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Contents

1.1 Busybox 1.16.1

1.1.1 Available under license

1.2 crc32.c N/A

1.2.1 Available under license

1.3 GNU GLIBC 2.4

1.3.1 Available under license

1.4 Intel XML Parser 1.0

1.4.1 Available under license

1.5 libpng 1.5.2

1.5.1 Available under license

1.6 libusb 1.0.8

1.6.1 Available under license

1.7 Linux kernel 2.6.18 :6.4

1.7.1 Available under license

1.8 lz4 r131 :1

1.8.1 Available under license

1.9 lz4/gplv2_programs r131 :1

1.9.1 Available under license

1.10 Mtd-utils 1.1.1.1

1.10.1 Available under license

1.11 SQLITE3 3.8.11.01

1.12 Sysutils 1.0.0

1.12.1 Available under license

1.13 uClibc 0.9.29 :2.0070423E7

1.13.1 Available under license

1.14 zlib 1.2.3

1.1 Busybox 1.16.1

1.1.1 Available under license :

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bzip2/libbzip2 version 1.0.4 of 20 December 2006

1.2 crc32.c N/A

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- *
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- *
 - * First, the polynomial itself and its table of feedback terms. The
 - * polynomial is
 - * $X^{32}+X^{26}+X^{23}+X^{22}+X^{16}+X^{12}+X^{11}+X^{10}+X^8+X^7+X^5+X^4+X^2+X^1+X^0$
- *
 - * Note that we take it "backwards" and put the highest-order term in
 - * the lowest-order bit. The X^{32} term is "implied"; the LSB is the
 - * X^{31} term, etc. The X^0 term (usually shown as "+1") results in
 - * the MSB being 1
- *
 - * Note that the usual hardware shift register implementation, which
 - * is what we're using (we're merely optimizing it by doing eight-bit
 - * chunks at a time) shifts bits into the lowest-order term. In our
 - * implementation, that means shifting towards the right. Why do we
 - * do it this way? Because the calculated CRC must be transmitted in
 - * order from highest-order term to lowest-order term. UARTs transmit
 - * characters in order from LSB to MSB. By storing the CRC this way
 - * we hand it to the UART in the order low-byte to high-byte; the UART
 - * sends each low-bit to high-bit; and the result is transmission bit
 - * by bit from highest- to lowest-order term without requiring any bit
 - * shuffling on our part. Reception works similarly
- *
 - * The feedback terms table consists of 256, 32-bit entries. Notes
- *
 - * The table can be generated at runtime if desired; code to do so

- * is shown later. It might not be obvious, but the feedback
- * terms simply represent the results of eight shift/xor opera
- * tions for all combinations of data and CRC register values
- *
- * The values must be right-shifted by eight bits by the "updcrc
- * logic; the shift must be unsigned (bring in zeroes). On some
- * hardware you could probably optimize the shift in assembler by
- * using byte-swap instructions
- * polynomial \$edb88320
- */

