 to summer 1995 I spent a whole year at the centre, working as a volunteer. I have helped to expand the centre and worked in the area of water and sanitation. I learned that the help that the KCC provides really helps. When I came back to Holland, I wanted to continue supporting KCC. To do this I'm raising funds and organizing the sponsorship program. Please consider one of these possibilities:

1. Sponsor a child in primary school: 17 euro a month (or more).
2. Sponsor a child in secondary school: 25 euro a month (or more).
3. Sponsor the clinic: Any amount a month or quarter
4. A one-time donation

Compared with other organizations that do child sponsorship the amounts are very low. This is because the money goes directly to the centre. Less than 5% is used for administration. This is possible because this is a small organization that works with volunteers. If you would like to sponsor a child, you should have the intention to do this for at least one year.

How do you know that the money will be spent right? First of all you have my personal guarantee as the author of Vim. I trust the people that are working at the centre, I know them personally. Further more, the centre has been co-sponsored and inspected by World Vision, Save the Children Fund and is now under the supervision of Pacific Academy Outreach Society. The centre is visited about once a year to check the progress (at our own cost). I have visited the centre myself many times, starting in 1993. The visit reports are on the ICCF web site.

If you have any further questions, send me e-mail: <Bram@vim.org>.

The address of the centre is:

Kibaale Children's Centre
p.o. box 1658
Masaka, Uganda, East Africa

Sending money: *iccf-donations*

Check the ICCF web site for the latest information! See |iccf| for the URL.

USA: The methods mentioned below can be used.

Sending a check to the Nehemiah Group Outreach Society (NGOS) is no longer possible, unfortunately. We are looking for another way to get you an IRS tax receipt.
For sponsoring a child contact KCF in Canada (see below). US checks can be sent to them to lower banking costs.

Canada: Contact Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) in Surrey, Canada. They take care of the Canadian sponsors for the children in Kibaale. KCF forwards 100% of the money to the project in Uganda. You can send them a one time donation directly. Please send me a note so that I know what has been donated because of Vim. Ask KCF for information about sponsorship.
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10238-168 Street
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Phone: 604-581-5353
If you make a donation to Kibaale Children's Fund (KCF) you will receive a tax receipt which can be submitted with your tax return.

Holland: Transfer to the account of "Stichting ICCF Holland" in Lisse.
This will allow for tax deduction if you live in Holland.
Postbank, nr. 4548774

Germany: It is possible to make donations that allow for a tax return.
Check the ICCF web site for the latest information:
<http://iccf-holland.org/germany.html>

World: Use a postal money order. That should be possible from any country, mostly from the post office. Use this name (which is in my passport): "Abraham Moolenaar". Use Euro for the currency if possible.

Europe: Use a bank transfer if possible. Your bank should have a form that you can use for this. See "Others" below for the swift code and IBAN number.
Any other method should work. Ask for information about sponsorship.

Credit Card: You can use PayPal to send money with a Credit card. This is the most widely used Internet based payment system. It's really simple to use. Use this link to find more info:

https://www.paypal.com/en_US/mrb/pal=XAC62PML3GF8Q

The e-mail address for sending the money to is:

Bram@iccf-holland.org

For amounts above 400 Euro (\$500) sending a check is preferred.

Others: Transfer to one of these accounts if possible:

Postbank, account 4548774

Swift code: INGB NL 2A

IBAN: NL47 PSTB 0004 5487 74

under the name "stichting ICCF Holland", Lisse

If that doesn't work:

Rabobank Lisse, account 3765.05.117

Swift code: RABO NL 2U

under the name "Bram Moolenaar", Lisse

Otherwise, send a check in euro or US dollars to the address below. Minimal amount: \$70 (my bank does not accept smaller amounts for foreign check, sorry)

Address to send checks to:

stichting ICCF Holland

Bram Moolenaar

Finsterruetihof 1

8134 Adliswil

Switzerland

This address is expected to be valid for a long time.

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1.275 wget 1.14 :10.e17_0.1

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@center Version 1.3, 3 November 2008

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1.277 which 2.20 :r3

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.279 wrl-glibc-prebuilt 2.15 :r4

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1.280 wr1-glibc-rebuild 2.15-4.6a-127 :r15

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1.281 xinetd 2.3.15 :r2.1

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1.282 xz 5.1.2 :9alpha.e17

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.286 yum-metadata-parser 1.1.4 :10.el7

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1.288 yum-utils 1.1.31

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1.289 zip 3.0 :r4

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1.290 zlib 1.2.7 :r1

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1.291 zlib 1.2.7 :13.el7

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/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library
   version 1.2.7, May 2nd, 2012
```

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*/

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-----
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1.292 zlib/contrib-ada 1.2.7 :13.el7

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