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```
<program> Copyright (C) <year> <name of author>  
This program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY; for details type `show w'.  
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```

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AUTOCONF CONFIGURE SCRIPT EXCEPTION

Version 3.0, 18 August 2009

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1.2 automake 1.11.1 :1.2.e16

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```
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```

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```
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```

```
<signature of Ty Coon>, 1 April 1989
Ty Coon, President of Vice
```

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1.3 binutils 2.21.1.1a

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1.4 bootenv 0.0.1

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-- John W. Linville
LVL7 Systems, Inc.
04/22/2003

From - Tue Apr 22 15:12:58 2003
X-Mozilla-Status: 0001
X-Mozilla-Status2: 00000000
Received: from nobody.lpr.e-technik.tu-muenchen.de ([129.187.151.1]) by lvl7ser4.lvl7.com with SMTP (Microsoft Exchange Internet Mail Service Version 5.5.2650.21) id 20WHF7CF; Sat, 19 Apr 2003 10:57:27 -0400
Received: from metrowerks.com (ernie.lpr.e-technik.tu-muenchen.de [129.187.151.192]) by nobody.lpr.e-technik.tu-muenchen.de (8.11.6/8.11.6) with ESMTP id h3JErII07056 for <linville@lvl7.com>; Sat, 19 Apr 2003 16:53:47 +0200
Message-ID: <3EA162E8.9030201@metrowerks.com>
Date: Sat, 19 Apr 2003 16:53:28 +0200
From: Bernhard Kuhn <bkuhn@metrowerks.com>
X-Accept-Language: en-us, en
MIME-Version: 1.0
To: "John W. Linville" <linville@lvl7.com>
Subject: Re: bootenv binary
References: <3EA0785D.7050603@lvl7.com>
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii; format=flowed
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit

John W. Linville wrote:
> Is the bootenv binary covered by the GPL?

Yes, i will add a license file by time :-)

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1.5 bridge-utils 1.4

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1.9 crosstool-ng 1.13.4

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1.10 dropbear-0.51 0.51

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loginrec.c

loginrec.h

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1.11 fakeroot 1.20

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1.12 gawk 4.0.0 :r1

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1.13 gcc 4.5.3

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GCC RUNTIME LIBRARY EXCEPTION

Version 3.1, 31 March 2009

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.14 gmp 5.0.2 :r0

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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Also, for each distributor's protection, we want to make certain that everyone understands that there is no warranty for this free library. If the library is modified by someone else and passed on, we want its recipients to know that what they have is not the original version, so that any problems introduced by others will not reflect on the original authors' reputations.

Finally, any free program is threatened constantly by software patents. We wish to avoid the danger that companies distributing free software will individually obtain patent licenses, thus in effect transforming the program into proprietary software. To prevent this, we have made it clear that any patent must be licensed for everyone's free use or not licensed at all.

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The reason we have a separate public license for some libraries is that they blur the distinction we usually make between modifying or adding to a

program and simply using it. Linking a program with a library, without changing the library, is in some sense simply using the library, and is analogous to running a utility program or application program. However, in a textual and legal sense, the linked executable is a combined work, a derivative of the original library, and the ordinary General Public License treats it as such.

Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did not effectively promote software sharing, because most developers did not use the libraries. We concluded that weaker conditions might promote sharing better.

However, unrestricted linking of non-free programs would deprive the users of those programs of all benefit from the free status of the libraries themselves. This Library General Public License is intended to permit developers of non-free programs to use free libraries, while preserving your freedom as a user of such programs to change the free libraries that are incorporated in them. (We have not seen how to achieve this as regards changes in header files, but we have achieved it as regards changes in the actual functions of the Library.) The hope is that this will lead to faster development of free libraries.

The precise terms and conditions for copying, distribution and modification follow. Pay close attention to the difference between a "work based on the library" and a "work that uses the library". The former contains code derived from the library, while the latter only works together with the library.

Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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(For example, a function in a library to compute square roots has a purpose that is entirely well-defined independent of the application. Therefore, Subsection 2d requires that any application-supplied function or table used by this function must be optional: if the application does not supply it, the square root function must still compute square roots.)

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If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

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- b) Accompany the work with a written offer, valid for at least three years, to give the same user the materials specified in Subsection 6a, above, for a charge no more than the cost of performing this distribution.
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1.18 libtool 2.2.10