1.3 GNU GLIBC 2.4

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Version 2.1, February 1999

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# Version :
# Author : Vinod Kumar Mishra
# Type of file : makefile
# Project :
# Description : Script to define C source files for compiling smp
#
#####
```

1.5 libpng 1.5.2

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1.6 libusb 1.0.8

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If distribution of object code is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, then offering equivalent access to copy the source code from the same place satisfies the requirement to

distribute the source code, even though third parties are not compelled to copy the source along with the object code.

5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a work, in isolation, is not a derivative work of the Library, and therefore falls outside the scope of this License.

However, linking a "work that uses the Library" with the Library creates an executable that is a derivative of the Library (because it contains portions of the Library), rather than a "work that uses the library". The executable is therefore covered by this License. Section 6 states terms for distribution of such executables.

When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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d) If distribution of the work is made by offering access to copy from a designated place, offer equivalent access to copy the above specified materials from the same place.

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1.7 Linux kernel 2.6.18 :6.4

1.7.1 Available under license :

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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```
/* nicstar.c v0.22 Jawaid Bazyar (bazyar@hypermall.com)
* nicstar.c, M. Welsh (matt.welsh@cl.cam.ac.uk)
*
* Hacked October, 1997 by Jawaid Bazyar, Interlink Advertising Services Inc.
* http://www.hypermall.com/
* 10/1/97 - commented out CFG_PHYIE bit - we don't care when the PHY
* interrupts us (except possibly for removal/insertion of the cable?)
* 10/4/97 - began heavy inline documentation of the code. Corrected typos
* and spelling mistakes.
* 10/5/97 - added code to handle PHY interrupts, disable PHY on
* loss of link, and correctly re-enable PHY when link is
* re-established. (put back CFG_PHYIE)
*
* Modified to work with the IDT7721 nicstar -- AAL5 (tested) only.
*
* R. D. Rechenmacher <ron@fnal.gov>, Aug. 6, 1997 $Revision: 1.1.1.1 $ $Date: 2009/01/27 03:27:47 $
*
* Linux driver for the IDT77201 NICStAR PCI ATM controller.
* PHY component is expected to be 155 Mbps S/UNI-Lite or IDT 77155;
* see init_nicstar() for PHY initialization to change this. This driver
* expects the Linux ATM stack to support scatter-gather lists
* (skb->atm.iovcnt != 0) for Rx skb's passed to vcc->push.
*
* Implementing minimal-copy of received data:
* IDT always receives data into a small buffer, then large buffers
* as needed. This means that data must always be copied to create
* the linear buffer needed by most non-ATM protocol stacks (e.g. IP)
* Fix is simple: make large buffers large enough to hold entire
* SDU, and leave <small_buffer_data> bytes empty at the start. Then
* copy small buffer contents to head of large buffer.
* Trick is to avoid fragmenting Linux, due to need for a lot of large
* buffers. This is done by 2 things:
* 1) skb->destructor / skb->atm.recycle_buffer
* combined, allow nicstar_free_rx_skb to be called to
* recycle large data buffers
* 2) skb_clone of received buffers
* See nicstar_free_rx_skb and linearize_buffer for implementation
* details.
*
*
*
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```

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- *
- * M. Welsh, 6 July 1996
- *
- *
- */

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Video4Linux interface and 2.1.x kernel adaptation

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ConferenceTV card

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for his work on the initial Linux DVB driver

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for his contributions to the dvb-net driver

Diego Picciani <d.picciani@novacomp.it>
for CyberLogin for Linux which allows logging onto EON
(in case you are wondering where CyberLogin is, EON changed its login procedure and CyberLogin is no longer used.)

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for patching the cable card decoder driver

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Taylor Jacob <rtjacob@earthlink.net>
for the nxt2002 frontend driver

Jean-Francois Thibert <jeanfrancois@sagetv.com>
for the nxt2004 frontend driver

Kirk Lapray <kirk.lapray@gmail.com>
for the or51211 and or51132 frontend drivers, and

for merging the next2002 and next2004 modules into a single next200x frontend driver.

(If you think you should be in this list, but you are not, drop a line to the DVB mailing list)

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1.8 lz4 r131 :1

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1.11 SQLITE3 3.8.11.01

1.12 Sysutils 1.0.0

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Received: from localhost (localhost [127.0.0.1])

by localhost (Postfix) with ESMTP id B8C814E4F

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Received: from mail.bridge.intra ([127.0.0.1])

by localhost (lnx.bridge.intra [127.0.0.1]) (amavisd-new, port 10024)

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Received: (qmail invoked by alias); 01 Mar 2006 19:23:46 -0000

Received: from mail-red.research.att.com (EHLO mail-white.research.att.com) [192.20.225.110]

by mx0.gmx.net (mx085) with SMTP; 01 Mar 2006 20:23:46 +0100

Received: from raptor.research.att.com (raptor.research.att.com [135.207.23.32])

by mail-blue.research.att.com (Postfix) with ESMTP id B7929147CBB

for <ps.m@gmx.net>; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST)

Received: (from gsf@localhost)

by raptor.research.att.com (SGI-8.9.3p2/8.8.7) id OAA86112

for ps.m@gmx.net; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST)

Date: Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST)

From: Glenn Fowler <gsf@research.att.com>

Message-Id: <200603011923.OAA86112@raptor.research.att.com>

Organization: AT&T Research

X-Mailer: mailx (AT&T/BSD) 9.9 2005-04-21

Mime-Version: 1.0

Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii

Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit

References: <Pine.LNX.4.44.0603012011250.6386-100000@lnx.bridge.intra>

To: mps@bridge.intra
Subject: Re: testregex licensing question
X-GMX-Antivirus: -1 (not scanned, may not use virus scanner)
X-GMX-Antispam: 0 (Mail was not recognized as spam)
X-GMX-UID: IJF3ZO9DeSEkJ2TcbHQhaXN1IGRvb0Ca
X-Virus-Scanned: by amavisd-new at localhost
Status: RO
X-Status:
X-Keywords:
X-UID: 44736

you may include it directly
retain the testregex.c header comment
it uses a very free license to maximize distribution
you can copy that .c comment to any test data files you use
using # comment style to be complete

let me know how it works with your libc
also pass on any new tests you cook up

On Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:15:02 +0100 (CET) Peter S. Mazinger wrote:

> Hello Glenn!

> I would want to add testregex.c and the related *.dat files to the uClibc
> testsuite. uClibc is licensed under LGPL v2.1. I haven't found any
> licensing related info on testregex.

> Is it allowed to use the code there, or should I accomodate the testsuite
> to download the needed files from the original site each time it is ran?

> Thanks, Peter

> --

> Peter S. Mazinger <ps dot m at gmx dot net> ID: 0xA5F059F2
> Key fingerprint = 92A4 31E1 56BC 3D5A 2D08 BB6E C389 975E A5F0 59F2

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```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1990  
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.14 zlib 1.2.3

1.14.1 Available under license :

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```
/* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library  
version 1.2.3, July 18th, 2005
```

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Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler
jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt> (zlib format), [rfc1951.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1951.txt) (deflate format) and [rfc1952.txt](http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1952.txt) (gzip format).

*/

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