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1.19 libxml2 2.6.8

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/*

* hash.c: chained hash tables

*

* Reference: Your favorite introductory book on algorithms

*

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*

* Author: breese@users.sourceforge.net

*/

/*

* list.c: lists handling implementation

*

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/*

*

* \$Id: trio.h,v 1.6 2003/04/03 15:28:27 veillard Exp \$

*

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1.20 m4 1.4.16

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Version 3, 29 June 2007

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1.21 mDNSResponder 107.6

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## 1.22 Minihttpd 1.19

### 1.22.1 Available under license :

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## 1.27 ntp 4.2.6

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  42. [46]Wilfredo Snchez <wsanchez@apple.com> added support for NetInfo
  43. [47]Nick Sayer <mrapple@quack.kfu.com> SunOS streams modules
  44. [48]Jack Sasportas <jack@innovativeinternet.com> Saved a Lot of space on the stuff in the html/pic/ subdirectory
  45. [49]Ray Schnitzler <schnitz@unipress.com> Unixware1 port
  46. [50]Michael Shields <shields@tembel.org> USNO clock driver
  47. [51]Jeff Steinman <jss@pebbles.jpl.nasa.gov> Datum PTS clock driver
  48. [52]Harlan Stenn <harlan@pfcs.com> GNU automake/autoconfigure makeover, various other bits (see the ChangeLog)
  49. [53]Kenneth Stone <ken@sdd.hp.com> HP-UX port
  50. [54]Ajit Thyagarajan <ajit@ee.udel.edu>IP multicast/anycast support
  51. [55]Tomoaki TSURUOKA <tsuruoka@nc.fukuoka-u.ac.jp>TRAK clock driver
  52. [56]Paul A Vixie <vixie@vix.com> TrueTime GPS driver, generic TrueTime clock driver
  53. [57]Ulrich Windl <Ulrich.Windl@rz.uni-regensburg.de> corrected and validated HTML documents according to the HTML DTD
- 

## References

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X-Original-To: mps@bridge.intra

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Received: from localhost (localhost [127.0.0.1])  
by localhost (Postfix) with ESMTP id B8C814E4F  
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Received: from mail.bridge.intra ([127.0.0.1])  
by localhost (lnx.bridge.intra [127.0.0.1]) (amavisd-new, port 10024)  
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Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:30:42 +0100 (CET)  
Received: from pop.gmx.net (localhost [127.0.0.1])  
by mail.bridge.intra (Postfix) with ESMTP id C8C73794D  
for <mps@bridge.intra>; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:30:38 +0100 (CET)  
X-Flags: 0000  
Delivered-To: GMX delivery to ps.m@gmx.net  
Received: (qmail invoked by alias); 01 Mar 2006 19:23:46 -0000  
Received: from mail-red.research.att.com (EHLO mail-white.research.att.com) [192.20.225.110]  
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Received: from raptor.research.att.com (raptor.research.att.com [135.207.23.32])  
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for <ps.m@gmx.net>; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST)  
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by raptor.research.att.com (SGI-8.9.3p2/8.8.7) id OAA86112  
for ps.m@gmx.net; Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST)  
Date: Wed, 1 Mar 2006 14:23:45 -0500 (EST)  
From: Glenn Fowler <gsf@research.att.com>  
Message-Id: <200603011923.OAA86112@raptor.research.att.com>  
Organization: AT&T Research  
X-Mailer: mailx (AT&T/BSD) 9.9 2005-04-21  
Mime-Version: 1.0  
Content-Type: text/plain; charset=us-ascii  
Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7bit  
References: <Pine.LNX.4.44.0603012011250.6386-100000@lnx.bridge.intra>  
To: mps@bridge.intra  
Subject: Re: testregex licensing question  
X-GMX-Antivirus: -1 (not scanned, may not use virus scanner)  
X-GMX-Antispam: 0 (Mail was not recognized as spam)  
X-GMX-UID: 1JF3ZO9DeSEkJ2TcbHQhaXN1IGRvb0Ca  
X-Virus-Scanned: by amavisd-new at localhost  
Status: RO  
X-Status:  
X-Keywords:  
X-UID: 44736

you may include it directly  
retain the testregex.c header comment  
it uses a very free license to maximize distribution  
you can copy that .c comment to any test data files you use  
using # comment style to be complete

let me know how it works with your libc

also pass on any new tests you cook up

On Wed, 1 Mar 2006 20:15:02 +0100 (CET) Peter S. Mazinger wrote:

> Hello Glenn!

> I would want to add testregex.c and the related \*.dat files to the uClibc  
> testsuite. uClibc is licensed under LGPL v2.1. I haven't found any  
> licensing related info on testregex.

> Is it allowed to use the code there, or should I accomodate the testsuite  
> to download the needed files from the original site each time it is ran?

> Thanks, Peter

> --

> Peter S. Mazinger <ps dot m at gmx dot net> ID: 0xA5F059F2

> Key fingerprint = 92A4 31E1 56BC 3D5A 2D08 BB6E C389 975E A5F0 59F2

## 1.33 wide-dhcpv6 2.0080615E7

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\$KAME: COPYRIGHT,v 1.2 2004/07/29 19:02:18 jinmei Exp \$

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wpa\_supplicant and hostapd v0.6.x

-----

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## 1.36 xz 5.0.3

### 1.36.1 Available under license :

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=====

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5. A program that contains no derivative of any portion of the Library, but is designed to work with the Library by being compiled or linked with it, is called a "work that uses the Library". Such a



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When a "work that uses the Library" uses material from a header file that is part of the Library, the object code for the work may be a derivative work of the Library even though the source code is not. Whether this is true is especially significant if the work can be linked without the Library, or if the work is itself a library. The threshold for this to be true is not precisely defined by law.

If such an object file uses only numerical parameters, data structure layouts and accessors, and small macros and small inline functions (ten lines or less in length), then the use of the object file is unrestricted, regardless of whether it is legally a derivative work. (Executables containing this object code plus portions of the Library will still fall under Section 6.)

Otherwise, if the work is a derivative of the Library, you may distribute the object code for the work under the terms of Section 6. Any executables containing that work also fall under Section 6, whether or not they are linked directly with the Library itself.

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# 1.38 zlib 1.2.1.1

## 1.38.1 Available under license :

/\* zlib.h -- interface of the 'zlib' general purpose compression library  
version 1.2.1.1, January 9th, 2004

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